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Mitterrand Eases Backing for U.S. Stand on Missiles

By John Vinocur New York Times Service

PARIS - President François Mitterrand, who will meet here Tuesday with U.S. Secretary of State George P. Shultz has suggested a modifica-tion in his strong support for the U.S. negotiating position in the talks between the United States and Soviet Union on intermediate-range missites in Europe.

while continuing to stress that the Soviet Union maintains an advantage in these missiles, and that NATO's decision to counter them with the deployment of Pershing-2 and cruise missiles is fully justified. Mr. Mitterrand is now also saying that the solution to the Geneva negotiations on limiting the missiles may lie in compromise.

Until recently, France had given no indication that its attitude varied from the official position of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, which traintains that the best negotiating approach is the "zero solution" advanced last fall by U.S. President Ronald Reagan.

Mr. Reagan essentially proposed that the United States would forgo plans to deploy 572 missiles in Western Europe at the end of 1983 if the Soviet Union scrapped its more than 300 SS-20 missiles aimed at Western Europe.

ro Europe The magazine Le Point published an article Monday written for it by the American columnist Joseph Kraft based on an interview last

Wednesday in Paris with Mr. Mitterrand. In the account, described as accurate by the Elysee Palace, the president referred to the Geneva nego-tiations and said that "the solution could be somewhere between the freeze of the present situation that Russia Assails the Soviets are advancing and the zero option advocated by the Americans."

U.S. Talk of a Missile Offer

The Associated Press MOSCOW — A Soviet military spokesman said Monday that U.S. reports of progress at the missilereduction talks in Geneva were "unfounded."

"Though the talks have been going on for almost a year, the positions of the sides have not become closer on any of the central questions," said Major General Yuri V. Lebedev in a commentary distributed to Western correspond ents by the Novosti press agency.

On Saturday, administration sources in Washington said Soviet negotiators in Geneva were pro-posing to reduce by more than half their arsenal of nuclear missiles aimed at Western Europe if
NATO shelved plans to begin deploying 572 U.S. Pershing-2 ballistic missiles and ground-launched
Cruise missiles late next year.
The U.S. sources, who asked not
to be identified, said the Soviet of-

fer was not made formally but was seen as the first potential breakthrough in the talks, now recessed until January. The sources said

Washington was studying the con-General Lebedev, a spokesman of the general staff of the Soviet armed forces, was quoted as saying that assertions by U.S. observers that some progress in the talks had PAGE: been made were "unfounded."
He said the United States was

dragging on the arms-reduction talks by insisting on the so-called zero option, under which the projected North Atlantic Treaty Or-ganization deployment would be scrapped if Soviet missiles targeted on West Europe were dismantled.

FARING POR A State Department spokesman, Anita Stockman, said in Washington on Monday that as far as she knew, the Soviet proposal was unacceptable.

General Lebedev also hinted that the Soviet Union would fire event missiles were detected head-

A Pershing 2 fired from Europe would take only about six minwies to reach a target in the territo-ry of the Soviet Union. In such a short period of time it is impossible to identify the type of a mis-sile's charge and the Soviet Union will have to take corresponding ac-

> "Naturally, in this case, the U.S.A.'s calculations on ensuring the inviolability of its territory have been built on sand," he said. On Nov. 29, Novosti issued a similar warning to NATO, saying the Soviet Union would fire a refaliatory missile at Western Eu-

Novosti argued that deployment of U.S. medium-range missiles would increase the chances of an accidental nuclear war.

By Walter Pincus

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — A split has

developed in the administration

over-whether President Ronald Reagan should move away from

his zero-option proposal for reduc-

ing European-based nuclear arms,

dismantle all its medium-range

missiles and the United States to

cancel deployment of the new

Pershing-2 and ground-launched

According to informed adminis-

tration sources, on one side in the

deliberations of an interagency

working group that is to advise

Mr. Reagan are those who see an opportunity in the round of Gene-

va talks beginning in January to

achieve agreement on a substantial

but not total — reduction of So-viet SS-20 nuclear missiles aimed

Those holding this view - who

Cruise missiles.

at Western Europe.

which calls for the Soviet Union to



General Wojciech Jaruzelski, the Polish military leader, front

Sejm, the Polish parliament. With him are four deputy premiers and, in the third row, Stefan Olszowski, foreign minister.

Shultz Says U.S. Won't End Polish Sanctions

By Bernard Gwertzman New York Times Service

Last month at a news conference in New Delhi, Mr. Mitterrand said that there was "a middle point" between the U.S. and Soviet negotiating positions.

Although France is not involved in the decisions of the Berkinsen ROME - George P. Shultz. the U.S. secretary of state, conferred Monday with Pope John Paul II on Poland and said later that the in the deployment of the Pershings or cruises that will take place if the negotiations fail, Mr. Mitterrand's promise by General Wojciech voice as a Socialist has been relaruzelski to suspend many margarded by the United States as a tial-law provisions did not seem to meet the criteria of the allies for lifting economic and political sancmajor asset in trying to convince the European public of the necessity to station the U.S. missiles.

"What we have seen so far are Regardless of its intent, Mr. some words, but nothing of sub-stance has been done," Mr. Shultz Mitterrand's remark would appear to place some additional pressure on the Reagan administration for said at a press conference after a day of talks at the Vatican and movement in the negotiations.

Although the alliance officially with senior Italian officials. Assertreaffirmed its backing for the U.S. ing that the United States was consulting with its allies, Mr. Shultz said, "At this point we don't see that anything that substantial to negotiating position and the deployment decision at the Atlantic Council meeting in Brussels last week, other Western officials have cause us to make a major change also suggested that there is a readihas taken place."

U.S. officials were not authorness in Europe to seek a comproized to disclose the pope's views, and no comments on the speech by At a meeting of NATO defense ministers two weeks ago, Joseph General Jaruzelski were offered by Luns, NATO's secretary-general, and Britain's defense minister, the Vatican on Monday. But an official familiar with the contents of Mi. Studie's private half-hour talk John Nott, said NATO was interwith the pope said that the pope ested in Soviet suggestions even if would not be displeased by Mr. they did not mean acceptance of Shultz's remarks.

couragement Monday over the lisition, a spokesman, who asked

not to be named, said the president

remained convinced of the necessi-

ty of the West's parrying the Soviet buildup of missiles aimed at West-

ern Europe. At the same time, he

said, there was a line in deploy-

ment on both sides that, if passed,

would probably mean creating a new cycle in rearmament.

government, asserting, "Euromis-

sile deployment in Europe. Mr.

Schluter arrived Sunday for a

three day working visit.

He added that he supported Mr.

Reagan's "zero solution," and that he welcomed a Soviet compromise

proposal to reduce Soviet missiles

by one-half. "But there is so much

to clarify around the new Soviet

course, that we must study it very

are said to include some officials

close to the negotiations - report-edly believe the Soviet Union is

prepared to dismantle some of its SS-20s and its older missiles and to

move other SS-20s to eastern Rus-

sia, out of range for targets in

Such an agreement, however, the sources said, would leave some missiles remaining on both sides in

Europe, which would require Mr. Reagan to abandon his zero-option insistence that the Soviet Union dismantle all SS-20 and other

Arguing against the partial-cut-

back position are administration officials, mostly in the Pentagon,

who believe that the security of

NATO countries cannot be as-

sured without eliminating the 324

SS-20s already deployed along with the 300 older SS-4 and SS-5

The officials contend that the al-

most 1,000 warheads on those mis-

NATO countries.

medium-range missiles.

thoroughly," he added.

the 'zero solution' any more."

beralization moves announced by the Polish government, but said that it was too early to lift economic sanctions, The Associated Press reported from Brussels.

["Obviously, it's a move in the right direction," the British foreign secretary, Francis Pym, said after the 10 foreign ministers of the European Community discussed the olish situation.

[But he said that the Europeans decided to wait "a few more days" to assess how liberal the Polish regime will be and "what the Polish people feel about it" before deciding to lift or retain sanctions.)

In his discussions with President Sandro Pertini, Prime Minister Amintore Fanfani and Foreign Minister Emilio Colombo, Mr. Shultz was informed of the highlevel investigation into the possibility that Bulgaria, and perhaps the Soviet Union, was involved in the shooting of the pope last year by a Turk. The "Bulgarian connection," as it is called in the Italian press, is the main story in Italy today, with evidence seeming to mount implicating the Buiga has not only in the attempt on the pope's life but also on large-scale aid to Italian terrorists, and in

In the joint press conference Egypt, who was in Rome for the der.

with Mr. Shultz, Mr. Colombo said of the investigation that "we are following with great concern the evolution of the situation."

Data that we do have at the moment is not complete and not everything has been confirmed.

Mr. Colombo said that the situation was "very serious" and that if the confirmed information "corresponds to our assumptions" then the Italians would bring the matter to the attention of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. He seemed to be suggesting publicly what other officials have been say ing privately, that the results of the inquiry could have major implica-

tions for East-West relations. This is because of the general assumption in Western capitals that the Bulgarians would not have been involved in a plot against the pope without Soviet instigation. foreover, the only theory advanced as to why the Soviet Union might want the pope eliminated has centered on the pope's strong ties to his Polish homeland and his support for the Solidarity free trade union that has been banned Mr. Shultz also spent a half hour

by Polish martial-law authorities. President Hosni Mubarak of

ent forms in different countries.

day to give a speech on world food problems. Mr. Shultz briefed him on the latest U.S. plans for indirect israeli-Lebanese talks on starting troop withdrawals from Lebanon. Legislation Proposed in Warsaw

From Warsaw, John Kifner of The New York Times reports: The Polish authorities Monday

announced measures they said would "suspend" martial law, but which kept blanket state powers and shifted some key elements of military rule to the regular penal Legislation submitted to the

parliament Monday, the first anniversary of the imposition of martial law, would end the internment political prisoners, restrictions travel within the country and the censorship of mail and telephone calls. But in several key provisions,

sized the government's power to "undertake necessary decisions" and to put martial-law restrictions back in force at any point.

In addition, the bill kept such

restrictions as press censorship, military courts and summary procedures, prison sentences for pass-ing out leaflets and "public disor-

the proposed legislation empha-Portugal Vote problem that the Banco do Brasil is reported to have faced last week. The sources stressed, however, that Is Setback for the agency's problems did not involve the learing system. But the New York banks were Government said to have provided the funds needed by the Brazilian bank. The Banco do Brasil's New York agen-cy remains in the CHIPS network, LISBON - Prime Minister the banks said. According to some Francisco Pinto Balsemão was unsources, the Federal Reserve Bank der growing pressure Monday to resign after Portugal's ruling Demof New York lent money to the Banco do Brasil, although a spokesman for the Fed unit octatic Alliance suffered a major setback in key local elections. The leaders of the Socialist and

refused comment Sunday. The decline in confidence ap-pears to have stemmed from the magnitude of Brazil's foreign debt - more than \$80 billion from its position in Latin America, where other major borrowers, particularly Mexico and Argentina,

To deal with the crisis, six major U.S. banks lent \$600 million to the country last month on an emergency basis to tide it over until it got a bigger loan from the International Monetary Fund. That loan, together with the \$1.2 billion bridging loan approved by Mr. Reagan, enabled Brazil to honor its debt-serv-

Short-Term Credit Sought The heads of central banks of major Western countries, gathered in Basel, Switzerland, for the regular monthly meeting of Bank for International Settlements, are re-

Sources, who asked not to be named, said that Brazil was seeking at least \$1.5 billion to tide it over until a standby loan becomes available from the international Monetary Fund. Brazil is expected to make formal application for that loan, for \$4.5 billion, later this

INSIDE

The Soviet Union, which already suffers from chronic shortages of meat and milk, is battling what appears to be a major outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, one of the most contagious and debilitating

Factional fighting in north-ern and central Lebanon claimed 29 more lives. Clashes between Christian and Moslem militiamen continued despite a series of mediation

Republican pollster Richard Wirthlin, whose optimism often is a match for that of Ronald Reagan, has brought the president some uncharac-teristically bad news about his standing with blue-collar vot-ers who supported him in

sha Jews, has permitted outsiders to view some villages where the "black Jews of Ethiopia" have lived since the time of biblical Israel. Page 6.

Brazilian Bank Reported Saved By U.S. Effort

ESTABLISHED 1887

By Robert A. Bennett New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Brazil's biggest bank, the government-owned Banco do Brasil, was unable to meet more than \$175 million in foreign exchange commitments last week and was rescued from default only by the intervention of several major New York banks, according to banking

The bank, in which the the Brazilian government has majority owner ship, is Brazil's primary institution for financing the country's international trade. The sources said it had essentially run out of dollars to meet prior commitments. It was said to have been saved from defaulting on commitments when the U.S. banks stepped in to provide the

bank's New York agency with the funds that it needed.

Among those participating in the credit, put together at a special meeting at the New York Federal Reserve Bank, were Morgan Guaranty, Chase Manhattan, Citibank. Banker's Trust and Manufacturers Hanover, the sources said. Terms or duration of the bailout package were not

immediately available. "As a major banker to the Banco do Brasil, we have the utmost confi-

dence in that bank's solvency," said a spokesman for one of the banks, who attended the meeting. Spokesmen for several other banks also emphasized that they were confident of the basic soundness of the Brazilian bank. The Brazilian bank, ranked

the world's 56th-largest by American Banker, a trade publication, had deposits of \$27.1 billion at the end of 1980, the latest figures

Its liquidity problems arose despite a \$1.2-billion loan that was extended to Brazil early this month during President Ronald Reagan's visit to Latin America. The problem indicates, the bankers said, that Brazil has again run out of

foreign exchange.

Bankers stress that Brazil's economy, unlike others in Latin America, has been extremely well managed, but that its problems stemmed from an unwarranted lack of confidence. Because of its severe financial

roblems, there had been talk about dropping the bank from the international clearing system in New York, which is known as the Clearing House International Payments System, or CHIPS. It is through CHIPS that dollar transactions throughout the world are cleared. If a bank cannot meet its clearance, the other banks can take substantial losses, which was the

also have run out of foreign ex-

icing payments so far.

Christian Democratic Party made considerable gains at the expense of the prime minister's party. called for major political changes if the alliance's share of the vote portedly studying a Brazilian request for a major short-term credit. The Associated Press reported fell below 43 or 44 percent. formed by the Social Democrats. Monday. the Christian Democrats and the small Monarchist Party, still has a

livestock illnesses. Page 2.

attempts.

Murkist Ethiopia, accused of persecuting its 28,000 Fala-

to be able to govern alone, but it could hasten the collapse of the shaky coalition, according to Mr. Balsemão s opponents. Mr. Balsemão had billed the elections as the first national test of his leadership and he looked tired and disheartened when he made his brief television state-

Francisco Pinto Balsemão

Communist opposition demanded that Mr. Balsemão step down after

his Social Democratic Party em-

erged as the biggest loser in Sun-day's local elections.

early Monday he had no intention

of resigning and insisted the Democratic Alliance had a mandate to

govern until 1984. But his party's

already fragile political position.

The extent of the alliance's loss-

es is still not clear, but the deputy

Amaral, said parliament would

have to be dissolved if the coali-

tion picked up less than 40 percent

Mr. Freitas do Amaral, whose

The three-year-old alliance.

clear parliamentary majority.
The provisional results showed

that former Prime Minister Mario

Soares's Socialists had overtaken the Social Democrats as Portugal's

largest party, gaining over 30 per-

cent of the votes for the first time

party is in sight of picking up enough votes in general elections

This still means that no single

of the votes.

since 1976.

prime minister, Diogo Freitas d

ises dealt a serious blow to his

Mr. Balsemão said on television

He had also sought a clear mandate from the electorate to carry out a tough austerity program next year to fight Portugal's worst eco-nomic crisis since 1975.

The 1983 budget is due to be debated in parliament before the end of the year and Mr. Balsemão said earlier he wanted it out of the way before embarking on any government changes.

The prime minister had promised a cabinet reshuffle what-ever the results of the vote, but his opponents said it would now be far more difficult for him to negotiate one from a weakened posi-

The opponents who briefly forced Mr. Balsemão out of office last year after a mutiny in the Social Democratic Party, said he would probably call a party congress early next year to decide

A Crisis of Faith Gripping the Soviet Empire

East Europeans Wonder What Yalta Will Mean in the Era of Andropov

By Michael Dobbs

The spokesman described as Washington Post Service inaccurate a headline Monday in YALTA, U.S.S.R. - Standing in Le Matin, a newspaper that nor-mally has close relations to the the white hall of the Livadia Pal-ace, the Soviet tour guide affects a touch of reverence as she points to siles: Mitterrand doesn't believe in a nondescript round table. "It was at this table," she pauses for effect,
"that the victors over Nazi Germa-Military issues and East-West

> fitting place to begin an investiga-tion of Russia's East European fiefdom as it enters the era of Yuri V. Andropov.

Yalta has become historical shorthand for the division of Euof European peace.

But a generation has passed since the end of the war. With the exception of Andrei A. Gromyko, the veteran Soviet foreign minister, the men who belped negotiate the Yalta accords are dead or retired from active politics. It is scarcely surprising, therefore, that the political status quo associated with Yal-

widespread political apathy to ill-lit streets and empty shops to mas-

sive and growing corruption.

A tour of Eastern Europe provides plenty of evidence to support the theory that the Soviet empire is undergoing a crisis of faith more profound than anything the West is experiencing. Conversations with Communist Party officials, dissidents, diplomats, historians and ordinary citizens reveal, how-

ever, a divergence of opinion about

malaise is the revival of interest in Stalin. The latest Stalin cult has sprung up from below and is the product of a centuries-old yearning for a strong ruler who will make Mother Russia respected abroad and maintain order and discipline

It is significant that at the burial of Leonid I. Brezhnev last month there was none of the wild grief that accompanied Stalin's funeral.

Joseph V. Stalin

Stalin was seen by Russians as the autocratic ruler of a vast empire, the spiritual heir of Ivan the Terrible and Peter the Great. Mr. Brezhnev, by contrast, was perceived more in the role of a powerful bureaucrat administering the emper-

also felt by the people of Eastern Europe. When Stalin died, there was widespread anticipation of sweeping changes - a mood that resulted in the subsequent upheavals in East Germany, Poland and Now however, there is little expec-tation of major change coming from above: for all its failures, the system has become much more entrenched.

way Soviet leaders look at Eastern Europe. Transcripts of the Yalta Conference show that Stalin was brutally frank with Roosevelt and Churchill. He couched his argu-

ans. They point out that the Yalta agreements committed Moscow to allowing "free and fair" elections in Poland — a promise that was never kept. In addition, there is no explicit mention of the division of Europe into spheres of influence.

relations will be at the center of In Poland, enraged workers have ta should today appear shaky, even if it remains in place. ny decided the postwar structure the talks between Mr. Mitterrand, set fire to statues of Lenin, chantof Europe." Mr. Shultz and Claude Cheysson. ing such slogans as "Long live During the past few years the Then she invites the group of Reagan" and "Junta, back to Mosthe French minister for external remiddle-aged Soviet tourists to ex-COW amine a painting depicting the scene in this room on Feb. 11, retaliatory strategic missiles Danish Missile Funding toward the United States in the Prime Minister Poul Sci **EASTERN** In Czechoslovakia, now "normalized" after the crushing by Soviet tanks of "socialism with a human face" in 1968, the odd po-Prime Minister Poul Schluter of 1945, the day the Yalta agreements **EUROPE** were signed. The leaders of the Denmark told Mr. Reagan on ing toward Soviet territory. Monday that a vast majority of Danish legislators backed Denwartime allies — the United States, the Soviet Union and Britlitical slogan still appears on a stretch of whitewashed wall, known as "democracy wall," in First of a series. mark's continued membership in ain - are seated around the table Soviet bloc has been beset by NATO, but that Denmark's fundwith their advisers. Already grave-Prague's Old Town. But most peogrowing economic, political and ideological strains. The crisis is ly ill, Franklin D. Roosevelt is ing for missile deployment in Euple have withdrawn into themrope would depend on future de-velopments, United Press Internahuddled up close to the fireplace. Winston Churchill looks grumpy. most advanced in Poland where a year ago, a Communist govern-In Hungary, the first Soviet bloc tional reported from Washington. It is only Stalin, the shoemaker's son turned unchallenged ruler of country to introduce serious ecoment had to be rescued by its own Following an hourlong meeting with Mr. Reagan, Mr. Schluster nomic reforms, energies are devottions." Novosti quoted General Lebedev as saying. army to remain in power. But the the Soviet empire, who seems comed to getting rich quick. said media reports had given a symptoms of decay are visible pletely at ease. In the Soviet Union, one of the best illustrations of the ideological throughout the region - from "somewhat imprecise description" The Livadia Palace in Yalta is a of the Danish parliament's deci-sion to freeze funds for U.S. mis-

rope. For some, the word has come to mean the betrayal by the West-ern allies of 100 million inhabitants of Eastern Europe. For others, it is the source of four decades

siles constitute much more than

the Soviet Union needs for its se-

curity, so that reductions short of

nothing would still leave Moscow

with a nuclear missile advantage over NATO in Western Europe.

"I haven't seen any significant

change by the Soviets other than

that which would leave them with

missiles and us with zero," a Pen-tagon official holding that view said, referring to the Geneva talks that ended Nov. 29. "Maybe some

people see straws in the wind," he added. "But," he went on. "I don't

think the Russians will change un-

til we come closer to deployment"

of Pershing-2 and Cruise missiles.

Mr. Reagan may ultimately have

to settle the interagency conflict

before the administration drafts

instructions for its negotiator, Paul

H. Nitze, to take back to the talks,

which are scheduled to begin Jan.

U.S. Policy-Makers Split on Reagan's Zero-Option Plan prompted by a NATO decision to deploy 108 American Pershing-2 and 464 ground-launched Cruise missiles in Western Europe begin-ning in December 1983. The Soviet Union has opposed the deploy-ment of these missiles because they

would be able to hit Russian targets within minutes of launch. The United States has sought to limit the talks to missiles, while the Soviet Union wants the negotia-tions to include U.S. bombers and British and French nuclear weap ons. Moscow also wants to omit its SS-20 missiles aimed at targets in China from bases in the eastern

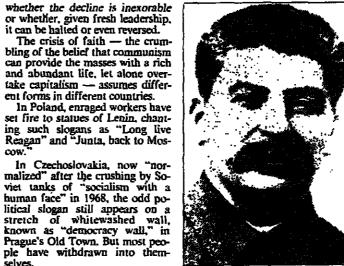
The recent Geneva talks were described by sources recently as productive, with the Soviet Union making important adjustments in its earlier positions. Some participants "believe there is an opportunity now for a breakthrough," one

Soviet Union.

Some officials believe the Soviet Union may generate new pressure on the United States to change its zero-option position by announcing before the next round of talks that it will propose reductions not also in its aircraft and battlefield weapons that have a nuclear capa-That move could be aimed at

West German voters who go to the polls in March. The Bonn government of Chancellor Helmut Kohl supports the zero-option position but wants the Reagan administra-tion to be prepared to alter it if an opening develops in the negotia-tions. His Socialist opposition has said deployment of the NATO missiles should be delayed as long as negotiations are under way.

NATO foreign ministers meeting in Brussels on Friday reaffirmed their support for the zero



or's legacy. This psychological difference is

Hungary between 1954 and 1956. The decline in the ideological appeal of communism has, however, made little difference in the

ments in terms of realpolitik and Soviet national interest: After years of war, Russia had earned the right to secure borders. And security, in Stalin's view, meant the installation of "friendly" governments in Eastern Europe.
The Soviet interpretation of what was agreed to at Yalta has been disputed by Western histori-

The fact remains, however that

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

whether to abandon the alliance.

ociate professor ;

Leftist Lebanese militiamen wait for the result of talks aimed at

stopping Tripoli fighting. The negotiations were unsuccessful.

29 Killed in Lebanon

As Fighting Escalates

weeks of the Christian-Druze fighting in the Israeli-occupied

central mountains stood at more

than 130 killed and 300 wounded,

achieve the withdrawal of Israeli.

Earthquake Hits

North Yemen; 348

Reportedly Killed

The Associated Press

manale struck North Yemen on Menday, killing 348 people and severely damaging 79 villages, the Gulf News Agency reported.

In a statement broadcast Mon-

day night, President Ali Abdullah

Saleh of North Yemen said he per-

sonally was following relief efforts

from the army and police, and he

appealed to citizens to "help the

hundreds hurt and buried under

Most homes in North Yemen, a

mountainous country of about

eight million people on the Arabi-

an Peninsula, are built of sun-

The Bahrain-based news service,

quoting an unidentified source in a

hastily formed rescue committee in

North Yemen, said 335 people were killed in the city of Jahran. It

said 300 casualties were taken to

one hospital at another unnamed

The report said 79 villages suf-

fered "gross damages" when the

quake struck at around noon local

time. The tremor was said to have

caused "a major rift" in one moun-

tain, and further shocks could not

The investigation of Sunday's

Two months ago a Sentry guard

was killed, and a second guard and a bystander were wounded when

in checks and cash from an ar-

mored car outside a dairy in the

be ruled out, the news agency said.

locality, including 13 dead.

the debris.

baked bricks.

MANAMA, Bahrain — An

police said.

Lebanon.

BEIRUT - Factional fighting

escalated in northern and central Lebanon Monday, claiming 29 more lives in combat overnight be-

tween Christian and Moslem mili-

tiamen southeast of Beirut and ri-val Moslem seets in the northern

port city of Tripoli, police report-

The report came as the two U.S. envoys, Philip C. Habib and Morris Draper, prepared to return to the Middle East to try again to arrange a withdrawal of Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian forces forces.

ian and Palestinian forces from

fense minister, Ariel Sharon, de-

In Tel Aviv Sunday, Israel's de-

foreign forces from Lebanon

ments for southern Lebanon or the

The leftist Beirut newspaper al-

nese government sources as saying

that Mr. Habib would try as a first

step to arrange a partial Israeli pullback from Lebanon's central

the way for the dispatch of a spe-

cial Lebanese disengagement force

made up of three police and army battalions to re-establish order, the

Rightist Christian and leftist

Druze Moslem militias used artil-

lery, rockets and machine guns in

battles in the central Lebanon

town of Aley and five neighboring

villages Sunday night and Monday

morning, killing 19 persons and wounding 27, police said.

Pro-Syrian Alawite militiamen

of the Arab Democratic Party and

Palestinian-backed irregulars of a

Sunni Moslem coalition called the

Popular Resistance Movement

traded artillery, rocket and mortar

This brought to 46 dead and 141

wounded the total casualties in the

United Press International

government officials said Sunday.

COLOMBO, Sri Lanka - Severe

paper said. It did not elaborate.

Such a withdrawal would open

n'i

West Germans Focus Again on the Flick Case

Onset of Elections and Press Leaks Bring New Interest to Bribery Charges

By James M. Markham

New York Times Service BONN - For almost a year. three investigators in the modestlooking prosecutor's office here have been looking into the possibility that the huge Flick holding company bribed West German cabinet officials and other politicians in the 1970s to secure tax waivers of \$175 million.

For a time the Flick affair seemed like a scandal that would never happen. But three events have brought the case back into focus. One is that the new Christian Democratic chancellor, Helmut Kohl, plans to hold general elections in March. A second is that the Bonn prosecutor's office is nearing the end of its investiga-

The third is that the weekly magazine Der Spiegel, no friend of crats, has begun publishing excerpts from testimony given during the inquiry, and as a result several prominent people have been mentioned who are not formally under

Last week Stern, another establishment-tweaking magazine, add-ed to the stir with a report on the case in which Mr. Kohl's name

The most visible and, in the

opinion of some officials, politically vulnerable politician under inestigation is the economics minister, Otto Lambsdorff, whose small Free Democratic Party is facing the March vote with some trepidation. The Free Democrats' left wing is already disaffected over the party's decision in September to end 13 years of collaboration with

the Social Democrats and bring

dorff is the standard-bearer of the party's right wing, which urged the switch to the Christian Democrats. The Flick tax waivers came after the company sold 29 percent of its share in Daimler Benz in 1975 and

reinvested in shares of W.R. Grace & Co. of New York and the United States Filter Corp. On the ground that the acquisition of new technology was in West Germany's interest, Hans Friderichs, a Free Democrat and the economics minister in 1976, approved the first waiver; his successor, Mr. Lambsdorff, approved the second in

According to the detailed ac-count in Der Spiegel, Eberhard von Brauchitsch, Flick's deputy chairman, kept meticulous accounts of his political dealings. "Lambsdorff is so helpful for Fri-

the conservative Christian Demo- Mr. Kohl to power, Mr. Lambs- derichs' economic policies," said one Brauchitsch memo that the magazine suggests was connected to a \$68,000 payoff. Friderichs asks that Lambsdorff be well taken care of."

The economics minister has angrily rejected the suggestion that he accepted bribes. "I am neither so disreputable nor so foolish that I would endanger my personal, political and professional existence by sticking money in my pocket like that." Mr. Lambsdorff said this month.

In addition to the two Free Democratic politicians - Mr. Friderichs is now the head of the Dresdner Bank — and Mr. Brauchitsch, the Bonn prosecutor's office is known to be investigating two former Social Democratic finance ministers, Hans Matthöfer and Manfred Lahnstein.

Also under scrutiny in the case are Rudolf Eberle, the Christian Democratic economics minister of Baden-Wurttemberg state: Horst-Ludwig Riemer, a Free Democratic member of parliament; Friedrich Karl Flick, the executive chairman of the privately owned company, and Manfred Nemitz, a board member of a Flick subsidi-

But, though the Bonn investiga-tion is specifically focused on the tax waiver, the disclosures in Der Spiegel suggest a much wider pat-tern of political gift-giving, run-ning into millions of marks in the 1970s. The prosecutor's office has confirmed the authenticity of the documents cited by Der Spiegel, which were distributed only to defense lawyers, according to wellplaced sources.

One figure called to testify was Franz Josef Strauss, the Christian Democratic minister-president of Bavaria, who was asked about Flick payments of \$380,000 from 1975 to 1979. Mr. Strauss said that he had advised the Flick concern for eight years and told it that it should "invest in America." Another witness. Alfred Dregger, who is now the Christian Democrats' parliamentary spokesman, ac-knowledged a close relationship

scribed as "reasonable" a new U.S. proposal to secure the withdrawal with the Flick deputy chairman.
As the revelations grow, it is through U.S. mediation rather bard to find a major political figthan direct talks between Israeli ure who has not been swept up in and Lebanese officials. But Mr. Sharon rejected using U.S. middlethe affair. Stern last week published another Brauchitsch memo men to negotiate security arrangefrom 1975 saying that Mr. Kohl, who was then minister-president of future of Israeli-Lebanese rela-Rhineland-Palatinate, promised to ensure that the Christian Demo-Liwa quoted unidentified Leba-

cause federal ministers were involved. But the Bonn prosecutor. Franzbruno Eulencamp, a civil servant, is ultimately responsible to the Social Democratic justice minister of North Rhine-Westphalia, Inge Donnepp, who has de-nied the leaks to Der Spiegel came from the prosecutor's office.

Bonn Confirms "Right now, we're somewhere between the third and the fourth

BONN — A Defense Ministry kesman said Monday that the U.S. Forces European Command would remain in Stuttgart, but confirmed reports that the United States planned to build a wartime location for the headquarters. On Friday, Defense Minister Manfred Worner had dismissed the reports

the spring. He refused to comment Britain. "The issue is entirely an

From Armored Car Firm in N.Y. was not injured by the robbers af-ter they came down from the roof at 11:15 P.M. The guard was dis-acargo area at Kennedy Internacovered handcuffed to a pipe at 6 tional Airport on Dec. 11, 1978.

A.M. by other employees reporting Police spokesman Fred Elwick said that the men apparently disabled the vanil's alarm and the men apparently disabled the men apparently disabled the men and the men apparently disabled the men and abled the vault's alarm system before breaking in, but police did not

know how. The loss had been estimated at first at just under \$1 million. Previ-ously, the highest sum reported

stolen in a robbery in the United Unionport section of the Bronx.

Republican of Tennessee, insisted

Senate Breaks Filibuster to Pave Way For Action on Gasoline Tax Increase

WASHINGTON - The Senate voted Monday to break a filibuster by conservative Republicans, clearing the way for action on President Ronald Reagan's proposed 5-cent-a-gallon increase in the federal gasoline tax.

Despite the 75-13 vote to cut off the filibuster, final action was not expected Monday on the measure, which is aimed at raising \$5.5 billion to finance highway, bridge and mass transit repair jobs.

Before the vote, the Senate majority leader, Howard H. Baker Jr., Senegal Party Picks Diouf

United Press International DAKAR — A meeting of the rul-ing Senegalese Socialist Party has endorsed President Abdou Diouf as its candidate for national presidential elections to be held in Feb-

that the proposed gasoline tax increase was a "must bill" in the lame-duck session.

But even after the Senate acts on the measure, congressional negotiators must meet to work out the differences with a version of the measure passed by the House last

Paris Court Told of Kidnap

al of eight persons accused of holding him illegally for 63 days. Baron Empain said that he had lived in fear of death.

Greece, in U.S. Talks, Is Said to Ask Closure Of Base for Spy Planes

By Andriana Ierodiaconou

ATHENS - The Socialist government of Andreas Papandreou is seeking to close one of the four U.S. military bases in Greece on the argument that it is being used for the unauthorized surveillance non-Warsaw Pact countries friendly to Greece, according to diplomatic sources here.

Greece has also put a \$1-billion annual price tag on the continued operation of the remaining three bases, the sources said, and these demands were expressed last month in writing during the first round here of negotiations on the bases future.

The U.S. response to the Greek demands is expected to be considered in the second round of the negotiations, which began in Athens Thursday between Mr. Bartholo-mew and Yiannis Kapsis, Greek undersecretary of foreign affairs.

The sources identified the base

that the Papandreou government wants to close as the Hellenikon Air Base, on the eastern outskirts of Athens. The three other major U.S. bases in Greece are Nea Makri, northeast of the capital, and Heraklion and Souda Bay on the island of Crete. The bases, estab-lished under an agreement be-tween Greece and the United States in 1953, serve as staging and supply posts for U.S. and NATO naval and air forces.

They also permit surveillance and monitoring in the Balkans and the eastern Mediterranean.

Reports from Rome, where Secretary of State George P. Shultz was visiting, said that Mr. Habib and Mr. Draper would propose on Military experts confirmed that Hellenikon's main functions are their return to the Middle East providing communications, logistical support for the other bases, strategic lift facilities for transiting that they act as middlemen to Syrian and Palestinian forces from military aircraft and electronic surveillance.

According to Greek officials, On his return to Tel Aviv Sunonly 10 percent of the activity of the U-2 aircraft carrying out this surveillance is directed toward the day night from a trip to Central America, Mr. Sharon told reporters, "The American suggestion to NATO-targeted Balkan countries achieve the withdrawal of foreign forces from Lebanon under the to the north. The rest of the time the planes fly south and are pre-sumed to direct their electronic mediation of Philip Habib and Morris Draper seems a reasonable eyes and ears toward countries such as Libya, they said.

But he said the question of se-curity in southern Lebanon and Is-Greece contends that this activity is not authorized by any written raeli-Lebanese relations were iseement on the use of the bases sues that "directly affect the two and that it started illegally during Greece's period of military rule becountries" and can be resolved only by direct negotiations. tween 1967 and 1974.

Sources close to the negotiations said the Papandreou government is willing to allow the other activities of Hellenikon to be transferred elsewhere, for example to one of the other three bases or ancillary U.S. military facilities scattered throughout Greece.

Spokesmen at the U.S. Embassy said they had no knowledge of a demand for the closure of Helleni-

kon nor of a demand for \$1 billion in annual rent.

The Greek Socialists came to nower 14 months ago on a platform calling for the closure of all U.S. bases in Greece. Since then, Mr. Papandreou has insisted on a timetable for the bases' removal, suggesting, however, that this would be a goal for the medium term instead of the immediate fu-

Government sources said that Mr. Papandreou hopes renewed warmth in Greek-Soviet relations will help generate pressure for Greece's demands in bases talks. He received a Soviet Communist Party delegation headed by the Soviot justice minister last week. According to diplomatic sources. So-viet Prime Minister Nikolai A. Tikhonov is also expected to visit Athens early next year.

Ulster Guerrillas Vow to Revenge Members' Deaths

BELFAST - Police went on alert Monday in Northern Ireland after the Irish National Liberation Army (INLA) pledged to avenge the killing of two of its top men, who were shot to death after a car

The guerrilla group, which claimed responsibility for the bombing of a discotheque in Ballykelly last Monday that killed 16 persons, said that its men were shot in cold blood and that it would avenge their deaths "with unmerciful ferocity in the coming

Police also warned that the Marxist INLA and the much larger Irish Republican Army planned to intensity their attacks over Christmas. "One of the most notorious terrorists in Ireland" is masterminding a Christmas guerrilla onslaught, police said.

The two INLA men, Seamus Grew, 31, and Roderick Carroll, 22, were killed Sunday night in Armagh. They were chased by police after their car crashed through a checkpoint, injuring a constable. Police said they opened fire because they thought the two were armed, but no weapons were

Seamus O'Mailon, a prominent Catholic politician in Northern Ireland, said Monday that seven persons had been shot in similar circumstances in the last three weeks and charged that police had set up a special squad to kill suspected terrorists. Police denied the allegation.

WORLD BRIEFS

Reagan Renews Drive to Save MX

WASHINGTON (UPI) - President Ronald Reagan renewed his drive to save the MX missile Monday, hoping to persuade the Senate to approve funds to begin producing the system without passing judgment on now and where it should be based.

Deputy Press Secretary Larry M. Speakes predicted a close Senate vote but indicated that the White House is more hopeful now than it was after a defeat in the House last week. "Certainly it's do-able," Mr. Speakes said. "It's within reach."

Although aides insisted that Mr. Reagan still supports the "dense pack" basing mode he proposed Nov. 22, it seemed clear that he has moved away from the plan in the hopes of winning the money ear-marked in a military appropriations bill to begin producing the first five

González Leaves NATO Door Open

MADRID (Reuters) - In his first interview with foreign newsmen since taking office Dec. 2. Prime Minister Felipe González suid Monday that there were conditions under which his government would accept continued Spanish membership in the North Atlantic Treaty Organiza-

He said that an arrangement under which the Spanish military had control over the Straits of Gibraltar would make it easier to justify continued membership in the alliance. But Spain could not accept NATO membership under terms that subordinated its defense to that of Gibraltar, the British colony, he said.

The Socialist government froze the process of Spanish integration into the NATO military structure soon after taking office.

U.K. Women Protest at U.S. Air Base

GREENHAM COMMON, England (AP) — Police struggled Monday with about 1,000 women who tried repeatedly to block the gates of a U.S. air base where 96 cruise missiles are to be sited. The Press Association, Britain's domestic news agency, said several

people were injured, including a protester who was struck by a motorcycle. Police said they could not immediately confirm the report. One protester and a policeman were slightly injured earlier when they apparently were struck by a military bus, police said. They said there were no

As women were lifted or dragged by police from the gates, where they were lying in the road to block military trucks and buses, others took

U.K. Expected to Halt Naval Cutback four gunmen stole about \$65,000

LONDON (Reuters) — The British government, reacting to the experience of the Falkland Islands conflict earlier this year, is expected to announce Tuesday that it is shelving plans for a big reduction in war-

Opponents of the cuts, foreshadowed over the past two years, anticipate that the annual policy statement on the military will scrap plans to cut the number of frigates and destroyers from 55 to 42. Press reports said the Conservative government has also dropped

plans to reduce the number of navy personnel by 10,000 to 62,000 and close seven shore training bases by 1986.

For the Record

BUENOS AIRES (Reuters) - Israel's foreign minister, Yitzhak Shamir, arrived here Monday for a four-day official visit, the Foreign Ministry said. Mr. Shamir said his talks with Argentine officials would include the issue of the thousands of people who disappeared in the military's crackdown against leftists in the late 1970s.

NEW DELHI (Reuters) - India has invited 95 countries to attend the seventh nonaligned summit here in March but did not include Cambodia because of differences over who should represent it, a government spokesman said Monday. Cambodia's seat was also left vacant at the last nonaligned summit, in Cuba.

HARARE, Zimbabwe (UPI) — A white game ranger. John Raulstone, was killed over the weekend in a clash with government troops in the western Gokwe tribal area, a government spokesman said Monday. He said several illegal arms had been found in the game reserve where Mr.

Monday by federal agents, city police said. He is wanted in Chicago concerning an attempted extortion of \$1 million from Tylanol's manufacturers and is not regarded as a suspect in the poisonings themselves.

Soviet Herds Appear Threatened By Outbreak of Livestock Disease

Los Angeles Times Service

MOSCOW - The Soviet Union, which already suffers from chronic shortages of meat and milk, is battling what appears to be a major outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease, one of the most contagious and debilitating livestock illnesses.

The virus, according to Western and Soviet sources, has struck all three of the country's Baltic republics — Estonia. Latvia and Lithuania — as well as Byelorussia

on the Polish border. Soviet sources said that 2,500 veterinary workers have inoculated four million head of cattle in the Baltic region in recent weeks, but it is unclear whether the outbreak

has been controlled. Effective control of foot-andmouth disease usually requires mass slaughtering of infected herds. Western agricultural experts said. The actual number of livestock losses is not known, but Western analysis believe the outbreak has been "a real blow," to a region of the Soviet Union that traditionally has the most produc-

tive herds of meat and dairy cattle. The disease kills relatively few of the animals it infects, but it weakens cattle, damaging their capacity to produce meat and milk. The outbreak is expected to inten-sify Soviet demand for imported der area and temporarily suspend-

the Western allies did in practice

recognize an overriding Soviet in-

terest in Eastern Europe at Yalta.

This was not because Roosevelt

and Churchill were outwitted by Stalin. It was the result of the mili-

tary situation at the time. When

the "big three" met in the hastily

refurbished Livadia Palace, with

the devastation of war still visible

ready had battled its way across

Poland and was preparing for a fi-

It is a deeply ingrained Russian

view that territory won must never

be given up - or the whole empire

could start to crumble. Safeguard-

ing "the gains of socialism" was the argument used by Khrushchev

for invading Hungary in 1956. The

same logic was used to justify the

Soviet intervention in Czechoslo-

vakia in 1968 and the military

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nal assault on Berlin.

crackdown in Poland.

meat, which cost the country \$1.6 ed meat imports from the Soviet billion in scarce Western currency Union.

last year. Even though state-controlled ra-dio stations in Latvia and Estonia have discussed the outbreak and emergency measures being taken to control it, the Soviet Ministry of Agriculture in Moscow denies that foot-and-mouth disease has

appeared anywhere in the country. "The evidence is pretty strong that they have a real problem," a Western agricultural analyst said, adding that "this seems to be a

larger outbreak than they've had Yet Western diplomats said the Soviet Union has so far failed to report it to the UN Food and Agriculture Organization in Rome, as

required by international agree-Diplomats also said the Latvian Ministry of Agriculture has denied to Swedish officials that there is an outbreak, while other Soviet au-

thorities have privately acknowledged the problem to Finland. Swedish islands lie less than 100 miles (160 kilometers) across the Baltic Sea from Latvia, and the Fignish coast is only about 30 miles across the Gulf of Finland from Estonia. As a precaution. Finnish authorities are reported to

Despite the latest events in Po-

land, many East Europeans ac-

knowledge that there has been

some loosening in the Soviet stran-

glehold. As evidence, they point to

the length of each successive re-

volt. The Hungarian uprising in

1956 lasted a only few days before

it was crushed. The "Prague spring" in Czechoslovakia blos-somed for seven months in 1968.

for 16 months, and its effects are

still reverberating around the bloc.

Romuald Kukolowicz, 60, a so-

ciologist who was an adviser to

Solidarity, believes that it is possi-

ble to trace a steady evolution in

Soviet attitudes toward Eastern

Europe. He first encountered Sovi-

et soldiers in 1939, when, as a re-

sult of the pact between Stalin and

Hitler, they overran his hometown

of Vilnius, the Lithuanian capital,

which later was incorporated into

the Soviet Union. He was forced to

migrate to the western part of Po-land at the end of the war.

thing in Poland had to be a copy

of the Soviet Union. After Khrush-

chev took over, we got more room for maneuver. And however we as-

sess Brezhnev, he certainly showed

more concern for consumption

Mr. Kukolowicz believes that successful revolutions can be di-

Female Infanticide

Assailed in China

BEUING — Prime Minister Zhao Ziyang has called for harsh

measures to be taken against peas-ants who kill unwanted baby girls

at birth because of a preference for

solutely condemn the criminal activity of female infanticide," Mr.

Zhao said in a speech published

Monday. His speech was taken as an indication that the practice re-

mains widespread, especially in the countryside, where 80 percent of China's I billion population live.

"The whole of society should re-

than his predecessors," he said.

"While Stalin was alive, every-

The Solidarity era in Poland lasted stage," Mr. Kukolowicz said.

In addition, travelers arriving in Helsinki from the Soviet Union are being asked to walk across sponge mats saturated with disinfectant to kill any viral contamina-tion on their shoes. The Finnish government has also urged travel agents to cancel excursions across the gulf to Estonia. Tallinn, the Estonian capital, is only a short boat ride from Helsinki, and on weekends the city teems with Finns drawn by the low price of Soviet

Some travelers have reported seeing unusually large amounts of meat for sale in Riga's collective farm markets, where farm workers are allowed to sell produce from their small private plots. Agricul-tural analysts said that collective farmers may be slaughtering cows and pigs for quick sale rather than surrendering them to the authori-

ties for destruction. Latvian- and Estonian-language broadcasts admitted the outbreak, described emergency control measures and reassured the public that no human cases have yet been con-

firmed. The broadcast urged the Latvian population to limit its contacts with people in these three areas and advised livestock keepers to break all contact with neighboring

creators of the revolution and the

The third generation (Khrush-chev and Brezhnev) seeks simply

to maintain and continue what al-

ready has been achieved, while the

Mr. Brezhnev's death marks the

end of an era for Eastern Europe

as much as for the Soviet Union.

Throughout the region, a new gen-

eration of politicians is coming to

power. The changeover already has

taken place in Yugoslavia with the

death of Tito and in Poland with

Janos Kadar of Hungary is 70, Todor Zhivkov of Bulgaria 71, Er-

ich Honecker of East Germany 70,

Gustav Husak of Czechoslovakia

69 and Enver Hoxha of Albania

74. Nicolae Ceausescu of Romania, physically the most vig-orous of East European leaders, is

Brezhnev made a tradition of invit-ing other Soviet bloc leaders to

join him on his summer holiday in

the Crimea. One by one, they

would have their pictures taken with Mr. Brezhnev at his dacha

just a mile down the road from the

Livadia Palace. It was a kind of

During the past decade, Mr.

the removal of Edward Gierek.

fourth presides over its erosion.

second (Stalin) its consolidators.

cratic left wing did not become "emotional" about the tax waiver. The case originated in Bonn be-A Crisis of Faith Grips the Soviet Empire generation (Lenin) comprises the

U.S. Wartime Plan United Press International

as "intentionally false."

had been aware of the plans since on reports that an emergency com-American affair," he said.

Atlantic Treaty Organization strategists planned to light a limited fect the future of the 260,000 U.S.

fire during the night in Tripoli's slums, killing 10 persons and The spokesman, Colonel Jürgen Reichardt, said West Germany wounding 35, police reported. weeklong struggle for dominance of Tripoli, Lebanon's second-larg-est city, according to the police. mand center would be set up in

He dismissed suggestions that the change indicated that North 35 Die in Sri Lanka Floods flooding has killed at least 35 per-sons, left 25,000 families homeless nuclear war in Europe. He also said the U.S. plans would not afand marooned herds of elephants,

\$8 Million Is Stolen by 2 Thieves

symbolic annual outing for the po-litical heirs of the Yalta agreement. As the years went by, the faces in the holiday snapshots became visibly more decrepit and the words in their communiques steadily more empty. Last summer the ritual was broken when three of the leaders failed to show up. It was a sign of the times. Within three months, the caretaker of the Soviet emoire was dead, leaving a legacy to his successors of huge territories, massive military might and a host of unresolved problems. Tomorrow: The two pillars of

Communism in Europe conquest and revolution. Restored Church Is Re-opened by Chinese Catholics

BELING — The 92-year-old Roman Catholic cathedral in Guangzhou, severely damaged in China's 1966-1976 Cultural Revolution, was re-opened on Sunday with a Mass attended by more than 300 Chinese and foreign Roman Catholics, a Guangzhou newspaper report-

here Monday.

It said that bishops, priests, nuns and the congregation, all carrying Bibles, walked in procession into the cathedral. Bish-

The altar, religious statues, pews and kneeling benches all have been repaired, said the Sunday edition of the Yangcheng Evening News, seen

op Ye Yin-yur of the Guangzhou diocese officiated. After the religious suppres sion of the Cultural Revolution. China now has about 120 Catholic and 140 Protestant church-

to city police and the FBI,

men armed with a shotgun punched a hole through a tar-pa-per roof to stage the largest cash robbery in U.S. history by taking about \$8 million from an armored car company headquarters here, authorities said Monday. The ski-masked bandits cut a two-foot hole in the roof of the Sentry-Armored Car-Courier in the Bronx late Sunday night and dropped into the two-story red brick building on a rope, according

NEW YORK - Two masked

After handcuffing a guard, the robbers pried open the metal doors of a vault room with crowbars, police said. The pair then carried bags of \$50 and \$100 bills to a vehicle they had parked nearby and drove away, police said. The \$8-million loss estimate was

given to police by Jack Jennings, the company's director of security. Detective Lieutenant Michael O'Shea said that no official figure would be set until Sentry officials could conduct a thorough inventory and count whatever money re-"We're still waiting for a com-

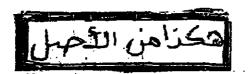
plete inventory," he said. "There are numbers floating all over the place, but the (company's) president has to count the money." However, a source close to the FBI investigation who requested anonymity said \$8 million seems to be pretty much the count."

A secretary at the Sentry office said neither Mr. Jennings nor the

company's president was available Police said the guard on duty at the office at 3548 Boston Road

PARIS (Reuters) - Edouard-Jean Empain, a wealthy industrialist, wept in court Monday as he told how masked men hacked off his finger after he was kidnapped in 1978. Baron Empain, 45, who says his life was devastated by the abduction, gave evidence at the tri-

NEW YORK (AP) — James Lewis, sought for questioning in connection with the Tylenol poisonings in the Chicago area, was arrested here



Shy Plan Envoy to U.S. Urges Spy Plan Planatic Change' in Nicaraguan Policies Nicaraguan Policies

MANACIOA — Francisco Fini-los Navarro, Nicaragua's ambassa-dor to Washington, has called for a "dramatic change" in the direction of the Sandinist government, saying it could ease its isolation by improving relations with neighboring governments and by increasing political freedom at home.

Mr. Fiallos made his comments in an interview with the daily La Prensa, which local anthorities here banned from appearing Circulation of photocopies of

the interview among officials and opposition leaders immediately surred speculation that Mr. Fiallos had decided to leave his post after less than a year.

Repeated efforts to contact Mr. Fiallos by telephone and through Nicaraguan officials over the

weekend which was our In the interview, which was our sored out of Friday's issue of La the largest newspaper in

Member L Salvadoran Rebels Claim Abductees Join Their Forces

The Associated Press as 90 of the 200 youths abducted Dec. 5 from a town near here are still in the custody of leftist guerrillas, and the guerrillas' Radio Venceremos says many of the Venceremos says many youths have voluntarily joined the

rebels' ranks. Armed guerrillas kidnapped more than 200 people in the middle of a soccer game in San Sebas-tián, 30 miles (48 kilometers) east of the capital, in what appeared to be the rebels' first use of mass abduction for recruitment purposes. Many of those kidnapped have es-caped or were released, but about 90 are believed to be still held in a guerrilla camp in rugged hills east of the town.

The clandestine Radio Venceremos on Friday read a message from a youth who claimed he was one of those captured. This is a companion who has just joined our forces," the broadcast said. It identified him as José Luis Alonzo ₹ ≥ Barahona and quoted him as saying he joined because he wanted "to struggle for something just."

Maria Hilda Barahona, a San Sebastián schoolteacher, said she doubted the rebels' claim. Mrs. Barahona, whose son is still missing, said she was not related to José Luis Alonzo Barahona, but that in any case his name was not on a list of missing persons she had compiled.

in the Sandinist movement as well as the foreign policy of the Nicaraguan government and its "dreadful handling" of relations with the Roman Cathobe Church.

Mr. Fiallos described Nicaragua's relations with the Reagan administration as "difficult, extreme-ly difficult, with little probability of improving in the foreseeable fu-ture." Referring to U.S. support for anti-Sandinist rebels based in Honduras, he warned that the Reagan administration was push-ing other Central American coununes toward a "confrontation" with Nicaragua.

But he said that "if the internal situation is one of division and confrontation" in Nicaragua, "it will be very difficult to overcom the difficulties in the international

"I think a vicious circle exists," he said. "On the one hand, it is said that a tough stance is necessary to neutralize the effects of the harassment. On the other hand, strong measures strengthen those who are harassing. It is necessary to break out of this circle. The Popular Sandinist Revolution is strong enough to do so. Contrary to what some radicals believe, some measures of relaxation and détente would strengthen the government.

Most of the interview was dedicated to analyzing the domestic sitnation here and to urging the San-dinists to take "unavoidable and unpostponable" measures, among

• To revoke the Emergency "especially some measures that have caused great harm to the revolution, such as press censor-

• To call "free, just and honest elections" since "every attempt to suffocate or frustrate the will" of the people "disguises tyrannical in-tentions that should be combated directly and with decision.

• To end "illegal and unjust confiscations of property because "the widespread feeling of indefen-sibility before the law" was having disastrous effects on the economy.

• To guarantee the safe return to the country of all exiles except those who committed crimes during the Somoza regime.

 To follow a "genuinely non-aligned" foreign policy instead of taking sides in the struggle of the To recognize the prominent role of the church in the "conscience" of the Nicaraguan people,

even though "entrenched Marxist-Leninist ideologues and even less Stalinists" would find this impossi-



Edward Lozansky hugged his wife, Tatyana, and their daughter, Tanya, II, after they arrived Sunday in Washington.

Soviet Emigré's Wife and Daughter Reunited With Him in Washington

WASHINGTON — Edward Lozansky, a Soviet émigré and human rights activist, spent Monday with his wife and daughter in the United States after six years of trying to get them released

In a tearful reunion Sunday at National Airport, Mr. Lozansky, 40, ran to meet and embrace his wife, Tatyana, 29, and daughter, Tanya, 11, as they arrived on a delayed evening flight from Paris where Mrs. Lozansky and her daughter had stopped over after leaving Moscow Saturday.

"Thank you very much for my freedom, for my life, for my husband and for my family," Mrs. Lozansky said to those gathered for the reunion

Once a physicist with Moscow's Kurchatov Institute, Mr. Lozansky emigrated from the Soviet Union in 1976 with his parents and two sisters on the understanding that his wife and daughter would be allowed to follow.

Mr. Lozansky said his wife was allowed to emigrate only after her father, Ivan Yershov, 60, resigned his post as a four-star general in the Soviet Army in September.

Castro Denies Cuba Is Re-exporting Soviet Arms to Rebels in El Salvador

Los Angeles Times Service HAVANA - Fidel Castro, using Cuba's Armed Forces Day as an occasion to respond to President Ronald Reagan's mission to Latin America, has denied that Cuba had sent Soviet weapons to rebels

"We have never had a case of reexporting Soviet arms, or arms made in Cuba, to another country," the Cuban leader told tens of sands of militia members gathered Saturday in Revolution Square. "But," he said, "Cuba has sent these weapons whenever we had to - as we did in Angola but then we have sent men with

In what was billed as Mr. Castro's response to Mr. Reagan's visit to four Latin American coun-

tries, which ended in Honduras on Dec. 4, the Cuban president insisted on Cuba's peaceful intentions and declared that violence has increased in Central America since Mr. Reagan went there to "talk of

Although Mr. Castro spoke of the Soviet Union's shipment to Cuba of tons of arms for the recently organized territorial militia, he emphasized that the militia is to play a detensive role.

In the past, Armed Forces Day has sometimes been used as an occasion for the parading of tanks, missiles and large military units. But on Saturday there was only a token parade by representatives from each branch of the armed forces, and only a few small arms

WASHINGTON — The Republican polister Richard Wirthlin, optimism is often a match for that of Ronald Reagan, has for that of konsid keagan, has brought the president some uncharacteristically bad news about his standing with blue-collar voters who supported him in 1980. Among these constituents, Presi-

dent Reagan is increasingly perceived as a traditional Republican whose policies favor the wealthy at the expense of working people and the elderly.

While Mr. Wirthlin will not discuss actual numbers, administration officials say his surveys show that blue-collar voters and their families are returning to the Democratic Party in droves. This is particularly true in the Northeast and Midwest, where joblessness persists, and where the Republicans suffered heavy losses in the midterm elections last month.

Social Security, on which the administration and Congress must act before next summer, is a sore point. Many voters believe that Mr. Reagan has already cut Social Security benefits.

The administration is also reeling from the ill-fated "Thanksgiving offensive," in which White House officials managed to give the impression that the president wanted to tax unemployment benefits. The high unemployment level is most responsible for Mr. Reagan's decline with workingclass voters, and the stillborn tax on the jobless confirmed the impression that Mr. Reagan was insensitive or out of touch.

Mr. Wirthlin, like the president, believes that the administration can recapture lost ground among blue-collar constituents if the economy rebounds. But if there is no evidence of a strong recovery and a reduction in unemployment by late summer or early fall, the polister has warned the president that the Republicans may face a disaster in 1984.

Other straws in the wind drift in from the White House office of planning and evaluation, headed a former Wirthlin associate, Richard Beal.

A projection done by Mr. Beal's office shows Mr. Reagan losing to Senator John H. Glenn Jr., Democrat of Ohio, in a mythical 1984 electoral vote count. The simulation gave Mr. Glenn 243 electoral votes and Mr. Reagan 212, with 83 votes in the "doubtful" category. Another matchup showed Mr. Reagan with an inconclusive lead over former Vice President Walter

Turkey Leader Visits China

BELJING - President Kenan Evren of Turkey arrived in Beijing Monday on the first visit to China by a Turkish head of state.

Reagan Pollster Sees Less Blue-Collar Support F. Mondale: Mr. Reagan 231, Mr. MX missile after a congressional Mondale 186 and "doubtful" 121. Mr. Beal, trying to play down "great communicator" still remem-

great compromiser.

ture. Governor Reagan proceeded to negotiate important comprom-

By Lou Cannon tan Past Serric

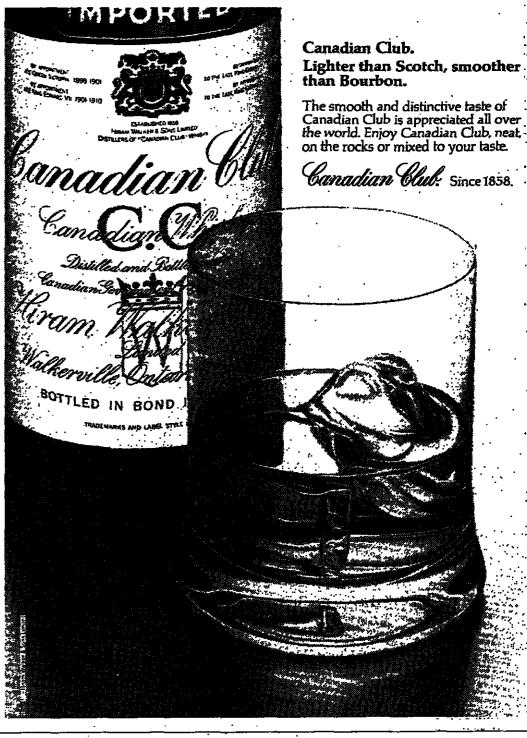
Mr. Beal, trying to play down Mr. Glenn's strong showing at a time when Mr. Reagan claims he is undecided about seeking re-elec-tion, told a Washington Post staff writer, David Hoffman, that his office does "hundreds and hundreds" of computer simulations of prospective election matchups.

But Democrats should not grow too giddy yet at signs of Mr. Reagan's slippage. The president's recasting of his position on the

ises on tax, welfare and education measures with the Democratic opposition. The man who had much to do with those compromises, former California Assembly Speaker Bob

Moretti, once said of Mr. Reagan: "He's an achiever. If he can find a way to achieve within the framework of his ideology, so much the better. If not, he'll still find a way bers how to perform the role of the Twelve years ago, when the Democrats won control of the low-er house of the California legislato achieve."

There is speculation within the administration that Mr. Reagan will name Preston Martin, a Californian whom he knows and likes, as chairman of the Federal Re-serve Board when Democrat Paul A. Volcker's term as chairman ends in August. Mr. Martin, a Re-



Drive to Savel

NATO Door OF

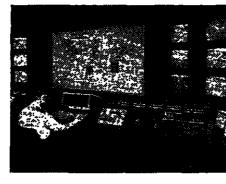
COMING TO TERMS WITH TRAFFIC

Glasgow, Scotland's busy manufacturing and shipping centre on the River Clyde, has a complex network of motorways to carry high volume local and city by-pass traffic. One particular section, a dual five-lane carriageway carrying 115,000 vehicles per day, contains eleven entry and exit ramps within a distance of half a mile.

To achieve the highest standards of road safety and efficiency, Glasgow's traffic authority, Strathclyde Regional Council Department of Roads, got together with Philips to evolve the most

sophisticated traffic control and surveillance system in the U.K.

Codenamed CITRAC (centrally integrated traffic control) the system links central control to 374 signalling units, incorporated into 99 overhead gantries, via computerised outstations. Up to 14 lane designation and warning signals can be displayed on each unit. Each lane has individual signalling. When a situation arises which requires a speed restriction or traffic diversion, a command is entered which applies to one or more gantry sign.



Fitted with a weather-proof housing, a

heater/demister and lens screen wipers,

each camera can be panned, tilted and

control desk in the Command Centre.

gical resources with a professional un-

derstanding of the problems involved.

we have developed, supplied and instal-

led advanced road, rail, sea and air traf-

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ation authorities the world over, as

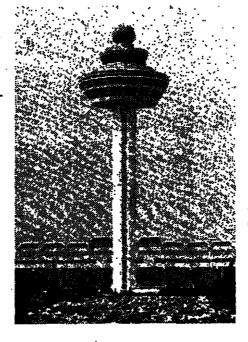
By combining our vast technolo-

zoomed remotely from the monitor

Glasgow and the following projects amply illustrate. In addition, our specialized lighting systems are contributing to greater security, safety and efficiency on roads and at harbours and airports.

Motorway surveillance is by AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL means of a 24-camera CCTV system.

Philips programme of hightechnology ATC radar equipment can be integrated to form a variety of customerdefined system configurations and extended or upgraded as circumstances demand. The LORADS (long range radar and display system) we supplied for Singapore's new international airport, Changi, for example, employs an advanced LAR-II L-band radar, software-based video extractors (to enhance aircraft plotting) and a range of radar screens and electronic displays to present the processed data in the most suitable form. The system, which forms the nucleus of Singapore's air traffic control network, has also been chosen by the civil aviation authorities of Holland, Paraguay, the United Kingdom and by Europe's air traffic control organization, Eurocontrol.





Years of experience in coastal and harbour radar installations plus state-ofthe-art digital computation techniques have enabled Philips to integrate the operational functions of information gathering, transmission, reception, presentation, evaluation and dissemination and apply them to the task of vessel traffic management. The VTM system we are presently installing at Rotterdam harbour, for example, will detect and present a ship's size and aspect, compute its course, speed and position and predict its manoeuvring capability. It will also provide a complete data base for up-to-date information of ship's cargos and destinations as well as tides and weather, etc.



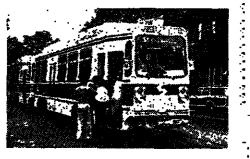
RAIL TRAFFIC CONTROL

The light rail rapid transit system in Philadelphia will operate more efficiently as a result of installing a Philips VETAG system for detecting and identifying individual rail cars.

The system uses a car-mounted transponder to inform an interrogator as to the car's precise identity, its route and direction of travel. This information can be used for a variety of purposes such as operating switch points or displaying information on the train's destination.

As there is no physical contact between the interrogator and transponder, VETAG is a considerable advance over earlier overhead electro-mechanical contact systems which tended to be unreliable in cold weather

It also removes the need to decelerate for switch point operation, improving journey times by up to 15%.



These are just a few examples of Philips contribution to safety and efficiency in traffic. If you would like more information, contact your Philips organization or Philips Concern Marketing Support Department, VOA-0225, 5600 MD Eindhoven. The Netherlands (Telex: 35000 PHTC NL). Please indicate in which of the above subjects you

Road traffic control	Maritime traffic con
Rail traffic control	Specialized Lighting
Air traffic control	

PHILIPS



SURE SIGN OF INNOVATION IN TRAFFIC CONTROL

Israel Should Get Out

It is barely three months since President Reagan launched his Middle East plan and already there are complaints that his initiative is dead. Some say this by way of urging the United States to put pressure on the con-sensus villain, Israel, and others say it out of genuine despair. Time, they agree, pointing to the concrete that Israel is pouring in the West Bank, is not on the president's side.

Time is short. But arbitrary deadlines have no merit. Surely more than three months is required for an initiative addressing a dispute that has festered for decades. The administration does not appear to have lost its September resolve. It struggles on, chiefly these days in Lebanon, which is now generally accepted to be the place where the first fruits of its seriousness must be shown.

How is it going? The Israelis are scaling down their conditions for withdrawal; they have stopped insisting on a peace treaty and ministerial-level talks. But they are still trying to use their occupation to impose a relationship that Lebanon's government rejects. The Israelis can reasonably expect to make effective but discreet arrangements for border security. To ask for more now is overreaching

What would move the Israelis out? A parallel exit of Syrian and remaining PLO troops would be a big help. Each member of this trio is in a position to ensure, by delaying, that the others will delay, too. Those Arabs who are so ready to call for Israel to withdraw can best make their own appeals come true by applying their influence where they may have fluence, on the Syrians and the PLO.

It would also help if Washington were readier to acknowledge the need for more ex-tensive international forces, including American forces, to keep the peace in the parts of Lebanon to be evacuated. The Lebanese government has its own air of unreality in this regard. The sad truth is that the Lebanese remain deeply distrustful and heavily armed. and outsiders will have to stay while the government practices asserting its authority.

Cut American aid to Israel? That is far too severe a step to take while the bargaining in the Beirut bazaar goes on. It would require a decision that at this moment seems unjustified. To be sure, the Israelis do not make restraint easy. As we read it, when Mr. Reagan promised not to use aid as a lever against Israel, implicitly the Israelis promised not to use aid as a lever against him, as they have been doing by lobbying in Congress for \$475 million more than he requested for them. They will not get that extra aid, since the bill containing it will be superseded by a continuing resolution. They should not get it. They should get out of Lebanon.

— THE WASHINGTON POST.



Fasting Along With Shcharansky

NEW YORK — Arrested by the Soviet regime five years ago, Anatoli Shcharansky was sentenced to a 13-year prison term on charge that he worked for the CIA, which President Jimmy Carter denied. He had been an active member of the Helsinki Watch Committee and he agitated for the right of Jews to emi-grate to Israel. Thus he is being oppressed not only as a man but also as a representative of the human spirit. and particularly of the Jewish quest to be identified with Israel.

Those of us who have never met him have come to know him through his wife, Avital. On the morning after their wedding eight years ago, Mrs. Sheharansky, who had received permission to emigrate, left the Sovier Union with the assurance that her husband would join her within six months. She was informed that if she did not leave then she would find it virtually impossible to leave later.

Some weeks ago Mr. Shcharansky began a hunger strike to protest the cutting off of the few letters and visits that he had been permitted yearly.

Many people have tried to reach out to the Shcharanskys, to tell them that others really care. I, too, have

tried. For six consecutive days, begin-ning on Oct. 31, I fasted in front of the Soviet mission to the United Nations. During this period I was joined by well over 1,000 people who, on a daily basis, fasted, prayed, studied the Bible and protested on Anatoli Shcharansky's behalf. By Avraham Weiss

The block where the Soviet Mission is situated, 67th Street, between Third and Lexington avenues, is oppressive. Sitting behind police harriers, diagonally across from the Soviet mission, we felt imprisoned. KGB spies peered from the roof. FBI agents took photographs from ground level. The police often made life miserable for the demonstrators. And trate tenants dropped water and eggs from apartment windows. We had voluntarily imprisoned ourselves in an open street, but we could get up and walk away when we chose. Anatoli Shcharansky cannot.

A hunger strike is exhibitrating but painful. At night you feel hunger pangs: during the day you feel weak, your legs wobble, you are ready to keel over. To fast you must be totally committed to the cause, and the mind must overcome the body's needs. When you are alone the body predominates and hunger seems intolerable; when surrounded by friends you feel reinforced and find it possi-ble to continue, Anatoli Shcharansky.

in the Gulag, fasts alone. On the fourth day Mrs. Shcharansky joined us. Her eyes reflected her sadness. When asked to say a few words, she responded, "I can't speak now. All I can do is cry." When she was leaving she said, "We are one. We are together." But, of course,in the end we would so back to our (am-

ilies, while she would remain alone.

By the fifth day a "high" set monot one imposed from the outside but generated from within. The energy normally used to digest food is de-flected elsewhere. Intellectual and spiritual powers seem to expand rather than diminish. Inner-masks are removed. No food clogs the body.

One becomes more honest, more open, more expressive of feelings. Russian diplomats came and went in droves, looking harried, ambivalent about what was happening. I knew the Russians were people, yet I wondered if they could really display emotion - laugh, cry, love. As the new leader, Yuri Andropov, assumes power, will he make a gesture of good faith by freeing Mr. Sheharansky?

Will American political leaders, when speaking with Mr. Andropov, mention Mr. Sheharansky by name? Or will the discussion focus only on such issues as Poland and Afghanistan - masses, not individuals; coun-

tries, not people?

As I look back at that week it seems unreal. It is as if those days didn't exist — an empty space in my life, For Anatoli Shebaransky, such emptiness has continued for years. But in emptiness there is often deep meaning. The Shcharanskys, in light-ing for human rights, lead full lives.

Rabbi Weiss is an assistant professor at Stern College of Yeshiva University and a vice chairmen of Student Struggle for Soviet Jewy:

Pretoria Justifies Fears

South Africa says it regrets that its armed forces killed women and children during a punitive foray into the capital of Lesotho. The seven victims, it explains, just happened to get caught in "cross fire" with alleged terrorists. But Pretoria's apology is as hollow as its justification for a brazen invasion of an independent black state entirely bounded by white-ruled South Africa.

The two-hour strike into impoverished and unarmed Lesotho was provoked, Pretoria claims, by intelligence reports that black terrorists supposedly based there were about to assassinate leaders of Transkei and Ciskei, two adjacent "homelands" for South Africa's own black majority. All black South Africans are nominally citizens of such homelands,

whose independence is imaginary. But if this intelligence was good, why didn't Pretoria capture the purported assassins when they entered territory under South African control? The raid's more likely pur-

pose was to intimidate Lesotho and test the orbearance of Washington.

The incoming Reagan administration responded in 1981 with a tut-tut when South African forces invaded Mozambique, also supposedly in pursuit of terrorists. Months later, in a more massive operation, South African troops thrust into Angola and killed 201 black nationalists. The Reagan administration condemned the invasion, while pleading that it had to be understood "in context."

South Africa's own interests are subverted when its violence validates the violent threats of its adversaries. It is hard to argue credibly that Angola has to get rid of 20,000 Cuban troops when Pretoria's actions confirm the fears that Angola invokes to justify commu-nist help. By its lawless raid on unarmed Lesotho, South Africa makes its word suspect and its isolation more complete. This time let the State Department say as much, out loud. -THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Opinion

Japan at a Crossroads

The European Community ministers will specifically be asked to examine Japanese trading practices and in particular the restrictions in place on access to its domestic markets. At the same time, Brussels wants more monitoring of Japanese exports to the EC and greater efforts to secure voluntary restraint arrangements. These are hardly provocative suggestions. They are surely the very least that should be demanded by the EC this week if Japan is ever to end its temporizing.

- The Daily Telegraph (London).

The United States is calling on Japan to act quickly to liberalize its import policies on a long list of American products. Unless prompt steps are taken, U.S. officials warn, forced reductions in Ja United States could occur. Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone's government indicates that it is taking the American warning seriously. The response that it is preparing in advance of Mr. Nakasone's visit to Washington on Jan. 18 could have a major effect on U.S.-Japanese relations for years to come.

The administration is not going out of its way to pick a fight with Japan. From all the evidence, the administration is sincerely committed to avoiding trade wars. What it seems to be trying to do, rather, is prevent a threat-ening situation from becoming a possibly calamitous one. To do that will require a major degree of cooperation from Japan, a coopera-tion that will not be politically easy for Mr. Nakasone or his ruling Liberal Democratic Party. The alternative to reaching a new agreement to further open the Japanese mar-ket to American goods could, however, be far more politically costly. This is the choice that the Nakasone government faces.

- The Los Angeles Times.

NATO's Relative Success

Since 1945 the world has suffered more than 140 wars, and millions, perhaps as many as 10 millions, have died in them. But not in as to minions, have died in them. But not in Europe. It may seem a little odd to the rest of the world, therefore, when NATO's foreign ministers meeting in Brussels concluded, in the words of M. Cheysson of France, that the alliance was facing its most critical year since 1945 because of its proposals to deploy new missiles and the emotional debate that such a decision is expected to engender. How much more would the citizens of Vietnam, Cambodia, Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, Afghanistan, Ethiopia or Somalia have preferred a so-called balance of "terror" achieved by nuclear weapons, than to have suffered the catastrophes they have endured?

- The Times (London).

White House Alternatives

There are a lot of lame ducks in Washington these days. Foremost among the wound-ed is Ronald Reagan, the president who could get whatever he wanted from Congress. House defeat of \$I billion to start producingthe MX missile, Republican and Democratic support for domestic spending far exceeding administration budget requests and Senate resistance to the 5-cent increase in the gas tax were all dramatic signs of congressional inde-

endence and the shifting public mood. With his influence in Congress clearly waning, Mr. Reagan faces tough political choices. Even Democrats concede that they cannot do much in Congress the next two years over Mr. Reagan's opposition. Like many others, they await eagerly his decision whether to seek some conciliation or to pursue confrontation and likely stalemate.

- Richard Cohen in the Los Angeles Times.

Vietnam Vets Are Different

What impresses me most about the Vietnam vets I know is the sensibility that has emerged among them in recent years: a particular kind of moral seriousness which is unusual in America, one which is deepened and defined by the fact that it has emerged from a direct confrontation not only with the capaci-ty of others for violence and brutality but also with their own culpability, their sense of their own capacity for error and excess. Precisely the same kinds of experiences that have produced in some vets the complex constellations of panic from which they seem unable to recover have engendered in others an awareness of moral complexity and human tragedy unlike anything one is likely to find

elsewhere in America today.

It is this underlying seriousness, I think, that accounts, among other effects, for the ways these veterans treat one another. Whatever their behavior — and it is often skepti-cal, joking, an affectionate roughbousing there remains an undercurrent of easygoing and generous concern, or care.

— Peter Marin in The Nation (New York).

<u>Reagan and Human Rights</u>

In Southern Africa, 'Constructive Engagement'

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts — The English say that trapping flies with treacle is easier than using a swatter. The Reagan administration's treacly foreign policy for southern Africa — called "constructive engagement" — is designed first to encourage South Africa to yield control of Namibia and second to persuade South Africa to help the West ensure

In fact, the Reagan policy has brought no answer to the Namibian question and has unintentionally allowed South Africa to intensify security measures at home.

The policy, as articulated by Vice President George Bush last month during his swing through Africa and by various State Department officials, is a means, not an end. But from the African viewpoint the friendship and support for South Africa that are explicit components of "constructive engagement" have pro-duced few beneficial results.

All recent U.S. administrations have expressed abhorrence of apartheid, but "constructive engagement" was designed to differentiate the Reagan administration's tactical ap-proach sharply from that of the Carter administration. Whereas representatives of Jimmy Carter's State Department threatened sanctions if South Africans prepare for the Unit-south Africans at arm's has long been agreed upon. But the

By Robert L. Rotberg

length, the policy since early 1981 has been cordial and at times expansive.

South African military and intellince officials have moved back and forth between Washington and Preto-ria. The U.S. Commerce Department has encouraged the sale of formerly embargoed items to South Africa. America favors an International Monetary Fund loan of \$1.2 billion to South Africa without conditions. Treacle is a sweet, sticky syrup. Washington has been spreading it

thickly across the diplomatic bargain-ing table. With what results? Namibia remains an unresolved issue. Although now, as before Ronald Reagan's electon in 1980, South Africa claims it is willing to settle the dispute, a definitive resolution is as far away as ever. Two years ago the South Africans said the United Nations could not be trusted to help oversee a crucial election with impartiality. When "constructive engagement" smoothed over that problem, new ones arose. Now the South Afri-cans refuse to budge until 20,000 Cu-

ban troops leave Angola.

The Americans who are construc-

South Africans know that the South-West Africa People's Organization, a Soviet-backed guerrilla group, will come to power in any free election. So "constructive engagement" continues to accomplish little.

The administration can correctly claim, in extenuation, that American influence has curtailed overt South African antagonism to Zimbabwe. But it has done little to limit South African support for guerrillas in Mozambique or to curb South African raids into Angola. And now the South Africans have raided Lesotho.

In South Africa itself it is difficult to discern exactly what has been accomplished. There have been more deaths in detention this year than in the last three years of the Carter ad-ministration. But the minister of law and order recently instructed underlings to be more humane when interrogating security prisoners. Black trade unions exist, but their more successful leaders have been questioned and jailed for long periods without trial. The government has used sections of the new Intimidation Act to detain otherwise legitimate strikers.

South Africa this year proposed reforms that would give some, if less than equal, parliamentary representation to the 2.7 million people of mixed descent and 800,000 Indians

who, along with 4.4 million whites, are South Africa's minorities. But the 22 million black Africans would remain unrepresented, relegated politically to overcrowded, overgrazed, im-poverished homelands.

"Constructive engagement" has hardly led to discernible amelioration of the living arrangements or political condition of South Africa's majority. Were it not for severe recession, the new American-encouraged investment and lending climate might have contributed significantly to measurable increases in black standards of living and net per capita income, but such improvements are still distant.

"Constructive engagement" has sheltered South Africa and enabled it to impose tougher restrictions on in-ternal opponents. It has provided no incentive to improve its international image, to begin talking with Africans about their future political representation, or even to establish the begin-ings of a process that would lead to the peaceful, gradual transformation of what, consistent with the reform proposals, is designed to remain a minority-ruled country.

Blacks in South Africa and Namibia can ask what "constructive enment" has done for them lately...

The writer is professor of political science and history at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

In Zia's Pakistan, Retreat From the Rule of Law

N EW YORK — General Mohammed Zia ul-Haq, the self-appointed president of Pakistan who has just visited Washington, has failed to honor a pledge he made more than five years ago to restore constitutional government. Instead he has abolished the rule of law.

On Sept. 27 Gen. Zia decreed, by Martial Law Regulation 53, the death sentence for "any offense liable to cause insecurity, fear or despondency amongst the public." Crimes punishable under this measure, which supersedes civil law, include "any act with intent to impair the efficiency or impede the working" of, or cause damage to, public property or the smooth functioning of government. Another is abetting in any manner whatsoever" the commission of such an offense; or failure to inform the police or army of the "whereabouts or any other information about such person." Thus one is liable not merely for what one says or does but also for what one does not do.

As if this were not enough jeop-ardy for citizens, Martial Law 53 reverses the most fundamental principle of justice: In Pakistan you are guilty until proved innocent. The law provides that "a military court on the By Eqbal Ahmad

tion alone may, unless the contrary is proved, presume that this accused has committed the offense charged." The decree "shall be deemed to have taken effect on July 5, 1977"— the day Gen. Zia broke his oath of allegiance to the constitution and

overthrew his benefactor, Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto. Gen. Zia haa also suspended the Bill of Fundamental Rights, abol-ished habeus corpus and extended civilian jurisdiction to military courts. What distinguishes Pakistan from other contemporary tyrannies is not

its actual excesses but Gen. Zia's structural assault on the legal framework and the independence of the judiciary. Significantly, this assault began in earnest in early 1981 after the Reagan administration had offered him a five-year, multibillion-

dollar arms package.
Pakistan had long enjoyed a distinguished, occasionally feisty judiciary. During decades of military rule and erratic civilian governments the high-er courts remained the legitimator of government authority and the arbiter of conflicts between individual rights and the state. Confrontations bedid occur, but compromises were made. Successive governments, including Mohammed Ayub Khan's military regime, respected the judiciary's independence; when enjoined, they bowed to court orders. No head of government dismissed any judge on political grounds and without recommendation from the chief justice. On March 25, 1981, Gen. Zia fired

19 supreme court and provincial high court judges when they refused to en-dorse his "constitutional order," which restricts the civil courts, outlaws all political parties except the neo-totalitarian Jamaat-i-Islami. deems the advocacy of any secular ideology or program to be a crime and empowers Gen. Zia to amend the constitution at will. Among the judges who declined to

take the required oath of allegiance to this "constitutional order" were the chief justice of Pakistan, four of the six supreme court judges and the chief justice of a state high court. Twelve state high court judges re-nowned for their integrity were not "invited" to take the oath. They automatically lost their posts. The besieged legal community pro-tested in a statement by Pakistan's

bar association: "A country can put up with laws that are harsh or unjust so long as they are administered by just judges who can mitigate their harshness or alleviate their unfairness... Nations fall when judges are unjust because there is nothing people consider worth de-fending." Lawyers have been treated even more harshly than judges. Gen. Zin's unprecedented assault

on the judiciary is a measure of his isolation. Survival is his regime's sole concern, In five years of unconstitutional rule he has also destroyed Paki-stan's cultural and educational institutions. Not one significant economic project has been initiated.

Lacking a semblance of legitimacy at home, he seeks support in Washington. But foreign, especially military, aid can only worsen Pakistan's simmering political crisis. Even if questions of values are set aside, a realistic look at Pakistan suggests that unless America links its aid with a demand for immediate return to democracy, it commits a costly error in a strategic and insurrectionary region.

The writer, a Pakistani, is visiting professor of political science at University College of Rutgers University, Newark, New Jersey.

Regarding "The Charter: Where It Came From, Where It May Go" by Mohammed Tarbush (IHT, Dec. 2):

failed to create a Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza between 1948 and 1967. In laying the blame for the plight of the Palestinians, Mr. Tarbush need look no further than the leaders of the Arab world.

Does Mr. Tarbush believe that the Arab League is less responsible than Israel for the problem of the refu-gees? Why could the 700,000 Jewish refugees from Arab countries, truly chased out of their homes, become productive people and citizens of a state? Why didn't Palestinian Arabs build a state of their own in the West Bank and Gaza (and Jerusalem!) while those places were in Arab hands? Why do they speak so much of dying and killing for the fatherland and so little of working hard for it? DOV YOSELEVICH.

Jerusalem.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR The real issue is not Israel but the cold-heartedness of all the Arab countries. At this point in history there shouldn't be a Palestinian questions.

tion. They should have been absorbed by the rest of the Arab world. Innumerable countries have taken in refugees throughout history, but not the Arabs. King Hussein of Jor-dan fought a war to keep them out. Just now in Lebanon not one Arab country reached out to succor their own. Under duress some of the PLO terrorists were finally taken in. At that, they are kept in camps under surveillance. Saudi Arabia, Libya and Iraq have billions for arms but not for the Palestinians. Look at the map and you will see that the Moslem countries have millions of square miles, not only in the Middle East but in the Far East as well.

What the Palestinians need is new leadership. Certainly not Arafat. EDWARD BERMAN.

In 1937 and 1948 Palestinian Arabs were offered a state which they rejected. They went to war. In fact, in 1946 they were given their first state, now called Jordan Jordan being 76 percent of Palestine, with a majority of Palestinian Arabs, this gives them full national independence. What Israel and the United States object to is a second Palestinian State.

H.Z. BORNSTEIN. Tokyo.

Ineffective For Lack of Credibility

By Arych Neier

TEW YORK - How has the Reagan administration performed on human rights in its first two years? The record is inconsistent at best. What is clear is that while Ronald Reagan came into office determined to ignore human rights in the formulation of foreign policy, he s been unable to bury the issue.

Human rights considerations have in the last few years become a leading standard by which the world judges any foreign policy. Yet, despite considerable shifts in Washington's rhestone and amortion the administration. toric and practice, the administration continues to do a disservice to the cause of human rights. In its first year it was outspokenly

hostile to making human rights a significant concern of its foreign policy. Alexander Haig, as secretary of state, told Congress that a concern with terrorism would replace a concern for human rights. Ernest Lefever, the president's first nominee to be assistant secretary of state for human rights, advocated repeal of human rights laws: Vice President George Bush praised what he said were the democratic ways of President Ferdinand Marcos of the Philippines.
The U.S. ambassador to the United

Nations, Jeane Kirkpatrick, seemed always to be in the news attacking human rights advocates (Jacobo Timerman), dispuraging human rights victims (the four churchwomen murdered in El Salvador, whom she activists on behalf" of the Salvadorun guerillas), embracing tyrants (her August 1981 visits to Argentina and Chile) and devising rationales for soft-pedaling concern for human rights (her dichotomy between totali-tarianism and authoritarianism).

The second year has been different, The administration now professes that concern for human rights is central to its foreign policy. The State Department's Human Rights Bureau, moribund in the first year, has acted. vigorously in the second in many individual matters. This is true even in areas such as Central America where the administration has allied itself with authors of savage repression.
In places where the administration.

does seem to act forcefully to promote human rights, its failures are due to other actions that sustain the appearance that it is still on the course it charted during its first year.

Take Poland. Events there pro-

voked the administration's strongest human rights stand, including the short-lived boycott of the Soviet natural gas pipeline to Western Europe. Considered in isolation, the tough response to the imposition of martial law and the suppression of Solidarity seemed praiseworthy. In practice, however, it was counterproductive.

Because the administration lacked credibility as an advocate of human rights — a weakness it reinforced when it broadcast to Europe a television program featuring the martial law ruler of Turkey denouncing martial law in Poland — it could not per-suade West Europeans that it acted on human rights grounds. Countries that might have had greater influence than America on developments in Po-land continued to do business as usual with the Soviet bloc, in part because they would not lend themselves to what they saw as an effort to inunch a new Cold War.

Far from being forced to pay a great price, the Soviet Union benefit-ed. forcing the United States to retreat on the pipeline issue to main-tain the appearance of Western unity. Because the Reagan administration

was vociferous in repudiating con-cern for human rights in its litst year, it would have to perform more evenhandedly than its predecessors and speak out more frequently if it in-tended to become effective. Most of all, it has to avoid gestures such as Mr. Reagan's friendly meeting with President Efrain Rios Montt of Guatemala and his subsequent remarks tending to exonerate the general's government of human rights abuses.

The change in the second year has been both significant and wholly inadequate, Regrettably, it seems fair to predict that the administration will frequently continue to be ineffectual in promoting human rights, even when it tries, until it achieves credi-bility as a human rights advocate.

The writer is vice chairman of the human rights organizations Americas

DEC.14: FROM OUR PAGES 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1907: Views Vary on Russia

PARIS — Today's editorial in the Herald reads: "Russophobia still betrays its exis-tence in English journalism, to judge from the persistent pessimism of some newspaper correspondents in St. Petersburg. Or perhaps their political clocks are rather slow and they have not yet learned that Russia is no longer the enemy. Such conservative organs as the Daily Telegraph and The Times, carrying scare-heads such as 'Tsardom's Anarchy,' appear determined to regard Russia as on the verge of a revolution. The correspondent of a foreign newspaper in London could equally well interpret the divergent views of the British political parties as indicative of anarchy in the House of Commons."

1932: Debt Vote Fells Herriot

PARIS — Fighting for the "sanctity of contracts" and the "honor of France's signature," Prime Minster Herriot, after a 14-hour battle the issue of which was never at any moment in doubt, was overwhelmingly defeated in the French chamber when his project for meeting France's debt payment to the United States, due on Dec. 15, was rejected by 402 votes to 187. With the downfall of the Herriot ministry on its stand for payment, France is without a government and its default on the payment due to the United States is an accomplished fact. To avoid this eventuality, M. Herriot fought to the last. though deserted by his usual supporters dur-ing the six months he has been in office.

JOHN HAY WHITNEY (1904-1982), Charman KATHARINE GRAHAM and ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Co-Cheurmen LEE W. HUEBNER, Publisher ROLAND PINSON RENE BONDY FRANÇOIS DESMAISONS PHILIP M. FOISIE WALTER WELLS Deputy Editor Deputy Editor Issociate Editor ROBERT K. M. CABE RICHARD H. MORGAN International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles de Gaulle, 92200 Neurilly-sur-Seine, France Telephone 747-1265. Telex 612718 (Herald), Cables Herald Paris. Correcteur de la parateuran. 1º augre. 1. Inayer. General Manager, Asia: Alain Lecour. 24-34 Hennessy Rd. Hong Kong. Tel. 5-28 56 18. Telex 61170. S.A. au capital de 1.200.000 F. R.C.S. Nanterre B 732021126. Commission Partiatre No. 34231. U.S. subscription: \$256 yearly. Second-class postage paid at Long Island City, N.Y. 11101. O 1982, International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved.

In Chile, More Pinochet

By Samuel Chavkin

Chile, is seeking to improve his relations with the United States, even as tator's strong anti-communism. he extends the list of his enemies to include leaders of the Catholic deaths of an estimated 30,000 leftists Church, and openly threatens oppo- and liberals, who have perished in nents with harsher punitive measures. It is of course difficult to imagine

what could be harsher than the means his regime already uses - mass arrests, detention, torture, rape, banishment and disappearance. Gen. Pinochet needs help badly. Six years of supply-side economics administered by "los Chicago Boys" - Chilean protégés of the American

economist Milton Friedman - have ravaged Chile's economy. Banks are defaulting, factories are shutting down, entire industries textiles in particular - have gone bankrupt. Official sources estimate that 23 percent of the work force is unemployed: the true figure is more like 35 percent. The cost of living has soared until it matches that of Boston or Chicago, while wage levels hover

between \$150 and \$200 a month. President Reagan's sympathy for the junta became clear soon after he took office, when he encouraged the Export-Import Bank and the IMF to extend generous loans to Chile. Mr. Reagan and Gen. Pinochet share a

NEW YORK — General Augusto commitment to monetarism and free Pinochet, the president of market economics, and Washington is clearly pleased by the Chilean dic-

> concentration camps or been killed by firing squads since Gen. Pinochet came to power in 1973. In a speech in Santiago in July, As-

sistant Secretary of State Everett Briggs congratulated Chile for having freed itself "from the Marxist yoke," and praised a "program to return to a real and long-lasting democracy." The justa has made much in recent months of the possibility that Argen-

tina will use force to settle a long-

standing dispute over the Beagle Channel, Gen. Pinochet wants arms from the United States. Meanwhile, his enemy list has been extended to include Catholic Church leaders, especially those connected with the Vicariate of Solidarity, headed by Cardinal Raul Silva, which has lent moral and legal support to victims repression. A secret police general charged recently that church leaders have been recruited by Soviet

The writer is the author of the recent

agents as "allies of the Marxists."

About the Palestinians

Mr. Tarbush sidesteps certain facts in his anguish over the treatment of the Palestinian people by the Israelis. After all it was not the Israelis who rejected partition in 1948. It was also not the Israelis who

DON BOUSEL

It is apparent that the Palestinians are unwanted by their own brethren.

Ineffection

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THE WAR STREET

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Eleven Philippine journalists were indicted Monday for allegedly trying to overthrow President Ferdinand E. Marcos. Three of them, from left to right, are the editor-publisher of the newspaper. We Forum, José Burgos Jr.; a former senator, Francisco Rodrigo; and Joaquin J. Roces, publisher of the defunct Manila Times. The accused are facing a possible death penalty.

Philippine Journalists Deny Subversion

MANILA - Eleven Philippine journalists pleaded not guilty Monday to subversion charges that could bring them the maximum penalty of death.

The eleven, accused of plotting to overthrow President Ferdinand E. Marcos, were arrested last week when the government shut down We Forum, a triweekly opposition newspaper they

They are charged with promoting the overthrow of Mr. Marcos by sullying his image in newspaner stories

Editor-publisher José Burgos Jr., former Senator Francisco tered the pleas in criminal court. But Joaquin J. Roces, 69, pub-lisher of the defunct Manila Times, refused to enter any plea and said he would not partici-pate in the proceedings. The judge entered a plea of not guilty

Mr. Roces gave no reason for his move, but a source close to him said "he obviously does not have faith in our courts." Mr. Roces was allowed to leave to return home, where he has been

confined under house arrest.

About 50 students staged a demonstration outside the court, clapping their hands and chanting anti-government slogans and

A heated argument erupted during the proceedings when the prisoners complained they were blindfolded as they were led in and out of their cells to receive visitors and attend court proccedings.

The accused also said they were confined in boarded-up rooms with only a 3-inch by 6-inch peephole. They said they were given only steel beds to sleep on and since their confinement six days ago were allowed only 15 minutes of sun.

All of the prisoners except for Mr. Roces were being held in tightly guarded cells at the sub-urban Fort Bonifacio military

Papua New Guinea Manages Truce But Not Peace in Tribal Fighting Provinces, where 40 percent of the the conflict began the same month in the conflict began the same month.

New York Times Service.

MOUNT HAGEN: Papus New Guinea — The police had hoped that the leaders of the Okane and Kumukane clans would join at a recent outdoor meeting in signing a government-drafted agreement to end their tribal conflict, which has left 13 persons dead in three months.

But at the last moment the Okane chief. Talu Bolt, and the Kumukane chief, Gingan Gispe, refused to take responsibility for every possible violation by thou-sands of fellow clansmen: So they shook hands instead, and a murmur went up from the hundreds on each side of the highlands meadow where they met.

It was a truce, not a peace, in a war whose cost has included the burning of 1,000 houses and 500 stores and the slaughtering of 3,000 pigs and 1,000 chickens, according to officials in Port Mores-

by, Papua New Guinea's capital. Fighting among the many mountain tribes of Papua New Guinea has been at a higher pitch in the last few months than at any time since the nation received its independence from Australia in 1975. As a result, highland leaders have urged the government to declare a state of emergency.

But Prime Minister Michael Somare has been reluctant to invoke emergency powers. In No-vember he sent a hundred special policemen to the five highland

Lightning Kills 8 in Java

The Associated Press JAKARTA - Eight farmers were killed and 24 severely injured when lightning struck a hut in a rice field in West Java where they sought shelter from heavy rains.

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AUTHORS WANTED BY N.Y. PUBLISHER

His previous government fell in 1979 after he declared a state of emergency and was accused of ar-

rich but limited valley farmlands are being turned over to such cash

crops as coffee and tea.

The meeting of the Okane and Kumukane leaders took place Nov. 26 in foothills 40 miles (64 kilometers) northeast of Mount Hagen, a town in central Papua New Guinea. The meadow where it was held, part of Bamane village, was owned by married members of both clans. The houses of the village are charred ruins now: but a tiny bamboo church is still intact.

Speaking at the meeting, the Okane chief, Talu Bolt, a former member of Parliament who was

as the voting, over the involvement of Gingan Gispe, the Kumukane chief, in an auto accident and the

bitrary use of power.

Some highlanders think the recent tribal lighting reflects the tensions of population growth — 3 percent a year — in a region whose rich but limited spiley familiands. it out properly."

Tribal conflicts have been re-

ported elsewhere in the highlands, near Goroka, for example, in Eastern Highlands province, and in Enga and Chimbu provinces as well. "People are unstable at the moment," Prime Minister Somare said in Port Moresby. "There are economic reasons and social change.

Some people here are concerned that lawlessness may spread to the towns. Most residents of Port Moresby attribute the small capi-tal's rising crime rate to youthful joblessness and rootlessness.

regime have come under increasing attack in Congress in recent wocks, By Richard M. Weintraub especially from the Africa subcommittee of the House Foreign Af-

sion of Congress last week to focus on what he called the "dangerous

United Press International

PARIS — The United States dra-matically increased its contribu-tion Monday to UNESCO's pro-

gram for improving Third World news media, apparently satisfied

with the program's progress and lack of political attacks against the

The U.S. delegation announced cash contribution of \$450,000 at

the third session of the intergo-vernmental council of the Interna-

tional Program for the Development of Communications. The last U.S. donation, given at the second session, in January, was \$100,000.

Delegates had said then that

Washington was waiting to see if

the program would concentrate on practical projects to help news me-dia in developing countries and avoid the Arab and Soviet bloc po-litical attacks against the West that

have frequently characterized meetings of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultur-

Delegates said it was a reflection

world economic difficulties that

the total contributions to the pro-

gram for 1983 would be only \$1.55

million, with Japan and France

promising amounts to be deter-

mined after their budgets are fixed. Developing countries have proposed \$8.2 million worth of proj-

Norway contributed \$1 million, and Nigeria — a Third World country itself — offered \$100,000. Argentina, which gave \$250,000 in 1982, contributed 30 places for training in schools and 10 fellowships this year. Yugoslavia, pleading a "foreign currency shortage."

ing a "foreign currency shortage."

Boy Falls From Plane, Dies

The Associated Press GRANDFIELD, Oklahoma

al Organization.

ects for 1983.

U.S. Quadruples

Contribution to **UN News Project**

Angolan government.

Mr. Crocker's meeting with Mr.

Rychev was his second in the past

under the Reagan administration.
The U.S.-Soviet and South African-Angolan meetings would appear to offer one of the first

Casting some doubt on the issue, however, is the South African raid into Lesotho Thursday to attack members of the South African guerrilla movement, the African National Congress. While South Africa attempted to suggest U.S. approval for the raid, the State Department issued one of its sharpest criticisms of South Africa under the Reagan administration and a high-ranking U.S. official privately

ings and the South African raid that they were anxiously watching Angola for the next step in what they hope will be a quickening pro-cess on Namibia. The key signal would be an Angolan invitation to the United States to engage in fur-ther talks on the future of the Cu-

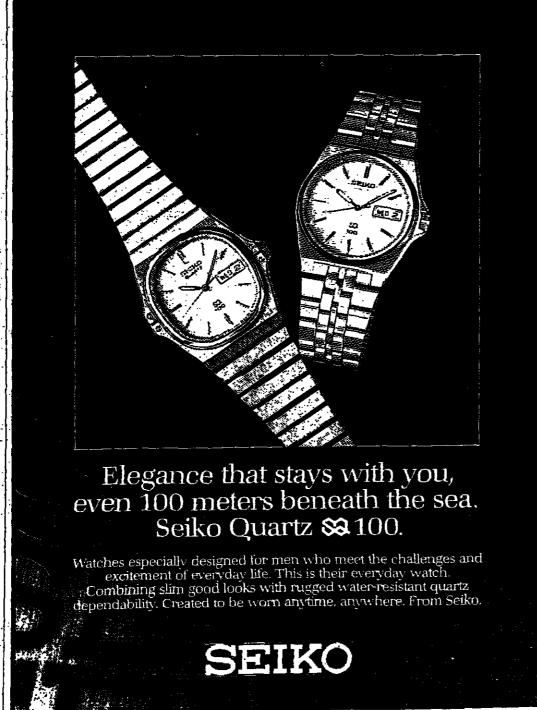
The deputy assistant secretary of state, Frank George Wisner 2d, currently is in Mozambique, another neighbor of South Africa

cies toward its neighbors and the U.S. policy of "constructive en-gagement" toward the apartheid

Seoul Court Upholds Sentences in Arson C

Reugers SEOUL - An appeals court has upheld death sentences imposed on two South Koreans for setting fire to a U.S. cultural center in March, court officials said.

Moon Boo Shik, 23, a former theology student, and Kim Hyon Jang, 31, had been found guilty of attempting to overthrow President Chun Doo Hwan's government through popular uprisings by attacking the center in the southeast city of Pusan. The ruling was made Friday. A final appeal can be made to the Supreme Court.



U.S. Reveals Talks in Moscow on Namibia Issue

هكذامن الدّحيل

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The assistant secretary of state for African affairs, Chester A. Crocker, held unannounced talks with high-ranking Soviet officials in Moscow last week on the connected issues of Cuban treoes in Appele and of Cuban troops in Angola and efforts to reach a settlement on an independent Namibia, the State

Department has confirmed.

Mr. Crocker met with the Soviet deputy foreign minister. Leonid F. Ilychev, Wednesday, the same day that the South African foreign minister, R. F. Botha, and the defense minister, General Magnus Malan, met in the Cape Verde Islands with representatives of the lands with representatives of the

several weeks and represents one of the rare points of contact be-tween Washington and Moscow

glimmers of hope that negotiations on a settlement of South-West Africa as an independent Namibia, might be picking up pace after idl-ing since late summer, especially when coupled with other recent U.S.-Soviet contacts and promising signs from the current meeting of the Central Committee of the

Angolan ruling party.

labeled the act "just plain dumb."
U.S. officials said after the meet-

ban troops.

A State Department official said the estimated 20,000 to 25,000 Cuban troops in Angola, which generally stay out of the way of the South African forces, have become involved in the recent upsurge of military action by the Angolan anti-government forces of Jonas

that has been the target of a destabilization campaign by Pretoria. Mr. Wisner has been a point man in the talks with Angola as well.

South Africa's aggressive poli-

offered five scholarships.

A 23-month-old boy was killed Sunday when he fell more than 500 feet from an airplane that had just taken off from a rural airport, authorities said. They said that the boy fell out when the plane's cargo

ity" in southern Africa.

During the hearings, Allen Isaacman, professor of history at fairs Committee under Representative Howard E. Wolpe, Democrat of Michigan. the University of Minnesota and an expert on Mozambique, cited interviews with Western diplomats Representative Wolpe's commit-tee held one of the rare hearings during the current lame duck sesin Mozambique along with docu-ments captured from the anti-gov-South African support for the guerrilla movement that has wrested control of large areas of the

ernment Mozambique National Resistance to flesh out charges of

country from the government.

South African troops directly control a salient in southern Ango-

la from which they attack units of the South-West African People's Organization, or SWAPO, the Namibian independence group. They now have added the raid into Lesotho to their recent record of offensives against alleged or actual guerrilla units that take haven in

neighboring states. Another witness before the pan-el, Seth Singleton, a Ripon College professor and expert on Soviet foreign policy, argued that such ac-tions play into Moscow's hands and urged a U.S. policy of negotia-tion with both Moscow and South Africa to avoid setting off the Cu-

frontation in Africa and that they have no real strate gic interests The conference, Cour years in the making, was sponsored by the American Council of Learned Societies and the Sovi et Academy of

National Sciences.

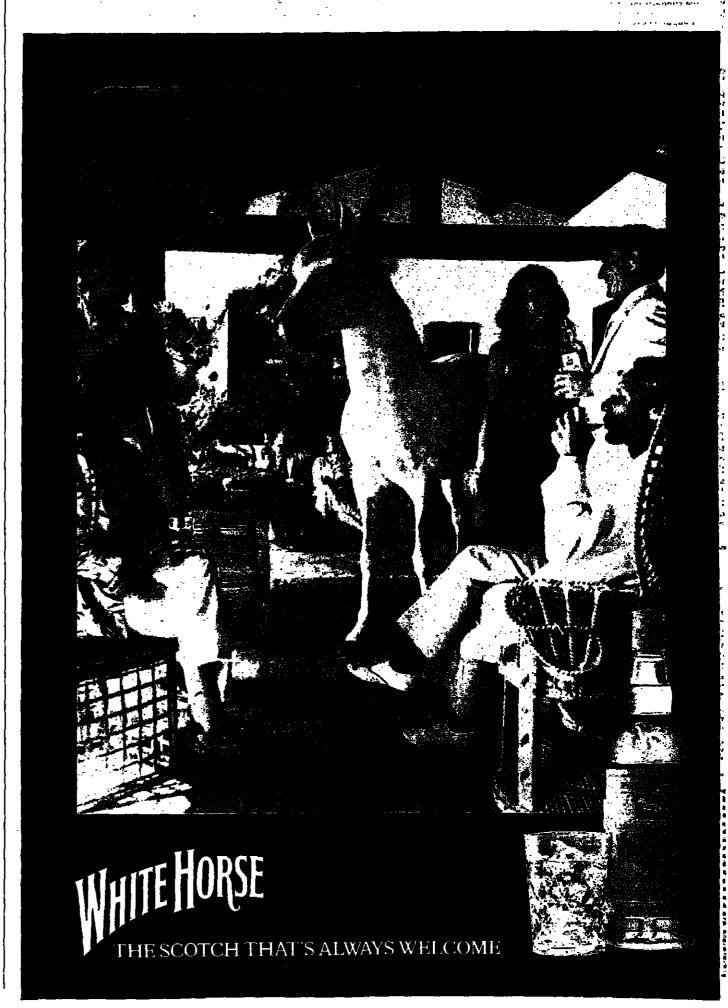
ban "trip wire" with anot her major South African invasion of Angola. Mr. Wolpe, meanwhile, said last week that Soviet experts attending

an unusual U.S.-Soviet conference on Africa at the Univer sity of Cali-fornia at Berkeley lass month de-livered a "consistent r nessage that they want to reduce a reas of con-

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A Rare Glimpse at the 'Black Jews of Ethiopia'

By Bernard Edinger

GONDA R. Ethiopia - Marxist Ethiopia, a occused of persecuting its 28,000 . Falasha Jews, has permitted outs iders to view some villages where the "black Jews of Ethiopia" ha ve lived since the time of Biblical Is rael.

On Friday and Saturday, before and during the Jewish Sabbath, this correspon dent visited Waleka, Ambober and Tedda, dusty villag-

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es around the former Ethiopian imperial capital of Gondar, more than 700 kilometers (440 miles) north of Addis Ababa.

It was the first contact with a Westerner that the Falashas (emigrants of the Amharic language. Jewish in religion but similar in biological type to the Galla) had been permitted to have in nearly two years.

The Falashas were cut off from outside_contact in early 1981. when Ethiopian authorities ex-

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workers on charges of encouraging there. emigration to Israel.

Brochures continued to offer visits to the poverty-stricken communities, where lifestyles have changed little in more than 20 centuries, but authorities barred tourists and diplomats from the villag-

Alarmist reports on the fate of the Falashas have appeared periodically in the Western press, re-

pelled foreign Jewish welfare ber of Ethiopian Jews who live voys if they wish to see what is the truth there." Leaders of the villages were

Ethiopian authorities, wishing to improve their image in the West and to attract currency-bearing European and American tourists. said this week that they had nothing to fear from investigations into the conditions of the Falashas.

A member of the military government said through an Informa-tion Ministry official: "The villagin demonstrations last es are now open for all - tourists, month in Israel by the small num- correspondents, even Israeli en-

frontation or struggle between pro-

Doctors Assumed

Would Not Work

The Associated Press

Barney B. Clark's new artificial heart has worked "beautifully"

since it was implanted Dec. 2, but

when he was preparing for the op-

eration, doctors "assumed that it wouldn't work," according to a

cal but stable condition Monday at the university medical center,

where he was gradually recovering

The seizures were brought on by

consciousness following scizures.

a chemical imbalance in his body.

not by the new heart, doctors be-

lieve. The device, the Jarvik-7, "in all cases has worked beautifully."

said Dr. Chase Peterson, university

Dr. Peterson said it might be

several days yet before Dr. Clark

fully regained consciousness. But

he said the retired dentist "is not

now primarily an artificial-heart

patient. He is simply a seriously ill

MARIQUITA. Colombia — A

DC-3 cargo aircraft on a training flight crashed Sunday into five

houses in the small town of Mari-

quita, 70 miles (120 kilometers)

northwest of Bogota, killing four

persons aboard the aircraft and in-

postoperative surgical patient."

4 Die in Colombia Crash

United Press Interna

vice president for health sciences.

University of Utah official. Dr. Clark, 61, remained in criti-

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah - Dr.

Artificial Heart

responsibility, he added.

Governments Share Responsibility For Food Shortages, Mubarak Says

ROME — President Hosni Mu- to 750 million by the end of the barak of Egypt said Monday that century, when the world populagovernments must take collective responsibility for solving food shortages, which he said could af-fect 750 million people by the year

In the first speech of a European tour that began Monday, the Egyptian leader said that there should be no political arguments over food.

"He who cannot afford to eat can neither use his freedom nor maintain his dignity." he said at the 136-nation Governing Council of the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

He said that about 500 million people suffer from hunger or acute food shortage because of either insufficient production or trade and agricultural policies imposed by some producing countries.



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l'iran

a foreigner. They did not believe that official attitudes toward them had changed. But none had heard of the concern about them abroad. All seemed surprised that their coreligionists should have been campaigning on their behalf.

The leader of Waleka, who introduced himself as Abebe Birhanu in Amharic and Yair Ben Uri in flawless Hebrew, was reluctant to speak without clearance from security officers in Gondar.

clearly taken aback at the sight of

He brightened on a second visit. when three government officials came to encourage him to speak and brought with them the door handles and locks of the village synagogue, which was closed by authorities at the time of the crack-

tion will exceed six billion," he said. The problem should be tackled not by North-South con-There was no synagogue at Ted-da, where about 100 Jews live among 1,000 Ethiopian Christians, but the synagogue was open at Ambober, a major Falasha center of about 2.500 Jews, most of whom ducers and consumers, but by admitting the principle of collective eke a living from the rocky soil, ploughing behind oxen as in Biblical days.

Ambober, reached by a bone-

jolting ride over hills and rugged gorges, is a huddle of thatched-roofed tukuls (huts) with no electricity. Water is drawn from a nearby stream.

Mr. Abebe, who had been praying with others outside the synagogue when the visitors arrived, rushed inside to check on the condition of the Torah (scrolls of the law) as soon as the building was

For the devout Falashas, who practice Judaism as did the ancient Hebrews before the fall of the second temple in Jerusalem before Roman armies in A.D. 72, it was clearly a significant moment.

The national commissioner for tourism, Fisseha Geda, said in Addis Ababa that the Organiza-tion for Rehabilitation Through Training the Jewish welfare group, had smuggled Falashas out of Ethiopia to Sudan and onward to Israel and "this had to be stopped for they are totally Ethiopians.

Mr. Fisseha said the revolutionary government considered the Falashas to be on an equal footing with 30 million fellow Ethiopians and was working for their welfare and development.

But ties with other Jews and the pre-eminence of Jerusalem in their prayers are clearly of the utmost importance to the Falashas, who were cut off from mainstream Judaism at the fall of Biblical Israel and until the last century.

Israel's chief rabbis finally ruled in the early 1970s that the Falashas were indeed Jews. They were held to be descendants of one of the 10 lost tribes and could therefore settle in Israel.



Prime Minister Dato Seri Mahathir Bin Mohammed of Malaysia, center, and Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy of France, to his left, reviewed an bonor guard Monday in Kuala Lumpur.

France and Malaysia Differ on Cambodia

KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia

— France and Malaysia failed to iron out differences on the conflict in Cambodia during talks Monday between Prime Minis-ter Pierre Mauroy of France and Prime Minister Dato Seri Mahathir Bin Mohammed of Malaysia, a Foreign Ministry

France's traditional ties with Vietnam did not imply support for Hanoi in the Cambodian conflict, the spokesman said. France voted at the United Nations for the withdrawal of Vietnamese forces from Cambodia.

However, Malaysia supports the recently formed coalition of forces lighting against the Hanoi-backed government in Mr. Mauroy said that Phnom Penh and France has

refused to recognize the coalition because it includes the Klumer Rouge, overthrown by Vietnamese forces in 1979. Meanwhile, Michel Johert, the

French foreign trade minister, had scheduled further discussions Monday on the means to increase French trade and investment in Malaysia, including possible credits for projects and export contracts.

Kohl Submits Contrived Confidence Motion to Bundestag

speaker, Richard Stücklen in ac-

BONN - Chancellor Helmut Kohl formally submitted a motion Monday for a vote of confidence which he plans deliberately to lose Friday, opening the way for early elections on March 6.

A parliamentary spokesman confirmed that the motion had

Civil Guard Is Killed In Spain Basque Town

TOLOSA, Spain — A Civil Guard died and another was seriously injured when their car came under machine-gun fire in this Basque town, police sources said. It was the first political killing since the Socialist government took office on Dec. 2. The two

day while stopped at a traffic light.

the sources said.

guards, in civilian clothes and an unmarked car, were attacked Sun-

cordance with the constitution. Under the procedure, the president can dissolve parliament and call midterm elections if a sitting chancellor fails to gain an absolute majority of the 497 votes in the Bundestag on a confidence vote.

Spokesmen for Mr. Kohl's parties — the Christian Democrats, Christian Social Union and Free been submitted to the Bundestag's Democrats — said their deputies

would abstain. All 225 opposition Social Democrats are expected to vote against Mr. Kohl, ensuring the motion is defeated. Some senior constitutional lawyers have expressed concern about the legiti-

macy of Mr. Kohl's move. The constitution, framed to pre-vent the chronic political instability which helped bring Hitler to power almost 50 years ago, does not allow the chancellor to dissolve parliament nor the Bundestag to vote its own dissolution.

But political sources said the decision of President Karl Carstens to call early elections would be eased by opinion polls showing that 85 percent of voters want

Several members of parliament were reported last month to be considering appealing to the constitutional court to prevent the elections. But the sources said the deputies had apparently dropped the idea after receiving legal advice that the move would at most delay the vote by a few days.

Soviet Envoy to Quit Paris

The Associated Press PARIS - The Soviet ambassador to France, Stepan Chervonenko, said Monday that he would end his nine-year tour here this month to return to Moscow to direct a section of the Central Committee of the Soviet Communist Party dealing with Soviet internal and foreign political activities. There was no immediate word on

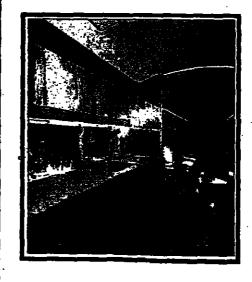
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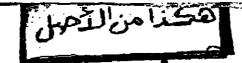
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Peck's Good Boy

By Berry Cuniberri

Les Angeles Times Service

VASHINGTON — "Boys,"
said author Richard Peck, "are so often portrayed as one-di-mensional, horny, slobbering

A former boy himself, 48-yearold Peck takes exception to that.

So he has done what any selfrespecting, former high school English teacher would do. He has written a book about it — a paperback movel, "Close Enough to Touch" (Dell; \$2.25), aimed at teen age boys and told in the first

person by a teen-age boy.

The storyteller, an introspective, long-distance runner named Matt, those first love drops dead in the high-school parking lot of a brain aneurysm, talks this way about

Why in the hell, I say to Beth. do women think they're the only ones who feel anything?"

Peck admits. "In real life, the boy never would have said it. He would have only wondered it."

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A mix of what Peck calls "the real and the ideal," this is the morelenting essence of the book — boys having feelings, expressing feelings, dealing with feelings. Even the book's football hero, who possesses "doorknob toes, weightpossesses about not been weight-lifting arms and sausage fingers," also comes equipped with an Ann Landers heart that gushes forth to a stunned Matt ("I didn't know team players had inner lives") during an impromptu locker-room dis-

In the first conversation they ever have, the football player, Joe Hoenig, tells Matt a story about a teammate: "Crock Wilson. You know Crock Six-foot-five and weighs about an eighth of a ton. I mean he can rattle your cage." Afher a tough loss on the gridiron, Wilson "cried his dumb heart out," the football hero tells Matt. Then he gets to the point of his parable.

"What I'm saying man, is: You've got some caying to do. Just

And then the wise young man with the "forearms like fur-bearing steel" limps off to the whirlpool.

In another episode of Matt's continuing attempt to cope, something unexpected happens. "It could happen to anybody, and now it happens to me. Scotch-fla-vored beer appears briefly in my throat. Then I throw up. Right on an officer of the law."

Peck draws his expertise on the subject matter from his 12 years of teaching English in a New York City high school and from "traveling 70,000 miles a year, eavesdropping on kids." The traveling is to research and promote a series of young adult novels he has written and will continue to write.

A lifelong bachelor, Peck has no children "Oh. no!" he said. "If I did I'd never write books about teen-agers. Parents can never see children as they really are."

Besides, all bachelors, Peck said. "are priests in disguise. I've been hearing confessions for years."

Peck said the book is not a romance novel at all. It is about a boy and his emotions. "Boys have all the same emotional equipment as girls, plus one more problem. They can't show it. As a former English teacher, I saw how forthcoming girls are and how frozen boys are about their emotional needs. Matt is typical in that he can't express his grief, his sorrow.

can't express his grief, his sorrow.

I want to write about the real problems of the '80s. Not drugs, drinking and divorce, but getting through relationships, coping with peer-group pressure."
When asked whether drugs and

sex dominate teen-age psyches, not to mention their purchasing habits, Peck replied, "I think kids who are heavily involved in sex and drugs are non-readers. I couldn't afford to write for them. But what about the others? You have to be alone to read. My typical reader is not a full-time conformist. I don't get team players as readers. My readers are quiet and worried about peer pressure, as I was."

Peck grew up in Decatur, Illinois. He described himself as a "scholar." "Boy, did I hide behind that. I was always working for my scholarship.

He never would have read a like "Close Enough to Touch." "I was too busy doing homework," he said.

But Peck gets the impression that today's teens are not terribly busy doing homework. He ascertains that a pitiful number of them can't or don't read at all.

"Kids are lonely," he said. "They got all their freedoms early and it only spells loneliness. That's why they hang out in shopping malls and play video games."

Peck does not pretend that his book is meant for everyone. "Our books," he said of teen books in general, "don't do well in pretentious schools or in the ghetto. People above and below the middle class seem to have something else to do."

Nonetheless, he will continue to write for the segment of teens who will buy his books. "Kids need books," he said. "They are not given the standards and discipline in schools that we took for granted. They look for morals in books." He thinks a significant number of boys have been closet romance novel readers for a long time, and his publisher is hoping he's right.
"I wrote the book for boys,"

Peck said with no uncertainty. "But the first response I got was from girls, wanting to meet Matt."



Richard Peck: "The real problems of the '80s."

By Andree Brooks

New York Times Service TEW YORK — Hundreds of divorced fathers are

protesting a U.S. law concerning child support. Since the beginning of the year it has permitted the Internal Revenue Service to withhold tax refunds if

the recipients are delinquent in the payment of court-

ordered child support.

Last year Congress authorized the Child Support
Enforcement Office of the Department of Health and

Human Services to send the IRS a list of those who

were at least \$150 and three months behind in child-

placed a particularly unfair burden on the taxpayer, the initial program has been confined to those whose

children are receiving welfare benefits. Most of the children needed welfare benefits, enforcement offi-

cials maintained, because the support payments were

not coming in. In almost all cases those who were in

"I was totally shocked," said Howard Joyce of New York City, a clerk on Wall Street, after he received a

letter from the IRS informing him that an anticipated

refund of \$1,126 was being denied. The agency main-

tains he was \$17,000 in arrears in child-support pay-

ments for his two daughters by a previous marriage. "I'd never even heard of the law," he said. "There had

The fathers are maintaining that Operation Inter-

cept, as it is called, is illegally withholding refunds on the basis of out-of-date and incorrect records. They

sons: because it denies due process by giving them

neither advance warning nor a hearing before action

is taken, and because formal appeal procedures are

not provided. They also say the law improperly penal-

izes second wives in instances where the refunds are

According to the IRS, 270,714 such refunds were

part of an adjustment based on a joint return.

also say the program is unconstitutional for two rea

arrears were found to be non-custodial fathers.

to be a mistake. I thought I was all paid up.

Because the officials believe the delinquencies have

support payments.

Fathers Assail IRS Support Action

for each return.

been made.

seized during the first eight months of the program, a forcing visitation or encouraging participation and period ending Aug. 31. (August is the most recent that all the authorities really seem to care about is month for which figures are available). The amount

Yule Hints for Pop and Jazz Listeners

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By Michael Zwerin ational Herald Tribune

DARIS - Here are some jazz and pop gift recommenda-

James Blood Ulmer. Rock" (CBS): Ulmer tunes his guitar in unusual intervals to make unusual music. He came out of R&B, studied and performed with Omette Coleman (creator of the "Harmolodic" system) and was a linchpin of the New York loft jazz movement in the '70s. Ulmer once defined fusion music pejoratively as "rocky jazz," though he fuses elements of the two with as much success as anybody since Weather Report. A funk beat tempered by the circular drumming of Grant Calvin Weston provides the foun-dation for the kind of vocals (by Ulmer) and improvisations Jimi Hendrix might be playing were he

Lee Konitz-Michel Petrucciani, "Toot Suite" (Owl): Konitz, alto-

withheld totaled \$169.9 million, an average of \$630

that where an error can be established or where it can be proved the refund was actually due a nonliable

second spouse, an adjustment will be authorized. He

said 4,851 such reversals, totaling \$2.8 million, had

Joyce's case was one of those reversed; he got a

partial refund of \$800 after he had demonstrated he

was not so far in arrears as the government had sug-

gested. However, he asserts it cost him untold hours

to pursue the issue as well as at least \$200 in interest

on a 17-percent loan that he needed to cover a con-

Members of the National Congress for Men, a

10,000-member network of 135 divorced men's rights

groups, are particularly outraged with the new pro-

gram. At a convention in Detroit in August the group

passed a resolution vowing to fight the Intercept pro-

gram. That campaign is being coordinated by John Rossler, vice president of Equal Rights for Fathers of

Single mothers question the motives of the men

who are protesting. "They are angry because they thought they were going to continue to get away without paying," said Elaine Fromm, secretary of the Or-

ganization for the Enforcement of Child Support, a Maryland-based group of 350 divorced custodial par-

ents that is working to coordinate the efforts of a

number of similar groups. "They had made them-

selves comfortable in a new situation and went over-

board on credit. Now they can't afford these pay-

Not so, Rossler maintains. "Almost to a man you

always hear our members say. We do not support parental irresponsibility," he asserted. "But you also hear them say they are extremely frustrated because

they have no input into their children's lives. They

seem to feel that the courts have been too lax in en-

New York State, an 1,800-member group.

ments. The new law was long overdue."

tractor's bill he had expected to pay with his refund.

However, Ernest Acosta, an IRS spokesman, says

man and an elder statesman of "the cool," meets a hot 20-year-old comer one-on-one. Pinnist Petruc-ciani is the biggest thing to hit French jazz since Jean-Luc Ponty (both now live in California). Konitz takes standards like "Lover n" into unfamiliar territory with a unique ear that hears inter vals most of us would not imagine. His style basically has not changed since he was featured with Miles Davis's "Birth of the Cool" band in the late '40s, and Stan Kenton in the '50s. It has matured and our ears have caught up. Petrucciani has no trouble catching up with or leading Konitz Recorded in the Salle Bösendorfer in Paris, the sound quality is extraordinary. Put

on your thinking cap.

Don Henley, "I Can't Stand
Still" (Asylum): One of the voices of The Eagles ("Hotel California"), Henley has come up with a smart, streamlined solo album. In "Dirty Laundry" a journalist proclaims: "It's interesting when people die/Give us dirty laundry." Set to a bouncy beat, "Them and Us" is about nuclear war: "One finger on the button/One finger up his nose/Johnny's in some cornfield./The early warning blows." His point of view does not hit you on the head - the mechanical time sounds like a computerized rhythm machine, for example, a social commentary in itself. Even a love song finds a nice twist for a hook:
"So we've got a little and we've got a little problem, baby/How to put together love and work." Don Henley obviously

can't stand still. "Collection Privée" (Carlyne Music): Previously unissued live performances by Miles Davis, Chet Baker, Sonny Stitt and Kenny Clarke with a number of top French jazz musicians, including the pianist René Urtreger, from whose private tape collection this album was put together. The sound quality on the two Davis tracks (recorded in 1957) is barely passable, though the music is much more than that. Baker and Stitt have rarely displayed better

form. Kurtis Blow, "Tough" (Mercury): Black ghetto street poetry over funk beat, including the hit title track. "Rapping" is a current fad making capital out of black culture and misery: "I don't want a lot, I want just enough/So why has it got to be so damn tough?" The texture gets monotonous before the end of both sides, but misery is monotonous too so it adds up to a certain organic unity. In any case, rapping is happening, and if you like to keep up with trends . . .

The Clash, "Combat Rock" (CBS): Spare, ambitious, political new wave rock. The "tunes" are often more rap than melody. Though and a "geo-disc" cartridge aligner simplistic at times ("Murder is a to insure full utilization of super



Jacket for Arthur Blythe record, from "Phonographics."

crime unless it was done by a policeman or an aristocrat"), the message sounds like one from the

Keith Jarrett, "Concerts" (ECM): Some of the same old (wonderful) stuff. Jarrett's solo acoustic piano improvisations sound less alike each other the more you hear them. Tapping his apparently inexhaustible mine, Jarrett continues to find deeper

Phil Collins, "Hello, 1 Must Be Going" (WEA): Honed, pleasant, tasteful, if not exactly mind-blowing, classic rock by the leader and lead singer of the group Genesis. Also a sensitive producer, Collins has come up with a rich and varied sound here, including a fat horn

Mel Lewis and the Jazz Orchestra, "Make Me Smile" (Finesse): The big band tradition carried into the '80s by new compositions and arrangements of Bob Brookmeyer, who has lately turned into a rather daring explorer. Though he sometimes looks a bit too hard, he may well have found the lost chord. Lewis's big-band drumming is a miracle of understatement, Tom Harrell plays soulful flügelborn, Earl Gardner's impeccable lead trumpet leads impeccable ensembles, and Brookmeyer's valve trombone remains a unique voice.

"The Beatles Collection" (Mobile Fidelity Sound Lab): A 14record limited-edition \$325 box including an album-sized booklet

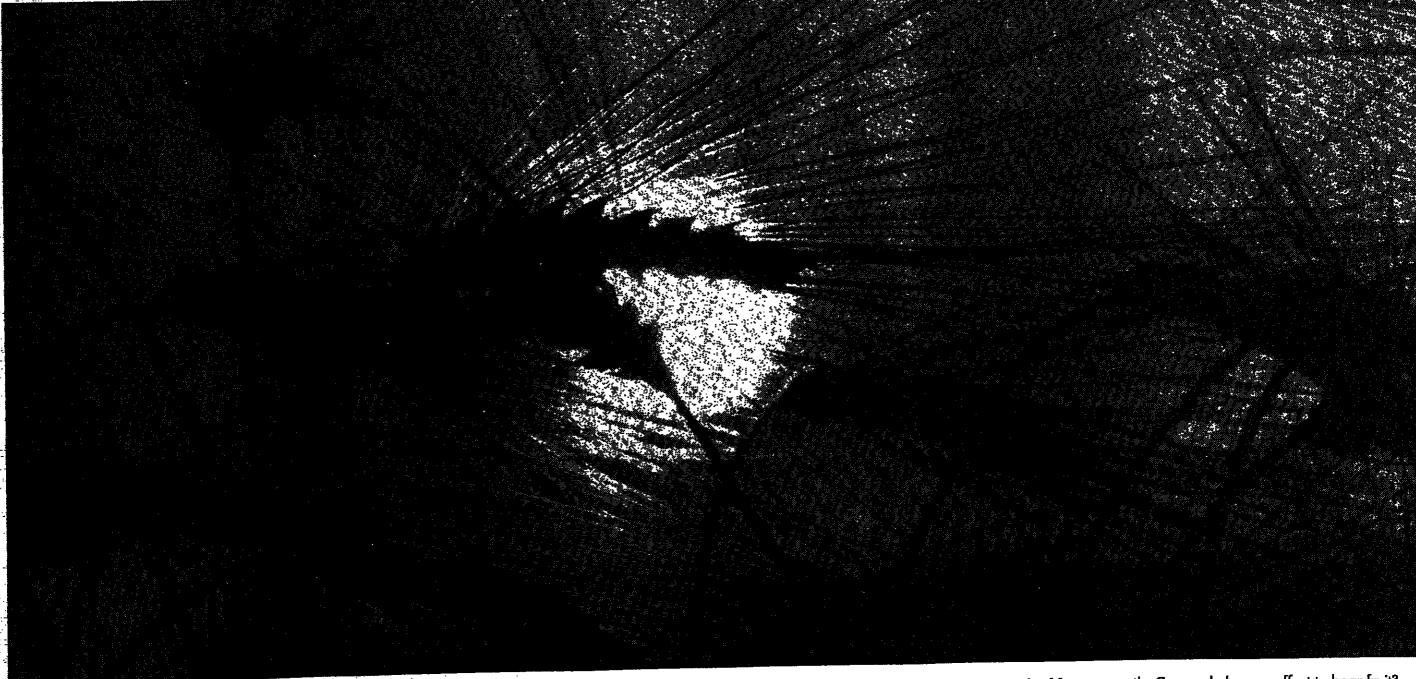
hi-fi production. The highs are clearer, the lows fuller than the originals. (To appreciate the Beatles genius, remember that "Sergean Pepper" was originally cut on only four tracks.) It is claimed here that 'All You Need is Love," "Magical Mystery Tour," "Abbey Road,"
"Let It Be" and so on were all pressed from the original master

Book: "Phonographics" compiled by Storm Thorgerson, Roger Dean and David Howells (AMP Publications, 159 pages): A coffee table size book with beautiful reproductions of recent jazz and rock album jackets which, like posters, can be artistic as well as a commercial tool. The best of them manage to represent the music visually — a vapidly sexy Debby Harry with pins stuck through her cheeks. Freddie Hubbard wearing a Panama hat and his Superspade expression for "Superblue," a nas ked Latin-type lady fighting a bulk for Ry Cooder's "Borderline," a saxophone-shaped brownstone il lustrating "Lenox Avenue Break down" by Arthur Blythe. There are both English and French editions though text is at a minimum (AMP Publications, 31 Rue de l Université, 75007 Paris.)

Also recommended:

Miles Davis, "We Want Miles" (CBS, double album): Davis live in Rolling Stones, "Still Life" (Pathé-Marconi): The Stones live

Bruce Springsteen, "Nebraska" (CBS): Shades of Woody Guthrie.



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Manville Thriving Despite Filing of Petition on Debts

New York Times Service NEW YORK — Manville Corp. is looking awfully good for a company in bankruptcy at least so far.

at least so far.

Unlike most other corporations that file for protection from their creditors under chapter 11 of the federal bankruptey law, Manville is still trading on the New York Stock Exchange, and its shares are slowly rising. They have climbed from \$4.25 on Aug. 27, the day after Manville's bankruptey filing, to about \$9.50.

Manville's third quarter profit of \$24.3 million, compared with \$12.6 million a year earlier, is another sign of strength, even though

er, is another sign of strength, even though part of the latest earnings resulted from the deferral of interest payments that followed the

hankruptey filing.

In recent weeks, Manville also kacked off a national advertising campaign describing the "exceptional efficiency" of its pared-down glass fiber, paperboard and filter manufacturations. A Manville spokesman said the ads were

just an attempt to assure our customers that we'll be able to continue to provide quality products," but many workers with asbestos-re-lated diseases saw them as an attempt by Manville to shift attention from the issue of liabili-And the indications of financial vigor at the company may be deceptive because the main question surrounding Manville's future—whether the bankruptcy court will resolve the 16,000 claims that Manville faces from work-

ers with asbestos-related diseases - has yet to

be decided. Lawyers for the asbestos plaintiffs assert that Manville's bankruptov filing was a bad-faith effort to avoid their claims and should be thrown out of court. Right now. Manville is preparing court papers that will be just as distressing to the injured workers — and just as interesting from a legal point of view — as the original bankrupt-

cy filing.

"We hope in the next couple of weeks to file papers asking the bankruptcy judge to estimate what the asbestos plaintiffs would be likely to get if they went through the normal litigation process and then to consider that amount their claim," said Stephen Case, one of Manville's attorneys.

"Saying the injury claims can be estimated in bulk instead of individually would be a gross abuse of the legal system and one that I can't imagine any appeals court upholding," said Robert Rosenberg, counsel to the asbestos workers' creditor committee. "As far as I'm aware, no court has ever done that kind of estimating. I would oppose it all the way to the

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1982

BUSINESS BRIEFS

Warner Communications Calls Its E.T. Sales Disappointing

NEW-YORK (Combined Dispatches) - Warner Communications, which last week announced low-cr-than-expected earnings forecasts, on Monday issued one negative and one positive forecast.

Michael Moone, president of the Atari division's consumer electronics

operations said that sales of Atari's E.T. cartridge have built up more slowly than the company expect-ed. Conceding that the game, based on the movie, will not sell more than Pac-Man, he said the company hopes for a pickup in sales in the next few weeks.

Meanwhile, Manny Gerard of the office of the

Warner president said Atari expects hardware sales

of its 2600 video-game system to be up more than 50 percent this year and software sales for the system to show an even greater increase.

Later Atan unveiled its new generation home computer, the 1200XL, that can use existing Atari programs. The computer, which includes 64K of random-access memory, should sell for less than \$1,000, Atari said.

of random-access memory, small First National Boston Aids Colonial

First National Boston First National Boston

(Renters) — First National Boston WATERBURY, Connecticut (Reuters) - First National Boston will acquire a 4.9-percent stake in Colonial Bancorp as a result of its agreement to invest \$25 million in the Connecticut-based bank, Bruce Wilson, a Colonial senior vice president, said Monday. He said that First National Boston will also acquire an option to purchase an additional 20-percent stake in Colonial when interstate banking laws permit.

First National's investment in Colonial, which has assets of \$1.25 billion, was announced earlier Monday in London, where a Colonial branch has encountered problems with loans to Greek shipowners resulting in a loss of between \$15 million and \$19 million for the parent

Bob Mariano, Colonial's senior lending officer in London, said the bank will make a \$35-million provision for the loans and intends to cut its dividend from the last quarterly payout of 45 cents a share.

Chrysler Canada Workers Return

TORONTO (AP) — Chrysler's 10,000 Canadian workers began returning to work Monday with a new contract won after a five-week strike that the company's chairman, Lee A. Iacocca, says cost the automaker

The new contract was ratified Sunday by 7,753 to 787, Wendy Cuthbertson, a spokeswoman for United Auto Workers union, reported.

The 42,300 U.S. Chrysler workers, who did not strike, are scheduled to -vote Thursday and Friday on their new contract, negotiated along with the Canadian agreement.

Dunlop Plans Malaysian Acquisitions

SINGAPORE (Renters) — Dunlop Estates said Monday that it plans to acquire a 53.7-percent stake in Malaysian Plantations, which is active in rubber and palm oil, from Multi-Purpose Holdings in exchange for shares valued at 80.5 million ringgit (\$34 million). The agreement is subject to the approval of authorities.

Dunlop Estates also announced plans to buy two plantation companies and four plantation-related properties for 107 million ringgit from Koperatif Serbaguna Malaysia.

Prime Computer to Buy Compeda

LONDON (Reuters) — The British Technology Group said Monday it had agreed to sell its Compeda subsidiary to Prime Computer of the

British Technology, which is composed of the National Enterprise Board and the National Research Development Corp., had been negotiating for the sale for a number of weeks after the failure of a proposed reorganization in the British computer-aided design industry threatened the closing of Compeda.

The terms of the transaction were not made public. In addition to

Prime Computervision of the United States was also trying to buy Compeda British Technology said that negotiations involved consultation with the British Department of Industry. Compeda was established as a subsidiary of NRDC in 1977 and has subsidiaries in the United States, West Germany, the Netherlands and Japan, a group spokesman

British Output at 15-Year Low

LONDON (Renters) — Manufacturing output in Britain fell to a 15-year low in October, the Central Statistical Office said Monday.

Manufacturing production in October fell a provisional 0.8 percent after an increase of 0.2 percent in September, and was 3.1 percent lower than a year earlier, it said. Total industrial output declined 0.4 percent in October after a revised increase of 0.4 percent in September.

Company Notes

BRINKMAN HOLDING, a West german subsidiary of Rothmans International, has acquired a 50-percent interest in Rowenta-Werke, Roth-

mans said Monday without stating the price. The interest was purchased from Sunbeam Corp., a subsidiary of Allegheny International.

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL and Time have signed a long-term technological agreement for the co-development of hardware for consumer information services. The financial terms were not discovered the consumer information services.

COSCO.

CITICORP has filed for an offering of up to \$2 billion of notes, the proceeds of which are to be used for general corporate purposes.

TEXACO said Monday the Sengana-3 exploratory well, nine miles off the Nigerian coast, tested 4,290 barrels of oil daily. Texaco and Standard Oil of California each have a 20-percent interest in the well, with the remaining 60 percent held by Nigeria.

Racal Blending High Growth And Low Profile

By Bob Hagerry ternational Herald Tribu

LONDON - For a company whose profit growth has averaged 44 percent annually over the past 10 years. Racal Electronics is not overly eager to talk about itself.

The chairman and chief executive, Sir Ernest Harrison, meets with the press only about once a year. Press releases are brief, and some so technical that,

to a layman, they almost seem to have been written by the company's encryption devices. Announce-ments of new products toss out references to "DF stations," "R.F. attenuators" and "FSK demodulators." A recent release vaguely acknowledging talks on the possibility of a minor acquisition was sandwiched between two boldly printed warnings: "Press statement to be issued to enquiries only" and "No further comments will be made at this stage."

"We don't tell everybody what we're doing," observed Ken Ward, director of corporate relations.

Perhaps parily because of that reserve, the City of London is full of share analysts willing to tell every-body that Racal is doing wonderfully. Despite the recession, analysts' forecasts call for gains in pretax profit of 25 to 35 percent from the £102.6 million (\$165 million) recorded last year, when sales totaled £643.9 million. The company says only that it expects another year of record profit, the 28th in a row.

In line with these expectations, Racal shares have risen nearly 30 percent over the past year, closing Monday at 534 pence. Few analysts are recommending purchase of the shares on a short-term basis, however, because this year's advance in electronic shares is widely considered to have left prices on the high

Also arguing for caution is a belief that no company can sustain indefinitely the kind of growth Racal showed in the 1970s. "What Racal has achieved is quite remarkable," said John Tysoe, an analyst at L. Messel & Co. "I think they have to settle back to a period of slower growth."

Nonetheless, most analysis call Racal a good bet for long-term investors, and what problems the analysts can identify do not appear devastating.

Bankers Urge the IMF

To Prepare to Borrow



Demonstration of a Racal "manpack" radio.

In military radio equipment, which accounts for around a quarter of Racal's sales, analysts see an eroding of Racal's preeminence as competition grows tougher from such rivals as Plessey and General Elec-ptic of Britain. Thomson-CSF of France and Rockwell International of the United States. Analysis took note last September when Racal lost to Plessey on a contract to re-equip the Australian armed forces with radio communications equipment. Plessey says the contract has a potential value of 150 million to 200 million Australian dollars (\$145 million to \$194

Analysts also see pressure on Racal's data communications group, which accounts for about 28 percent of sales. On the data side, modems are Racal's big product. Modems convert signals from digital to analog and back again, allowing data to be sent from computer to computer along telephone lines.

The problem is that five to 10 years from now (Continued on Page 11)

Federal Reserve Lowers Discount Rate to 8.5%

NEW YORK — The Federal Kesserve Board sprung a pre-Christmas surprise late Monday and cut its discount rate to 8½ percent from 9 percent.

The eagerly awaited cut in the the main instrument of the main instrument of the main instrument of the main instrument of the conomy and now investors are slowing down to wait for signs of the conomy added.

was not expected before this Friday at the earliest, according to market participants.

While the Wall Street consensus was that another reduction in the charge on loans to financial institutions was in the cards before too long, no one expected it so quickly. The view was that the Fed would wait until Dec. 21, when its policy making Open Market Committee is scheduled to meet, before cutting the rate.

The discount rate, last cut to 9 percent on Nov. 19, has been reduced seven times, always in halfpoint cuts, since mid-July. While the Fed normally makes its cuts late Friday, this latest move was the second to take place on a Mon-

At least partially in expectation of a wait before the Fed made its next reduction, prices on the New York Stock Exchange closed mixed Monday in slow trading.

The Dow Jones industrial average climbed 5.52 points to close at 1,0242.28, but declines led advances by about 50 issues. Volume slumped to 63.1 million shares from the 86.4 million traded Fri-

Analysts said the slower trading pace indicated the institutions were marking time following the

The foreign ministers also ap-proved measures to cut production

and set target prices in the steel in-

The ministers accepted most of

the measures on steel proposed by

dustries of member nations.

market's historic summer-autumn rally. Many analysts said a major correction was under way. But oth-

slowing down to wait for signs of improvement." Mr. Smith added the "timetable for the economic re-

covery keeps getting pushed back." Analysts said the market is suffering from expectations that interest rates will hold firm over the near term because of a heavy schedule of Treasury borrowings and fears that Christmas retail sales will be weak.

In the period immediately ahead, according to Henry Kautman, senior economist for Saloinfluenced to an important extent by the speed with which the Fed supplies reserves to the banking system to offset large seasonal drains. He made his comment before the discount rate cut Monday. On the NYSE floor, the blue-

chips were aided by advances in IBM and AT&T. IBM rose 1 to AT&T rose 1% to 61%. The company said its new American Bell aubsidiary would be divided into two divisions — consumer

products and advanced information systems. Monday, Warner was the volume leader and gained 1% to 36.

while Mattel rose 1% to 18%, also in heavy trading.

division, predicted "a lot of inno-

vation" in the wireless remote tele-

Mr. Tobiás also said the compa-

ny will move aggressively in home

videotex, which provides informa-

tion, shopping and other services through the telephone and the tele-vision set. He said American Bell

will begin late next year offering

on a commercial basis in South

Florida the videotex service that

AT&T has been experimenting

with in partnership with Knight

Ridder. Mr. Tobias said American Bell

AT&T Unveils Plans For New Subsidiary

NEW YORK — American Bell, the American Telephone & Telegraph subsidiary that formally starts business Jan. I, plans to offer customers ways to bank, shop and retrieve information at home and telephones equipped with digital displays.

At a press conference Monday, AT&T officials discussed product plans and named Charles Marshall chairman and chief executive of the subsidiary. Mr. Marshall, an executive vice president, has overseen the formation of American Bell.

The subsidiary allows Bell to enter such markets as data process-ing and information retrieval and for the first time in 26 years a means to sell services in which neither prices nor terms will be subject to government approval.

American Bell will be organized into two main divisions: Consumer Products, for home and small business customers, and Advanced Information Systems, supplying products and systems for large businesses. The subsidiary will start with a work force of 6,000 in the consumer division and 17,000 in the large business division. Archie J. McGill named president of the Advanced Information

will focus on videotex-related equipment rather than personal computers. "I'm not sure the personal computer is the best answer to" customer needs, he said. ■ MCI Phone Service Abroad MCI Communications an-

nounced Monday plans to extend its telephone service into Canada under an accord with Canadian phone companies, the Associated Press reported from Washington. MCI would become the first U.S. competitor of AT&T to crack in international phone service. "We've also been talking to a

number of other foreign countries and we hope to be able to an-nounce similar agreements soon," an MCI spokesman said-

EC Calls for a Panel to Push Japan on Trade signal to Japan." a British official said. By Ethan Bronner officials said it was likely that video recorders, hi-fi equipment and vans eventually would be included. know they are being specifically watched the Japanese know how The GATT panel would have no judicial power, but if it decided in to control themselves," one official Cars, televisions. TV tubes and certain machine tools already are under such surveillance.

BRUSSELS — The European Community decided Monday to call for establishing an internation-al arbitration panel to try to get Japan to ease restrictions on im-

Officials said the community's foreign ministers had made no decision on the timing of the request, which would be submitted to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in Geneva. They said, however, that the request would be submitted soon. We hope this will send the right

LONDON — Leaders of an in-ternational group of bankers and bank regulators meeting here

Monday urged the International Monetary Fund to prepare to bor-

row money from commercial banks or issue bonds.

Group of Thirty produced no statement at the end of its infor-

mal daylong discussion, but there

was broad agreement that existing plans to increase the fund's lending capacity would take too long to carry out, according to the group's chairman. Otmar Emminger, for-

mer president of the West German

Those plans, as negotiated last week in Paris by officials from 10

Western industrial nations, include a boost of at least 40 percent in

Rundesbank.

The Bank Study group of the

favor of community complaints it said. would have strong persuasive pow-ers, officials said. The ministers also agreed to

maintain statistical monitoring of certain Japanese products and al-low member states to request that other products also be subject to EC Commission officials said

that by simply counting certain products, the numbers of such products coming into the commu-

quotas for contributions from sup-porters of the fund and expansion of access to the General Agree-

ment to Borrow, a special fund

currently open only to those 10 na-

"Even if the quotas are in-creased and the GAB expanded, it

will be 18 months to two years be-

fore the money is available," Mr. Emminger said at a press conference following the non-profit

group's meeting. The members of the study group feared that the pressing problems of developing nations with huge trade deficits

and massive debts may require

more money from the fund than

"I'd like to see the IMF try a

small amount of both borrowing from commercial banks and bonds, just to reassure the develop-

ing nations and banks that it will

have money if it becomes neces-sary," added Robert V. Roosa, a

partner of Brown Brothers Harriman and former Undersecretary for Monetary Affairs at the United

States Treasury, after the press

will be available.

The ministers also agreed Monday that the commission should press its request for Japan to provide tangible assurances from 1983 onward that "it is pursuing a poli-cy of clearly defined and effective modification toward the community as a whole as regards sectors where Japanese exports to the community would cause signifi-cant problems," the officials said.

the community's Executive Commission. These call for reduced output and set target prices for sales with-Of the products that member in the 10-nation community in a states may request for monitoring,

This announcement appears as a marter of record only

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BANQUE ARABE ET INTERNATIONALE D'INVESTISSEMENT (B.A.I.I.)

Enticements Differ as U.S. Banks Try Today to Sell New Accounts

By Lydia Chavez New York Times Service NEW YORK - In a rush of jos-NEW YORK — in a rusu or rest thing, posturing and redesigning, banks and savings institutions have been concocting their plans for Tuesday's debut of the new money market fund accounts.

The financial marketers have taken the guidelines — no interest rate ceiling on a minimum deposit of \$2,500 and only six preauthorized withdrawals — and dressed them up to compete for the estimated \$100 billion at stake. Some are offering interest rates on the savings accounts above 11 percent, while others are trying cash

In the midst of their planning last week, bankers and thrift institution executives received word that on Jan. 5 they would also be permitted to offer a checking account with unrestricted interestrates and a \$2,500 minimum de-

This checking account will pay a rate lower than the money market account because banks have to maintain reserves - money that sits in the bank without earning in-terest — on checking accounts. While the limited withdrawals from the money market account are written in the form of checks, the instrument is not a checking account. It is available to individuals and corporations, while the new checking account to be introduced next month is available to individuals only.

The competition for customers

for the money market accounts has caused some acrimony in the industry because the introductory rates are far above the 8.3 percent that many money market mutual funds have paid recently. In addi-tion, the myriad of ads has caused confusion among consumers, according to financial advisers.

"There will be some distinct differences in the accounts, and the promotional offers are going to continue for several months, so that we are telling our clients to wait and do some comparative shopping," said William Carter, president of Financial Planning Services, a consulting firm in Dal-

las.
Of the bigger banks, Chase
Manhattan, has been one of the most aggressive in its introductor offer for the money market account. It is willing to pay depositors 11 percent interest until Jan

The Republic National Bank New York is willing to pay 11M percent on deposits of \$2,500 to \$25,000. Republic is also one of the few banks to come out and sa exactly what it will tie its rates to the feature that should most concern consumers, according to

financial planners.

If the rate, which most bank will set weekly, is indexed to a spe cific financial instrument, the consumer will have a fairly good ide of what to expect. But the bank can set the rate at its own discretion, and rates can fluctuate con-

For deposits of less than \$50,000, Republic will pay at least the rate of the Donoghue's Government Money Fund Average. For balances that exceed \$50,000, Republic's minimum will be the average of the daily yield on the Dreyfus Liquid Assets, Fidelity

Daily Income Trust and Shearson Government and Agencies Fund. Other banks declined to be spe-cific about what they will the their rates to or whether they will index their rates to anything at all. "We will determine the rates on market conditions," said Brian Holland, director of marketing for consumer banking at Chase.

der better control than many feared three months ago"

The meeting also discussed the growing role of the fund in providing guidance for commercial and central bank contributions to debt rescheduling efforts in developing nations, a development Mr. Emm-inger described as "unheard of until a year ago."
Mr. Emminger said that financial problems "now seem to be un-

CURRENCY RATES Interbank exchange rates for Dec. 13, excluding bank service charges

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Brusse		77,71	19,581	4915	3.397 •	17.7842	_	22.95	5.56
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Miles	1,425.55	2,287,90	57 6.7 5	203.58		523,60	27.443	67491	163.90
New Y		1.4053		0.1428	0.07 -	0.3669	0.0207	0.4719	0.1148
Paris	7,2075	11.257	263.55 •		4,9165 x	257,65	14,478	332.48	80.52
Zarich	2,1097	3,3672	85.333 •	30.11	0.148	77.53 *	4,3634	_	24.245
1 ECU	0.8348	0.5831	2,3145	6.5025	1,225.36	2.5499	45,2996	1,9772	8.1497
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BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS

Floating rate note issue of US\$225 million June 1981/96

The rate of interest applicable for the period beginning December 13. 1982 and set by the reference agent is 99%% annually.



Monday's NYSE Closing Prices
Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street. STATES CONTRACTOR OF THE STATES OF S P17.74

P17.74 25年 1985年 ## 346 ## 316 ## 5.7 1462 2.146 ## 5.7 1462 2.146 ## 1.7 ## 1 Toronto Canadian Stock Markets Dec. 10 2822 ConP Ent 1223 Con Non Re 274 Con Non Re 275 Con Non Re 275 Con Non Re 275 Con Non Re 1305 Celonese 2000 Cherokee 5395 Con Distrio 180 Con Ferdy 3500 CTI. Bonk 5392 Conventra 1800 Conferent 1800 Co

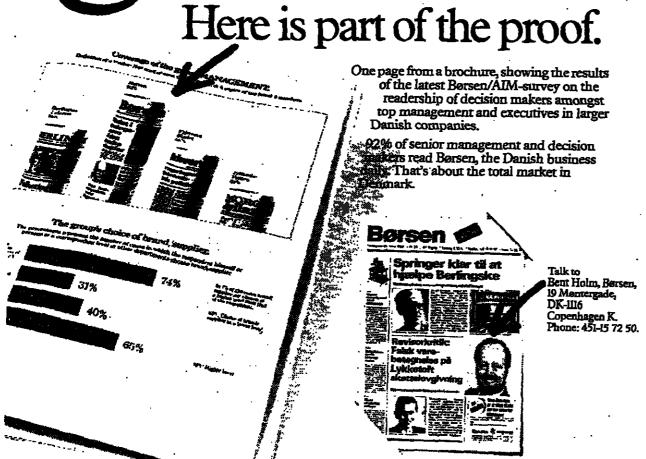
United-Guardian, Inc renewable energy sources oil and gas recovery P 0 BOX 2500 • SMITHTOWN NY 11787

specialty chemicals pharmaceuticals synthetic fuels metal powders

R & D

Total Sales: 6.271,004 shares

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Børsen. No other Danish daily comes even close.

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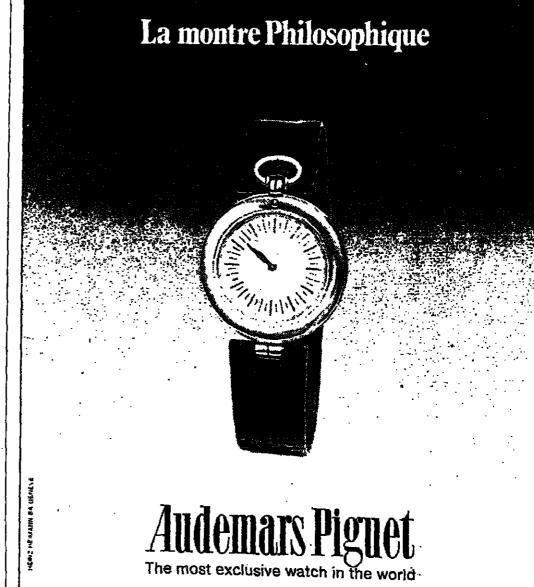
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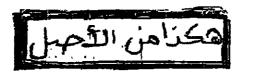
(CDR's)



About 200 brokers in Japan are currently under observation by the

Japanese ministry for alleged irreg-

ularities and 51 of a total 81 Japa-nese associate members of the ex-



China Seeks Massive Investments To Finance Modernization Plans

By Michael Parks

by butchact ranks

La tageler Times Service

BEUING — Faced with an acute
capital shortage; China is planning
to use a minimum of \$10 billion in foreign investment, and perhaps twice that amount, as a key part of its current five-year economic deelopment program.

To attract such large amounts of

foreign funds, which would be used to finance industrial modernization, introduction of new technology and development of natural resources. China is prepared to be flexible in its conditions for foreign loans, joint ventures and di-rect investment, deputies to the National People's Congress have been told.

Prime Minister Zhao Ziyang told deputies during the debate on his five-year economic plan that such financing is essential for the program's success, according to Chinese sources who have been briefed on the meeting.

Not only will the foreign loans and investment provide necessary capital, Mr. Zhao explained, but they will ensure the advanced technology that China needs to increase its industrial productivity and to exploit its natural re-

"When foreign money is at risk as well as our own, we know we will get what we need, that we will get the best - our partners will

quoted as telling a group of depu-ties. On Friday, the Congress end-ed with the approval of the five-

The 3,000 items of advanced technology that China plans to import during the five-year program to modernize its industry — a list ranging from whole petrochemical plants to computerized machine tools, from automated assembly lines to high technology manufac-turing processes — will be largely financed with such foreign financ-ing Mr. Zhao told the deputies.

This technical renovation, as it is termed here, aims to modernize 10 percent of Chinese industry each year for the next decade, spending 30 billion yuan (\$15 billion) annually to do so. The initial focus will be on 9,000 key enterprises (out of a national total of 380,000) that are responsible for 56 percent of China's industrial

'Measured against China's own plans for capital investment of some \$180 billion, \$10 billion or \$20 billion does not appear to be very much," a U.S. banker said in Beijing. "But this money would be going into key sectors.... The impact could be enormous."

Mr. Zhao called for "effective use of foreign loans, acceptance of direct investment by foreign busi-ness and the establishment of [more] joint ventures" to increase

greater profits that the foreign investors will be allowed, Mr. Zhao reportedly replied that only such opportunities will attract Western businessmen and bankers

to put their money into China. Sensitive about the amount and scope of this planned foreign in-volvement in economy, govern-ment officials omitted the actual figures from the reports of the re-marks by Mr. Zhao and Finance Minister Wang Bingqian, but the information has been circulated during panel discussions this month.

China's dilemma is this: The productivity of its capital assets is very low, less than half that of most industrialized countries, and so even the moderate 4-percent percent growth it wants each year from 1981 to 1985 requires large amounts of new capital. But the government is committed at the same time to improving living standards.

Foreign capital investment, to be repaid out of future profits from offshore oil, other natural resources such as coal and increased exports is a partial answer. China's decision to seek foreign financing for its development program is reflected in two fundamen-

tal policy changes — acceptance of a continuing 10-percent deficit despite strong political reasons to balance revenues and expenditures

and a similar built-in trade deficit. According to well-informed economists, Mr. Zhao believes that only with an infusion of foreign funds — large amounts, not the few hundred million dollars that China has got so far each year since opening itself to foreign investors in 1979 — can the country undertake modernization of industry, raising both capital and labor productivity, and still improve living standards.

China has been disappointed in the foreign capital it has attracted because most has come in the form of agreements with Hong Kong businessmen to process or assemble export products on which the profits wind up largely in the hands of middlemen.

Japan's Curb on Futures Troubles Hong Kong Hong Kong were detected involv-ing 89.7 million yen, they said. The officials said that it is common for dubious Japanese brokers to receive orders in Japan for

Hong Kong commodities from

TOKYO — The Hong Kong Commodity Exchange is con-cerned that a new law restricting futures trading by Japanese on foreign commodity markets will und-ermine Hong Kong exchanges. Japanese officials said Monday. They said that a mission led by Peter Scales, the chairman of the

exchange, asked officials of Ja-pan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry at recent talks if the effective date of the law could be delayed or its provisions

However, MITI officials said that such changes would not be

About half the total commodity trading volume in Hong Kong consists of orders from Japanese brokers. The new law is expected to curtail substantially Japanese par-ticipation in Hong Kong trading because many of the orders are made through fraudulent or questionable Japanese brokers, according to the Japanese officials.

They said that nearly 90 percent of the fraudulent practices are or-ders placed with the Hong Kong exchanges for sugar, gold and soy-

In 1981, MITI detected 369 cases of possible fraudulent practices including 341 in Hong Kong markets, involving 1.42 billion yen (\$5.8 million). But these cases rep-resent only a small proportion of the total fraudulent practices, the officials said.

In the first eight months of 1982, 194 cases including 142 in

changes in Hong Kong have been reported to the ministry, the offismall investors, but not to place the orders. tion is not sufficient to deal with

Such practices will become crim-inal offenses under the law, which

has been passed by the Diet, Ja-

pan's parliament, and will take ef-

fect by Jan. 15, MITI officials said.

They said that the present legisla-

Extract from Audited Consolidated Accounts for the year ended 30th September 1982

EULABANK

Profit before Taxation	1982 £ 8,326,425	1981 £ 9,825,259
Profit after Taxation	3,001,189	4,711,665
Share Capital and Reserves	28,842,683	25,841,494
Subordinated Loans	20,685,579	19,482,327
Deposits	617,825,991	572,140,292
Cash at Banks, etc	123,150,013	106,622,703
Deposits Placed	27,573,494	52,589,618
Loans and Advances	517,190,209	461,059,426
Total Assets	692,561,314	647,965,409

Eulabank is an international merchant bank based in the City of London; its shareholders are leading European and Latin American banks. The bank specialises in arranging and participating in loans to major borrowers throughout Latin America.

SHAREHOLDER BANKS

Europe Algemene Bank Nederland NV; Banca Nazionale del Lavoro; Banco Central SA; Banque Bruxelles Lambert SA; Banque Nationale de Paris SA; Barclays Bank International Ltd; Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bank; Deutsch-Südamerikanische Bank AG; Dresdner Bank AG; Osterreichische Länderbank AG; Union Bank of Switzerland.

Latin America Banca Serfin SA; Banco de Colombia; Banco de la Nación; Banco de la Nación Argentina; Banco de la República Oriental del Uruguay, Banco del Estado; Banco del Estado de Chile; Banco del Pichincha CA; Banco do Brasil SA; Banco Industrial de znela C.A.: Banco Mercantil de São Paulo S.A.

The above extract is an abridged version of the group's full accounts which will be filed with the Registrar of Companies and on which the company's auditors gave an unqualified report. Copies of the Annual Report and Accounts may be obtained from the Secretary.



Euro-Latinamerican Bank Limited Gillett House, 55 Basinghall Street, London EC2V SEN Tel: 01-606 6141. Telex: 881 1929

Racal Electronics Blends Explosive Growth, a Low Profile

(Continued from Page 9)

many computer networks are expected to become fully digital. That would eliminate much of the demand for modems, according to Peter Foster, a consultant for International Data Corp. of London, although some uses would remain and new kinds of connectors would be needed.

Racal executives respond wearily to the modern question. "I suppose there must be a grain of truth in it," because analysts have been badgering him about it for years, said Leighton Davies, who heads Racal's data group. "I sort of think some of these analysts get paranoid at times," he added.

competition intensifying in both defense and data. I think real prices will fall," said Robert Pringle of Hoare Govett. "It will be formed as a two-man consultancy very much up to volume to rise." "Ernie Harrison is an incredible very much up to volume to rise." "Ernie Harrison is an incredible Another worty for some is that the entrepreneur," said M.J. Aldrich, Japanese, under pressure from managing director of Rediffusion Washington to build up their military, will become potent competi-

Among areas in which the company expects growth are office-machine networks, electronic funds transfer systems, cable television gear, intruder detection and equipment for marine survey and precise positioning of oil rigs. The company is also widely spread geographically; about 70 percent of sales are overseas.

Still, in light of Racal's reach into dozens of fast-changing markets, Richard Ryder, an analyst at Phillips & Drew, questioned whether the company's long-term planning is adequate, saying Racal may be relying too heavily on the flair of one man, Sir Ernest.

Though the company is hardly Paranoid or not, analysts see considered a one-man show, praise tends to center on Sir Ernest, 56, who joined Racal as chief accountant in 1951, one year after it was British executive.

But Racal has spread its bets. the City, a share analyst was less



flattering. He said Sir Ernest suffers from "an almost insane pa-

triotism," demands "ruthless dedi-cation" to the company and to the company and pounces on his executives when

Other analysts insist that Sir Ernest would not get stellar results if he were such a tyrant. "He's only

dictatorial if somebody doesn't

perform up to expectations," said one analyst among the admirers.

The admirers say Sir Ernest in-spires his staff to work extremely hard. They do not play golf, they do not go out for a day fishing," Mr. Ward said of Racal's top executives. Racal men do unwind, he said, but only after hours, and even then "their friends tend to be

colleagues."
Aside from being hard-driven, Racal's management is shrewd, analysts say. The company has grown by "making the companies they acquire as efficient as they them-selves are," said Messel's Mr.

For instance, Racal bought Decca Ltd., a maker of radar and marine navigational products, in April 1980 for £106 million. In the year ended March 31, 1980, Decca had a loss of about £12 million; two years later, the Decca operations retained by Racal showed a profit of £9.5 million. "There was no way we couldn't think we could do better," Mr. Ward said.

To make companies do better, Racal breaks them up into small not discuss which side wins.

units - a staff of about 500 is optimum, Mr. Ward said - and lets young engineers build their own highly specialized businesses.

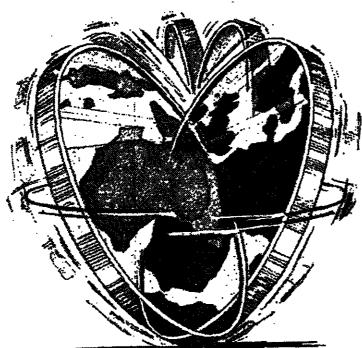
While it gives young executives wide latitude, analysts say, Racal's central management zealously monitors the books. When a problem shows up, the central managers swoop down and "are prered to be fairly ruthless about ' said one analyst.

The company also has been good at choosing its markets, generally shunning consumer items in favor of capital goods. In its military business, Racal avoids relying on meeting the specifications of one defense ministry. Instead, it designs a product to its own standards and then goes out and peddles it wherever possible. This style of operating has meant that about half of Racal's military business is in the Third World. "That's where the margins are," said Mr. Ward.
Inevitably, both sides of some

conflicts use Racal's radios. jammers and counter-jammers. True to form, the company does

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Continental Currencies the other side of our Foreign Exchange Business ·

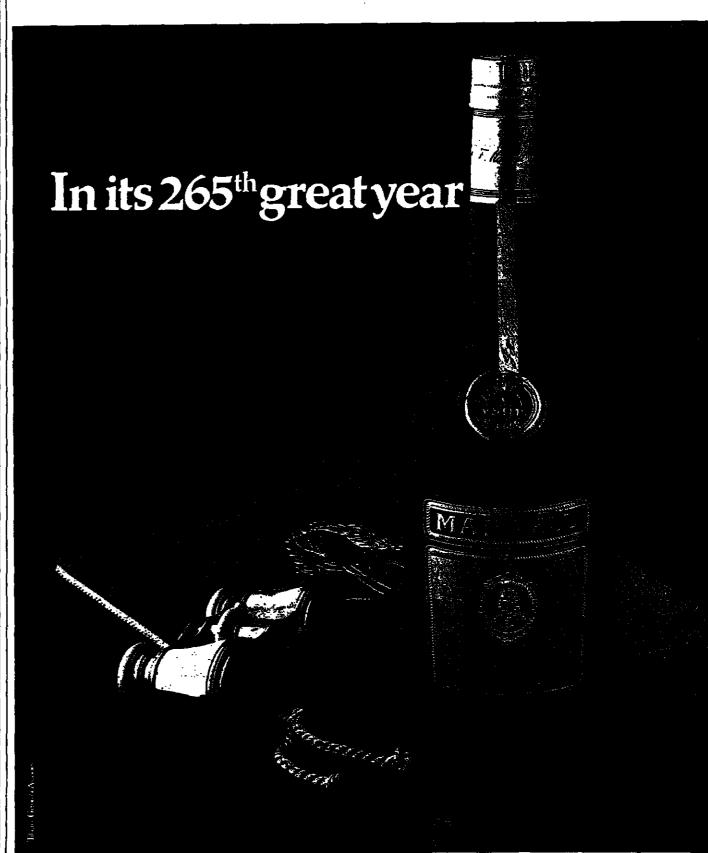


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Monday's AMEX Closing Prices Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street.

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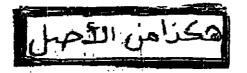
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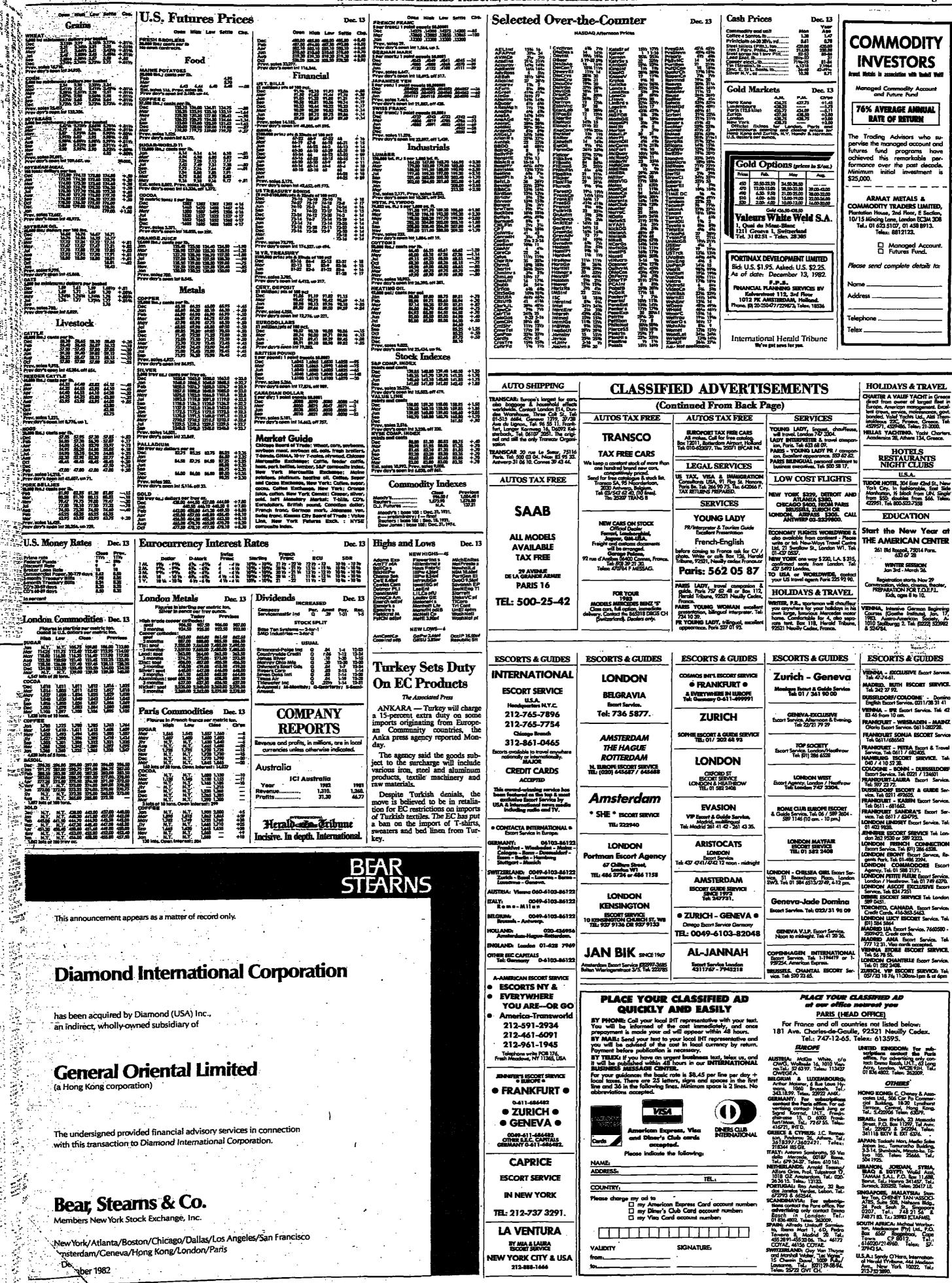
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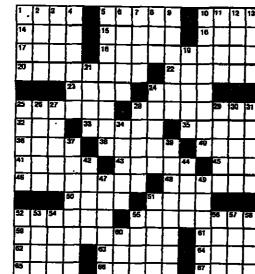
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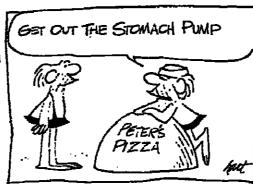












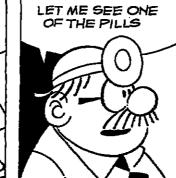
























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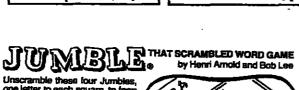
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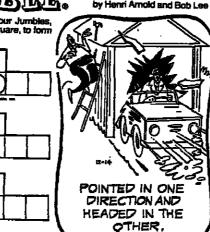
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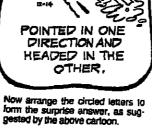


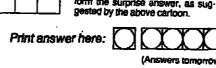








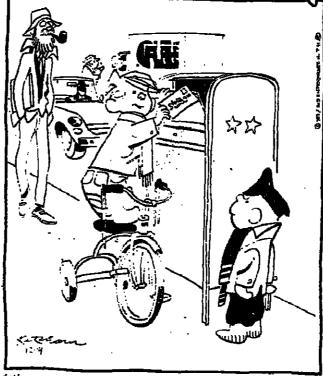




Jumbles: SUMAC AGLOW UNLIKE CELERY Helps many people rise in the world—AN ALARM CLOCK

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DENNIS THE MENACE



WHEN OL' SANTA GETS MY LETTER, HE'LL HAVE TO PUT HIS ELVES ON OVERTIME!

BOOKS

THE LONGEST WAR

Israel in Lebanon

By Jacobo Timerman. Translated from the Spanish by Miguel Acoca. 167 pp. \$11.95. Alfred A. Knopf, 201 East 53d St., New York, N.Y. 10022.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

IF ONE can plausibly reduce to skeletal form Jacobo Timerman's rather complex, if not quite rambling, lament for what he considers to be Israel's recently lost virtue and morali-ty, parts of which appeared in The New Yorker, it goes as follows: The invasion of Lebanon last spring was unique in that it constituted Israel's first aggressive war — that is, the first case ever of Israel's having attacked without first being attacked — and that it was the first war ever fought by Israel without defined objectives.

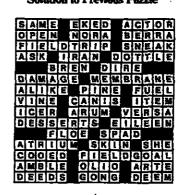
Timerman believes that this aggression arose essentially from Prime Minister Menachem Begin's "unbal-anced" perception of the world. For after all, as the author asks in a typi-cally unwieldy sentence. "Isn't a prime minister who finds reasons for acting today against the crimes committed by the Nazis 40 years ago acting on the basis of hallucinations clearly studied and described by medical science?"

But whether the basis of Begin's be-havior is rational or not. Timerman goes on, it has had and is continuing to have a number of corrupting effects on Israel. Timerman argues that it has caused the government to lie about and cover up Israel's conduct in Leba-non, which has, in turn, served to undermine the country's moral credibility.

In Timerman's view, Begin's behav-ior has degraded the legacy of the Holocaust and "the moral content of the Jewish tragedy" by using both "to justify the invasion of Lebanon, in particular, and Israeli foreign policy in general." To this Timerman adds: 'I sometimes ask myself whether the Holocaust is a right or a mission for those of us who are alive. We must remember the Holocaust to avoid its repetition - against us, or any other

people."
Finally, and most disturbing of all to Timerman, Begin's policies seem to be aimed at making permanent the delusion that the Palestinian problem can be solved militarily. In fact, Timerman believes, the Israeli-Pales tinian fight is "a conflict over equal rights." "A peace movement won't be enough," he adds. "We'll have to re-solve the conflict over equal rights. And Israel has the strength to accomplish this."

To all of this a number of objections can be raised. For instance, it might plausibly be argued that the reason the Begin government invaded Lebanon was actually not just to subdue Palestinian terrorism but also to challenge an entire Arab world that Begin saw ranged against Israel.



Whether or not this was hallucinatory seems at least debatable. After all, it was only as a result of the invasion and the subsequent failure of any Arab government to come to the Palestine Liberation Organization's defense that it became apparent how badly fragmented the Arab cause may be. Relatively few people saw this be-

fore the invasion. As for Timerman's insistence that the invasion was unnecessary in any case because the Palestinians were clearly ready and willing to recognize and deal peacefully with Israel, one can only respond that not everyone perceives the PLO's benign intentions as clearly as Timerman claims to do.

To deflate the perceived threat of the PLO. Timerman soolds all the forces that betrayed the Palestinians by treating the PLO as if it were a serious threat to Israel's survival, when, in fact, according to him, it never was. And when one asks why Israel shouldn't have taken the PLO seriously when Western Europe, the Third World, the Arab League and the Soviet Union were all pretending to do so, as well as pretending to support it. Timerman seems to reply that Israel should simply have known better. "Israel is not like other countries." He invise having lived there for tries," he insists, having lived there for three years now since his exile from Argentina. "We cannot do to others what was done to us."

To this one can only object that though Israel may have been founded on superior moral principles, an equally plausible reason for her existence is precisely the opposite — namely, that becoming a nation meant that Jews were no longer required to be morally superior to the rest of the world. Having a homeland meant being no more moral or less moral than any other nationality.

Nonetheless, when you strip "The Longest War" of all its rhetoric and breast beating, it seems to me still to imply a powerful argument that the policy of the Begin government toward the Palestinians has been tuntamount to carrying on a blood feud, with the only instrument of justice being acts of revenge. But history has proved that no civilization can flourish as long as chains of revenge con-tinue to be forged. There must be a higher court to administer justice and put an end to feuds. That, in fact, is a prerequisite of a civilized state.

Seen in such a light, Timerman's case for the recognition of Palestinian rights is impossible to ignore. But actually, he concedes that this process of recognition may have already begun. As a result of the invasion, he writes, "the soldiers came to know that region which is so difficult to penetrate: the affective world of the others," by which he means simply the everyday yearnings of the soldiers' Palestinum counterparts.

This exposure, Timerman suggests, may in the long run lead to the ouster of the Begin government and a change of policy toward Palestinian self-determination on the West Bank and in the Gaza Strip. This would suggest that the Begin administration is not quite so malign as Timerman paints it in his more impassioned moments. Contrary to what Timerman asserts, it would suggest that as a country Israel is still far from being South Africa.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

THE difference between players who go in for positional sacrifices and those who won't is perhaps more a question of temperament than

Some filch pawns out from under their opponents' noses and are never so happy as when guiding this solid coin to success in a technical ending. These miserly mavens of minted emolument mistrust the ephemeral and never muse on the moment for a mighty gambit. No one can deny that this adds up

to a good business, but alternatively, there are situations that can be solved only by the positional sacrifice. In-deed, there are gambits so overwhelming that one tends to forget that any-

thing was given up at all.

One of these gens was created by the Yugoslav grandmaster Ljubomir Ljubojevic in his 11th-round game with the Hungarian world-championship candidate Lajos Portisch in the Olympiad in Lucerne, Switzerland. This was the only encounter won by the Yugoslav team in the 2-2 tie match and it gave Ljubojevic a blistering 9-2 score.

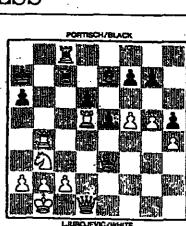
It is likely that Portisch, who will contest his quarterfinal candidates match with Viktor Korchnoi early next year, did not want to reveal what he had surely worked out in the poisoned-pawn variation of the Najdorf Sicilian (7 . . . Q-N3). But, of course, he is no stranger to 7 . . . B-K2 cither.

In recent years, 10 B-Q3, which Boris Spassky played against Bobby Fischer in the 15th game of the 1972 world championship match, has held sway, but such games as the present one show that the possibilties of 10 P. KN4 have not been exausted.

Accepting the long-known gambit 13 P-B5!?, by 13 . . . BxPeh; 14 K-N1, N-K4; 15 Q-R5, Q-Q1; 16 PxP, P-N3; 17 PxPeh, KxP; 18 Q-K2, K-N2; 19 P-KR4!?, BxP; 20 B-R3, gives Black considerable difficulty defending his king Porticols 13 N PA ing his king. Portisch's 13 . . . N-B4 is reputed to be the correct counter.

With 15 N/3-K2. White was not offering another gambit because 15. NaP? would allow 16 PxP. PxP: 17 QxN, B-N2: 18 NxP. BxQ: 19 NxQch, K-Q2; 20 NxR, winning a Diece.

In the Polovodin-Azmajparashvili game, U.S.S.R. 1980, the counterst-



Position after 28 ... KR-QB1

tack with 17 . . . R-QB1 was played, but had White tried 18 NxN, QxN; 19 R-R2, it would not have been clear how the threat of 20 P-B6 could be adequately parried. Thus, Portisch chose safer-looking 17... O-O-O.

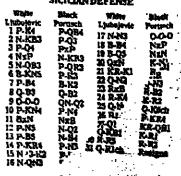
But now Ljubojevic grasped the opportunity for an excellent positional pawer sacrifice with 18 B-B4!, NxP

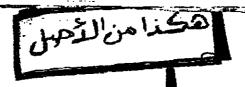
there was no use whatever in declining since the white bishop will dominate the game anyway); 19 B-Q5!, establishing an iron grip on the light squares. White's mobility was so strikingly superior to Portisch's had-hishop position that Ljubojevic quickly regained his pown with 26 RxNP.

The crushing blow that put an end to Portisch's resistance was Ljubojewic's 29 Q-KB1!, threatening not only 30 QxPch, KxQ; 31 R-R5mate but also 30 R-Q3!, trapping the black

On 31 Q-Rich, there was no point in going on with 31 . . . P-K5, since after 32 RxKP, it would be impossible to cope with a killing discovered check. Thus, Portisch gave up,

SICTUAN DEFENSE





Kriek Is 3-Set Winner **Over Denton in Final**

MELBOURNE - Johan Kriek elimed his Australian Open ten-is tourament crown Monday by rouncing fellow American Steve Jenton, 6-3, 6-3, 6-2,

Krick, who took four sets to habdue Denton in last year's final, less dominant throughout. Denm's normally blistering service eserted him and Kriek was never y irouble during the hour-and-for--minute match

Krick met Demon's serve with plid returns and otherwise carved im up with cross-court backands, crisp volleys and powerful

"I put the pressure on him and ande him play bad with my ser-Denton said his game fell apart then his first service disintegrated. I served badly, he didn't make my mistakes, and he returned my

"He can beat anybody in the orld when he plays like that... I as playing catch-up tennis right larough the match."

Denton sprayed his returns, mashed simple volleys over the eseline on the rare occasions he ead Krick out of court.

Kriek's lopsided victory boosts Stim into eighth position for next Smooth's Masters tournament in New York. Kreik pushed Austra-San Peter McNamara out of the

Masters while Denton has swept aside U.S. Davis Cupper Gene

Kriek joins Roy Emerson and Jack Crawford as having taken the Australian title in consecutive years against the same opponent. Emerson defeated Fred Stolle in 1964-65 finals and Arthur Ashe in

Crawford stopped Harry Hop-man in 1931 and 1932.

■ Stiff Penalties for Drugs World tennis authorities said

Monday in Melbourne that they are introducing stiff penalties for players found to be taking illegal drugs at tournaments.

The International Professional

Tennis Council has written an antidrug rule into the conditions of the 1983 grand prix circuit where-by drug-taking at a tournament site will be punishable by instant default and a \$5,000 fine.

The penalty can escalate to \$20,000 and three years' suspension from the circuit under the new

"We cannot legislate the private lives of players," said Marshall Happer, the IPTC's chief adminis-trator, "but we will try to keep the sport clean." He said that there have been no indications that players are taking illegal drugs at tour-naments, but added he hopes the penalties will have a deterrent ef-fect.



Johan Kriek, a 6-3, 6-3, 6-2 victor in the Australian Open final.

Bills' Defense Smothers Steelers, 13-0

ORCHARD PARK, New York - The Buffalo defense slammed the door on Terry Bradshaw and the Pittsburgh Steelers, Joe Cribbs rushed for 143 yards and Joe Ferguson's passing set up Roosevelt Leaks' i-yard touchdown run to lead the Bills to a 13-0 National

Football League victory Sunday. The Steelers didn't get into Buffalo territory until 16:29 remained in the game — and that was the result of a shanked 26-yard punt by Greg Cater. By then, Bradshaw had been taken out of the game after completing two of 13 passes for

NFL ROUNDUP

3 yards. He was intercepted twice and sacked four times.

His replacement, Cliff Stoudt, got the Steelers within four yards of paydirt with 11:58 left, but defensive end Ben Williams picked off a Stoudt pass to kill Pitts-burgh's final threat.

burgh's final threat.
Ferguson, who completed 14 of 29 passes for 163 yards, drove the Bills 78 yards in 13 plays for the game's only touchdown, Leaks's plunge with 7:11 to go in the second quarter. Jerry Butler caught four passes for 58 yards in the drive including a 22 yarder to the drive, including a 22 yarder to the Pittsburgh 3. Efren Herra gave the Bills a 10-0 lead with a 34-yard field goal 1:52 before halftime and hit a 19-yarder midway in the third quarter.

The Steelers got their only first down of the first half in the final minute of the opening quarter -

sive offside penalties called against Buffalo nose tackle Fred Smerlas. Pittsburgh was held to just six first downs and 94 yards in total

offense, including minus-2 net yards passing. The shutout was the second against the Steelers this season, the first time the Steelers have been blanked twice in a sea-

son since 1951. Said Buffalo defensive end Sher-man White: "We're only beginning to jell. This is our stepping stone." The Bills had been embarrassed by last week's 33-21 loss to Green Bay. "We expected a horner's nest, with the bearing they took in the press and all," said Chuck Noll, Pittsburgh's coach. "They were wired and fired up, and were much

-a grade school team." Noll remarked that the game's turning point was "probably the kickoff."

Lions 30, Packers 10

In Green Bay, Wisconsin, Billy Sims rushed for 109 yards and a touchdown and Detroit's defense smothered Green Bay with nine sacks and five pass interceptions as the Lions rolled to a 30-10 victory. Alvin Hall returned the second-half kickoff 96 yards for a touch-down and Eddie Murray kicked three field goals, while tackle Doug English led the defensive charge with four sacks for 24 yards in losses to help the Lions break a 3-

The Packers' Lynn Dickey, who had been the NFL's second-ranked passer, was benched in favor of David Whitehurst after Dickey completed only 7 of 19 passes for 39 yards and had four first-half passes picked off. Interceptions by Bobby Watkins, Hector Gray and James Hunter set up 13 Detroit

points by halftime, which ended with the Lions ahead, 23-0. The Packers' points came on a 31-yard field goal by Jan Stenerud and, with 3:11 left in the game, a

1-yard run by Gerry Ellis. Vikings 13, Colts 10 In Minneapolis, Rick Danmeier kicked two second-half field goals to give Minnesota a 13-10 triumph over Baltimore. Cornerback James Burroughs returned a third-period

interception 94 yards for a Colt touchdown, but Danmeier's field

better than we expected. Our of-fense couldn't muster anything," he said. "We looked like — what? goals — the 40-yard game-winner came at 9:09 of the final period wiped out a Baltimore 10-7 lead. Raiders 21, Chiefs 16

In Kansas City, Missouri, Jim Plunkett threw a 35-yard touchdown pass to Calvin Muhammad with 25 seconds left to play, lifting the Los Angeles Raiders past the Chiefs, 21-16. The Raiders went 80 yards in seven plays following a seven-play, 85-yard Kansas City drive capped by Billy Jackson's 1-yard TD plunge; it had given the Chiefs a 16-14 lead with 1:55 left.

Falcons 35, Saints 0

In Atlanta, Gerald Riggs and Lynn Cain each scored two touchdowns and a swarming defense

quarterback sacks as the Falcons crushed New Orleans, 35-0. Saint

quarterback Ken Stabler coughed up two fumbles, was intercepted three times and was sacked five times for 33 yards in losses. Seahawks 20, Bears 14

In Seattle, Jim Zorn passed for one touchdown and ran for another to lead the Seahawks over Chi-cago, 20-14. Zorn scored on a 15yard run and hit Byron Walker on a 7-yard TD pass in the second quarter for a 17-7 halftime lead.

Broncos 27, Rams 24 In Anaheim, California, quarterback Steve DeBerg tied an NFL record with 17 consecutive completions - passing for 246 yards and two touchdowns during the streak
— to lead Denver from a 21-0 deficit to a 27-24 victory over the Los Angeles Rams. DeBerg, who com-pleted only three of his first nine passes of the day, finished 23-for-31 and 307 yards. DeBerg's performance marked a Denver record, surpassing the mark of 16 straight completions set by Craig Morton in 1978, and equaled the NFL record of Bert Jones, who was watching from the Los Angeles bench. Jones set the mark of 17 in

1974 while with the Baltimore. The Broncos took the lead for the first time, 27-21, with 8:39 remaining on a 2-yard touchdown run by Rick Parros. The score came after Louis Wright intercepted a Vince Ferragamo pass and re-turned it to the Ram 12.

Virginia-Georgetown: Collegiate Game's Essence

By George Vecsey New York Times Service

≥ LANDOVER, Maryland — As hige crowd began to empty all once, a couple dressed mostly in range began to arrange the

range scarves and orange caps for trek into the chilly night.

Well, darlin, "the man said to s wife in an accent decidedly lue Ridge, "that was just about as is od as we hoped it would be back

The optimism of July had come ne for Virginia in the gathering lowstorm of December, without mehow crushing the spirits of the Georgetown side. The long-anipated meeting between Ralph impson of Virginia and Patrick wing of Georgetown ended in

murday night's 68-63 Virginia

victory, which both sides depicted as being short on significance.

The big game was as inelegant as it was exciting for the 19,035 patrons and the millions who saw it on cable television. In person high in the belfry of the Capital Centre and with a far poorer view than that of any televiewer — the game fell short of artistry. The level of play did not seem as high as in the 1968 epic game between Houston, with Elvin Hayes, and UCLA, with Lew Alcindor, the game that wedded college basket-ball and television.

But Saturday's mistakes were part of the charm, a much-needed whiff of amateurism in a sport that has become another property of the networks and the sponsors. time the eager players

went sprawling on the floor or threw the ball away, it served as a reminder that these were still young young adults who have been attending classes and taking exams at two of America's betterknown universities. Every trace of bumbling, youthful enthusiasm helped authenticate the huge arena's collegiate mood provided by parents and alumni and faculty who festooned themselves in

> have been much higher in a packed high school gym in downstate Virginia or inner-city Washington. Still, for all the collegiate types in the arena, these young men were part of big business. On one level, this was the game of their lives, the meeting between Sampson Ewing On another level, it was just another whistlestop for

Georgetown blue or Virginia

orange. The intensity could not

young performers who play all over the globe. Georgetown's student athletes have already performed in Hawaii this season. During what used to be the "Christmas break," they will play in Los Angeles in a tour-nament that bears the name of a

And that's just domestic travel. The student-athletes from Charlattesville had to hustle back to the motel to pump fluids into the veins of a flu-ridden Sampson. He needs to bounce back from Saturday's big game so he can cross more time zones than he ever imagined growing up in Harrisonburg, Next ic Ocean in Tokyo, in a tournament bearing the name of a Japa-

nese whisky.

Fortunately, the earnestness of the players and the crowd transcended the grubbiness of the fre-

board overhead. One could only wonder what Thomas Jefferson, founder of the University of Virginia, and St. Ignatius Loyola, founder of the Society of Jesus, Georgetown's religious order, would have thought of a message board.

Despite all that, these were college players, with other dimensions to their lives: Sampson lives in the historic senior apartments on Thomas Jefferson's main quadrangle: Ewing worked as a congressional aide last summer.

The sparks between Ewing and Sampson were slow to materialize because John Thompson, the Georgetown coach, did not want his man to pick up too many early fouls in man-to-man coverage. But in the course of the game, they had at each other often enough to satisfy. Ewing scored the first basket but Sampson made the first stuff. Ewing intimidated Sampson more inside but Sampson also saw the ball more.

The best sequence came with Georgetown coming back in the second half. Sampson hit a stuff to make it 57-51, but Ewing came right back for a stuff to make it 57-53. Then Ewing blocked Sampson once, twice, three times before he

was called for a foul. The physical vibrations were nostly good. Ewing seemed to appreciate scrappy Ricky Stokes of Virginia, who was often tumbling for the loose ball. When Stokes fouled out near the end. Ewing Thursday and Saturday, darlin', walked the length of the court to Virginia will play across the Pacific give him some fives from on high. walked the length of the court to And when it was over, the vibra-tions were still good. Sampson said

he had been tired from the flu and pronounced Ewing very good, very strong. Ewing, who seems to have lost some of the excess tension of his freshman season, proquent TV timeouts and the blatant sion of his freshman season, pro-commercials for greaseburgers and nounced Sampson "the best I've sugar water on the huge message ever played against."

NFL Standings



Buffalo 13, Pif Minnesota 11. Battir Mannesota 13, Bottimore 1 Cincinnoti 23, Cleveland 1 Detrait 33, Green Bay 10 New England 3, Milami 0 N.Y. Jets 23, Tampa Bay 7 Washington 12, St. Louis 7 Seattle 20, Chicago 14 Denver 27, L.A. Roms 24 Allanto 35, New Orleans 0 nta 35. New Orleans L.A. Raiders 21, Kansas City 16
Menday's Game

Dallos at Houston



Jolted by nose tackle Fred Smerlas, Pittsburgh quarterback Terry Bradshaw fumbled during Sunday's first half; holding the Steelers 94 yards in offense, Buffalo recorded a 13-0 NFL victory.

Calf Roper, Wrestler Lybbert Wins All-Around Rodeo Title

OKLAHOMA CITY — Calf roper and steer wrestler Chris Lyb-bert didn't win a world championship in either event but his combined efforts were good for a gold-buckle and the title of all-around cowboy Sunday at the National Finals Rodeo competition here.

Lybbert's below-average time of 11.1 seconds in his final steer wrestling attempt lost him the round but won him the title by giving him the best average in the event. He placed third for the year in both events.

He has won a record \$123,709 to gain the title that goes to the rodeo circuit's top money winner. Lyb-bert, of Coyote, California, was trailed by Bruce Ford of Kersey, Colorado, who accumulated \$113,715. Almost all of it was earned setting a record as a bare-back brone rider, in which catego-ry Ford became the world champi-

Roy Cooper of Durant, Oklaho-ma, won the calf roping champion-ship and placed fourth in the allaround competition.
Stan Williamson, of Kellyville, Oklahoma, won the steer wrestling world title Sunday on his last at-tempt, when he pulled down his

quarry in 4.4 seconds. The other titles were clinched in earlier rounds.

World championships in professional rodeo are determined by to-tal winnings and the National Finals, with the richest purse of all, almost always decides them. Charles Sampson of Los Ange-

les won the bull riding event with total prizes of \$91,403. He was fol-

Transition

HOCKEY

ST. LOUIS—Recolled Rashs Klasses and Bioli Chopman, forwards, from Solt Lake City of the Central Hockey League; returned Jim Powess and Bill Stewart, actenomers and Ajohn Lem-

lowed by Bobby DelVecchio of New York with \$77,647.

Bull rider Denny Flynn finished fourth in his event's yearly ratings. but it cost him considerable pain during the national's final two days, Flynn's ankle was broken in the ninth round Saturday night, erage score if he remained quali-

fied as a competitor.

To satisfy the rules, Flynn sat astride a bull Sunday as it was released and grabbed the gate rather than go out with the animal. The short ride won him \$9,756. He had the ankle set on Monday.

Heisman Winner **Shows His Mettle** At Accident Site

ATHENS, Georgia — Heisman Trophy winner Herschel Walker ripped the door off an overturned car Sunday and rescued a woman trapped inside, University of Georgia police

Officers said the sweatsuitclad Walker jogged up to the car, which had been involved in an accident, after another person was unable to budge the door. The 220-pound running back wrenched open the door, helped to free the car's occupant and then "jogged off into the sunset," said university Po-lice Chief Asa Boynton.

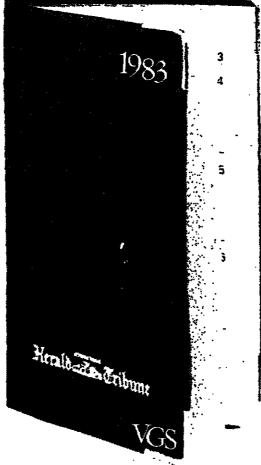
Said a wimess, Ted Shanks of the university's environmen-tal safety service: "He just

ripped the door off — glass shattered everywhere then we got her out.
"It impressed me so much

that he would be the one who would stop and help. But he didn't just stop," Shanks said, "he took over the situation. "Everybody is glad he's here to play football. Hell, I'm glad

he's here as a citizen."

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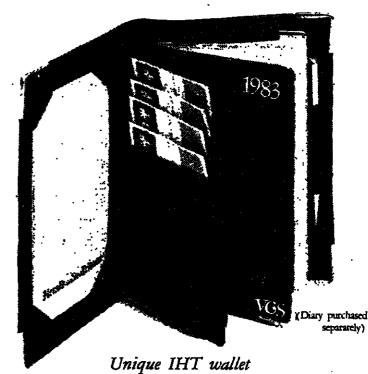
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NHL Standings

EASTERN CONFERENCE

THE STATE OF

Ty Bird, driving past Glen Gondrezick, scored 14 of his game-h 36 points during the fourth quarter to help rally Boston in a 17-point deficit and defeat Denver, 126-112, Sunday. Bird racked up 30 points or more in seven of his last eight games.

NBA Standings

Harriora 3, Bulidio 1 (Francis 2 (13), Slough-ion (17); Virta (7). Detroil 7, Calsenv 3 (Corodnick 3 (16), Faster (3), Osborne (6), McKechnie (8), G.Smith (2);

Detroin 7. Casagary 3 (Detroduck 3 (16), Foster (3), Osborne (6), McKecknie (8), G.Smith (2); Histor 2 (6), Boarneois (2)1.
Phitodelobile 4, Piiršburgh 3 (Holmgren (7), Flockhart (16), Sinksole (3), McCrimmon (1); Price (1), Boxter 2 (6)). Price (1), Boxler 2 (6)). Woshinston 4, Boston 3 (Nouv (9), Maruk 2 (14), Gustofsson (5): Bourque (8), Pederson (21), K.Crowder (12)). N.Y. Rogers 4, New Jersey () (Povelich (16), Johnstone (7), Rogers (1a), Dove Moloney (4)). Chicago 7, Quebec 3 (Suttler (10), Suite 3 (13), Lormer (12), Marsh (2), Gordner (9); Cloutier 2 (16), A.Stosiny (13)).

yord, to Soli Leke. COLLEGI

ART BUCHWALD

The Chimp in the Attic

of the administration. When the officially released, the staff as-Reagans first moved into the sumed that someone had given the White House they brought "Bon-zo." the president's favorite chim-Larry Speakes, the Whi panzee, with them. Bonzo keeps to himself playing in the attic or down in the basement, and swinging on trees on the south side of the White House lawn at night when no one is around.

When the Reagans are alone in their upstairs living quarters, Bon-zo sits in the president's lap while they reminisce about their days on the old Warner Brothers lot.

Bonzo never caused the president any embarrassment until re-

What happened was that the Reagans had decided not to take Bonzo to California for their Thanksgiving holidays because he had a cold.

Bonzo was very angry about this and as soon as everyone in the White House was gone, he managed to get out of the attic where he was locked up, and started exploring the West Wing, where the Oval Office is and where the top

standing in the corner. Bonzo hit a couple of keys and the words MORE BUDGET CUTS came up on the screen. This delighted him and he started to hit some more keys. The word UNEMPLOYED came up and Bonzo clapped his hands and hit the keys again. The words TAX UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS appeared and then Bonzo hit a communications key and the message was dumped into a computer that prints out White House press releases. The printer immediately went to work: THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED TODAY THAT IT WAS CONSIDERING TAXING UNEM-PLOYMENT BENEFITS AS A WAY OF GETTING PEOPLE

TO LOOK FOR JOBS. An Associated Press man picked up the press release and sent it out on the wires and that night on all the news shows it was announced as the lead story of the day.

When the news got to the West Coast White House headquarters in Santa Barbara, everyone was confused as to what had happened. There had been some talk about taxing unemployment benefits, yet it was just one of many options the

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WASHINGTON — It has been OMB was going to show the presi-one of the best-kept secrets dent. But since the word had been

Larry Speakes, the White House press secretary, didn't want to look ignorant, and confirmed to reporters that the unemployment tax was being given serious consideration.
Ed Meese, one of the president's

top aides, had a tough decision to make. He could either defend the tax that afternoon or wake up the president. He opted for defending the tax.

In the meantime Bonzo was back at the White House having a great time. Pretty soon he was feeding the computer stuff like BUDGET CUT IDEAS FOR CHRISTMAS: TAX ALL MEDI-CAL BENEFITS AS INCOME. RECOMMEND USER TAX ON WHEELCHAIRS, PUT SUR-CHARGE ON SALVATION ARMY, DO AWAY WITH TAX SHELTERS FOR UNMARRIED MOTHERS and ADD 10 PER-CENT EXCESS PROFITS TAX FOR BLOOD BANKS.

Oval Office is and where the top administration officials work.

The chimp walked into an empty office and saw a computer standing in the course. Page 2019. and started hitting the keys. The screen lit up with HAPPY THANKSGIVING TO AMERI-CAN CAPITALISTS. THIS IS A TEST. Bonzo responded, ANDROPOV IS THE BIGGEST TURKEY IN THE SOVIET UNION. THIS IS NOT A TEST.

> Fortunately, at that moment a Secret Service man walked into the West Wing office and grabbed Bonzo away from the hotline and gave him a banana. The agent then called the Western White House and told them that he had caught

> Bonzo working the hotline. Someone asked the agent to check the budget computer. When he reported what was on it, the pieces all started to fall into place concerning the unemployment tax announcement on Thanksgiving Day. The next morning the president had to assure everyone there would be no such tax and also had to send an apology to Andropov.

> But when someone on his staff ggested they move Bonzo out of the White House and send him to the Old Actor's Home in Hollywood, President Reagan wouldn't hear of it. "He's the best friend I ever had," the president said.

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In Texas, where they will celebrate anything, an armadillo race finally gets under way.

Day of the Armadillos

New York Times Service TREDERICKSBURG, Texas — Chris Christian, who runs Pat's outdoor dance hall here and is the man responsible for it all, conceded that it was downright

Here it was, the 300 millionth birthday of the armadillo, there was this big party and all, a proclamation from the governor, a telegram from James Michener, who is writing a book about Texas starring an armadillo, and all the guests standing around waiting and drinking beer — and not a guest of honor in sight.

There were stuffed toy armadillos, big ones and little ones, ar-madillo T-shirts, armadillo bats, armadillo mugs, armadillo lapel pins, armadillo string ties, armadillo belt buckles and even miniature six-packs of Lone Star beer labeled "Armadillo Bait." But there was not a real live 'diller in

"Well," sighed Christian, cocking back his hat and rubbing his brow, "they're kinda hard to keep in captivity, you know, so you got

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to get 'em a day or two before, so they won't dehydrate. We sent two boys out last night to round us up some, but they ain't showed "Got drunk," somebody ven-

"Hogs ate 'em," suggested an-

No armadillos. Not even Billy Smallwood, who wrote a song about them that goes like this:

Armadillos, Armadill-o-o-s, They re too soft for rocks And too hard for pill-o-o-ws. And they can't dance a jig 'cause their feet are too big. So why do we have armadillos?

his armadillo-calling guitar could summon one up, despite claims that he had seen 377 of them that morning rushing to a highway to So they ran the armadillo races

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But not even Smallwood with

sticks with wooden armadillo heads tacked on. The crowd liked that, but it wasn't the real thing.

It was Billy Smallwood who decided to take the armadillo by the tail, so to speak, and do something Smallwood and his band, co-host with Christian of the Rocky Mountain Oyster Cookoff, which featured items like Rocky Mountain oysters Rockefeller, felt a little responsible for the dearth of armadillos. what with the failure of his magic guitar notes to call up any.

"Well, let's just go catch me," said Smallhorn, who some," sounds like the bottom note of a banjo and looks like an advertisement for Skoal snuff.

Just why, after 300 million years, give or take a week or two, would anyone decide to throw a birthday party for an armor-plated possum?

One reason, of course, is that it's Texas, and Texans will celebrate going to the dentist. Also, armadillos are real special to Texans, ranking right up there with Sam Houston, the Dallas Cow-

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For reasons of their own, Texans identify with them. They look like rocks, are about half as smart, smell awful and, from all accounts, are born with a single purpose: to amble out onto a highway and leap under the wheels of a semitrailer.

telling lies.

But they are cute, if you like an E.T. that has the IQ of a cabbage. and they share with humans the ability to contract leprosy, which makes them valuable for research.

They also play dead, although sometimes it's hard to tell. Nonetheless, they are extremely quick when cornered, a fact borne out on the ensuing armadillo hunt mounted by Smallwood and com-

Careering along the Texas outback in Smallwood's van, the party of hunters, five grown men, searched the sun-baked ridges, clefts and fields for nearly an hour before someone in the back of a van shouted, "Whoa, hey,

But the 'diller didn't move. It turned out to be a rock. Another 15 minutes, however,

produced a true sighting, and the hunters were out of the van like a flash, closing on what looked like another rock. But this "rock" moved - so fast, in fact, that it skittered through a pair of legs, leaped a foot in the air, zigged. zagged, leaped again, then began tearing at the ground with its taloned paws, buried its head in

the dirt — and stopped.
"They're kinda like ostriches," one hunter said. "If they get their head covered up, they figure they're hid."

Seized by the tail, the armadillo was finally taken captive. a fact it acknowledged by curling its armor over its head. The hunters named it Armand.

Meanwhile, back at Pat's, other armadillos, likewise taken hostage, began a series of races. But Armand and Brown 'n Root, a second captive taken by Billy Smallwood's hunters, declined the competition, preferring a fetal position.

There were several heats, a woman kissed one of the winners — "His nose is cold," she said and 11-year-old Shane Enderlin. handler of the winning beast, Running Fast, said he planned to set him free.

"My cousin caught him to-day," he said. "He's a fast runner. I'll let him loose, let him roam

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Wajda Wins Award

The Prix Louis-Delluc, usually awarded to French filmmakers, was given to the Polish director Andrzej Wajda for his movie "Danton." The Prix Louis-Delluc, named after a French film critic who died in 1924, was established in 1937 to recognize French films. Wajda, who won an Oscar in 1980 for his film "Man of Marble" and the Golden Palm award at the Cannes film festival for "Man of Iron" in 1981, began filming "Danton" in France soon after martial law was declared. "Danton" is based on the life of the French revolutionary Georges Jacques Danton, who was executed by guillotine in 1794 after running afoul of Robespierre during the revolutionary terror. The film is to be released in France on Jan. 12.

Herbert Zipper conducted what is believed to be the first performance of Beethoven's Ninth Symphony ever presented in the southern Chinese city of Canton, with the chorus singing in Chinese. "The reaction to Beethoven's Ninth is universally the same when it is over, people get up and cheer." the 78-year-old professor emeritus of the University of Southern California said. "There is something about the Ninth Symphony that universally appeals to the imagination of people." The the imagination of people." The sudience overflowed the 1,600-seat auditorium, and three more performances have been sold out. "We could easily sell out four more," Zipper added. "This is my 25th concert in China this year, and I haven't seen an empty seat yet."

Two months after their controversial Caribbean holiday, Prince Andrew and the American actress Kathleen (Koo) Stark have spent another weekend together, the Daily Mirror reported Monday. The tabloid newspaper said Andrew, 22, second son of Queen Elizabeth II, met up with Stark, 26, Friday and left for a "secret hideaway." There was no immediate comment from Buckingham Palace. The paper said the couple have now spent "at least three weekends together" since the end of their eight-day October vacation on the island of Mustique. The romance between Andrew and Stark caused a sensation in England when it was disclosed the actress had made two blue movies in her teens. . . British television viewers were assounded to hear Diana, Princess of Wales branded as "a fiend and a little monster" who had become "a very willful and spoiled girl." The accusations by Nigel Dempster, gossip columnist of the British newspaper the Daily Mail, were broadcast on Britain's commercial TV network during a late-night London Weekend Television talk show. Dempster was heard saving of Prince Charles's 21-year-old wife: "Diana is very much ruling the roost. She has banished all Charles's friends." A Buckingham Palace spokesman, asked to comment on Dempster's remarks, commented: "Rubbish."

A 19-year-old West German

woman is suing Paul McCartney. the former Beatle, claiming she is his daughter. McCartney, who has consistently denied the claim, has been asked to supply blood and tissue samples so that a Berlin court can decide in February vhether he fathered Betting Huebers when the Beatles were starting out in Hamburg 20 years ago, London's Sunday Propte newspaper said. McCartney, 40. who has three children and a stepdaughter, paid maintenance for Huebers until she was 18, accord-ing to the newspaper. Bettina wants maintenance support that could amount to \$2.8 million, accould amount to \$2.8 million, according to her laywer. "Under German law, even as an illegitimate daughter. Bettina could be entitled to 10 percent of Paul's fortune when he dies," said the girl's mother, Brika. "In Paul's case this rould account to about \$17.7 million. could amount to about \$17.7 million." The mother claims she bore Bettina after an affair with the Bettina after an affair with the singer during the Beatles's season in Hamburg in 1961. A spokesman for McCartney said a German law-yer would defend the action on McCartney's behalf.

The Rev. Ken Owen eased off his bed of nails in Porth, Wales, 130 hours and 15 minutes after lying down on it, and claimed to have broken his own record for resting on a spiked bed, "I'm off home to soak in a nice hor bath," said the 45-year-old minister, a judo black belt and karate expert. "Hopefully I will not sink." Owen, nicknamed the Welsh Fakir, set the previous acknowledged endurance record of 102 hours, 231/2 minutes in October 1980, according to the Guinness Book of Records, Guinness notes that Indian fakirs have claimed much longer stints on beds of

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